

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 00

Vol. XXXIII No. 17 - JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA - FRIDAY

Millinery Display

Upon every hand this store has been enthusiastically complimented upon magnificent display of New Spring Millinery. As one lady expressed her "There was practically only one Millinery Opening in Napanee. Your display so far in advance of all the others that one could only think of yours." Millinery parlors have been thronged every day since Saturday last. Together with the attraction of new and exclusive styles there is the great attraction economy in prices. You get better values in Millinery here than in other stores.

Easter Gloves and Hosiery

Ladies White Chamois Washing Gloves, two dome fasteners, stitched backs, Fownes makes, sizes 6c, 6½c, 6¾c, 7c, regular \$1.00, our price 75c per pair.

Ladies Kid Gloves, stitched backs, in Greens, Blues, Ox Blood and Fawn Shades, new style, Fownes make, extra value at \$1.00 and \$1.25 per pair.

Ladies Kid Gloves, stitched backs, two dome fasteners, Black and Tan Shades only, Fownes make, very special, at \$1.00 and \$1.25 per pair.

Men's Kid Gloves light and Dark Shades, Fownes make, worth \$1.25, our price \$1.00 per pair.

Men's Mocha Gloves, silk lined, made by Balcer Manufacturing Co., very special value, at \$1.50 per pair.

Ladies and Children's Black Cotton Hose, all sizes from 4½ to 9, special at 5c per pair.

Ladies Seamless Cashmere Hose, ribbed and plain, sizes 8½-9-9½, regular 35c, our price 25c per pair.

Ladies Cashmere Hose, plain, full fashioned, sizes 8½-9-9½, special at 45c, 50c, 60c and 75c per pair.

Boy's Ribbed Cotton Hose, fast black, all sizes 6½ to 9½, special at 10c per pair.

Children's Ribbed Cashmere Hose, patent stitch, eight fold knees and six fold ankles, all sizes 5½ to 9½, prices from 25c to 60c per pair.

Easter Carpets.

Our new Carpet Department has taken the people by storm. Sales are phenomenal. There's a satisfaction in shopping where you have no fear that you may be buying old goods. We began our Carpet business within the last two months. Every yard of goods is this seasons importation and the patterns are the very latest.

Tapestry Carpets at 25c, 29c, 32c, 40c, 50c, 55c, 74c and 87½c per yard.

Brussels Carpets from 98c, to \$1.35 per yard.

Jule Brussels Carpets at 40c per yard.

Union Carpets at 25c, 32c, 35c and 48c per yard.

Wool Carpets at 62½c, 75c, 85c and \$1.00 per yard.

Wool Squares in sizes 2½ x 3—3 x 3½—3½ x 4 from 10c to \$10.00 each.

Men's Spring Hats

We're keeping store for men as well as women. We've a splendid stock of Men's Hats of every description. We've Men's Fedora Hats in Black, Brown, Mole and Drab Shades at 50c each. Men's Hats in Black, Brown, Beaver Shades at 75c each. Men's Hats in Black, Brown, Pearl, Drab and Mole at \$1.00 each. Our other range from \$1.25 to \$2.50. We can please you in Hats and save you money.

Men's Ties, special, 2 for 25c.

Men's Suits, special, at \$3.00, \$5.00, and \$7.50.

Linen Shirts special, at 12½c per yard.

Canadian Tweeds, special, at 25c and 35c per yard.

at 40c per yard.
 Brussels Carpets from 98c. to \$1.35 per yard.
 Jule Brussels Carpets at 40c per yard.

Wool Squares in sizes $2\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ — $3 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ — $3\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ from
 to \$10.00 each.

Men's Spring Hats

We're keeping store for men as well as women. We've a splendid stock of Men's Hats of every description. We've Men's Fedora Hats in Black, Brown, Mole and Drab Shades at 50c each. Men's Hats in Black, Brown, Beaver Shades at 75c each. Men's Hats in Black, Brown, Pearl, Drab and Mole at \$1.00 each. Our other price range from \$1.25 to \$2 50. We can please you in Hats and save you money.

Men's Ties, special, 2 for 25c.

Men's Suits, special, at \$3.00, \$5.00, and \$7.50.

Men's Colored Shirts, special, at 50c and 65c.

Roman Stripes in Shirtings, special at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

Lansdowne Serge Dress Goods, special, at 24c.

Lorn Shirtings, special, at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c per yard.

Canadian Tweeds, special, at 25c and 35c per yard.

"Klondike" Grey Cotton, special, at 5c per yard.

Feather Tickings at 19c, worth 25c per yard.

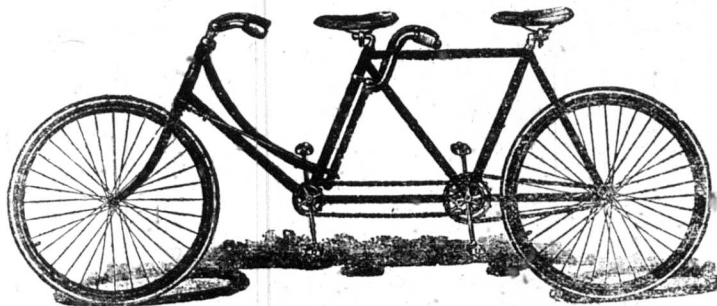
Napanee's Largest and Cheapest Dry Goods House.

The Robinson Company

Unapproached Popularity.

..... Unapproached Sales !

Each succeeding year bigger than the last. This year will be better than ever.



Crescent, Massey-Harris

AND Columbia

BICYCLES

Are Standards of the World.

Never vary in quality, embodying every improvement of genuine merit. Their records with the public are the best commendation, and explains why the sales are greater each year.

Standard Wheels at Popular Prices. And no better wheels at any price. We believe our business policy is the most just to the rider. Our prices are honest. Our facilities are unequalled. We shall maintain our reputation for making good our guarantee. We devote all our time to the bicycle business and think we do it well. We have one of the

Best Repair Shops in Canada.

and carry the largest stock of SUPPLIES in the district. Having purchased our stock in large quantities direct from the manufacturers we are prepared to sell at prices that will astonish you. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods.

Our LIVERY will be LARGER and BETTER

than ever this season, and will consist of the best '99 Models, both Chain and Chainless, and prices to suit the times. GET OUR PRICES BY THE MONTH.

Napanee Bicycle Works, W. J. NORMILE, PROP.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE of the sale contained in a certain mortgage Andrew Donovan and Rosella Donovan vendor, which mortgage will be produced time of sale, there will be offered for Public Auction, by Hiram Wesley Huff, Esq., at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington

Saturday, 8th day of

A. D. 1899, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the

noon, the following property, namely:

The west half of the west half of Lot eight in the eighth concession of the Town of Richmond containing fifty acres, be more or less except a strip of land

wide off the east side from the public road northward to the rear of said lot, and also to the right of one Amos Denison, and assigns, to the joint use of a spring on the south west corner of said lot

eight and of a road thirty feet wide in a convenient place on the edge to get to said from the said Amos Denison's land on

thereof, also about fifteen acres off the of lot number seven, in the said eighth concession being composed of a strip

nine rods wide from the public road to of said lot number seven. Also the easement of the south half of lot number nine

said eighth concession containing two acres, be the same more or less, with a way thirty feet in width across the

three fourths of said south half of said lot number nine, leading from the public road it crosses said lot to the said twenty-five

hereby conveyed.

This is a valuable farm property, be watered, in a good state of cultivation, situated in an excellent locality. On the premises are situated a frame house and barn.

Terms:—Ten per cent of the purchase is to be paid at the time of sale to the Solicitor, and the balance on favorable

For further particulars and condition apply to

T. B. GERMAN

Vendor's Solicitor, Napanee

Dated at Napanee this 16th day of March, 1899,

The radical novelties in the Cleveland bicycle for '99 includes new Cleveland combination ball and roller bearing, entirely new method of anchoring spokes in the hubs. Call and see them.

BOYLE & SONS

Agts

At Kingston on Monday after William Atwood, Collector for the Insurance Co., called at the home of Edward McDermott to collect some money. McDermott paid Atwood the money while Atwood was writing out a petition for McDermott, who was complaining of a sore leg, McDermott assaulted cutting his head open in two places.

CASTOR

For Infants and Children

The facsimile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

NEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 7th, 1899.

Y
imented upon its
expressed herself
Your display was
of yours." Our
last. Together
reat attraction of
n in other stores.

siery
Cotton Hose, all sizes,
Hose, ribbed and plain,
25c per pair.
full fashioned sizes,
75c per pair.
ust black, all sizes from
re Hose, patent lock
ankles, all sizes from
r pair.

nal. There's a great
gan our Carpet business
ns are the very latest.
148c per yard.
\$1.00 per yard.
3½—3½ x 4 from \$3.90
ts of every description.
in Black, Brown, and
ch. Our other prices
r yard.
6c and 35c per yard.

Farmers!

WE PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR GOOD
BEEF TALLOW, In Cakes
GOOD CORDWOOD Taken in exchange for
Lumber, Shingles, etc.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
R. SHIPMAN, Agent.



Your Pocketbook

In regard to your pocket-book, you can either bring it with you or leave it at home: your credit is good here. But your market basket you'll be sure to need, for our stock of groceries has never been more tempting. Your basket will groan with delicious food.

J. F. SMITH,

A DESIRABLE TRANSFORMATION

From Baldness to Hair on the Head



So NATURAL, still so ART-FUL; can't help but be a SURPRISE to any LADY or GENTLEMAN so afflicted
PROF. DORENWEND,

OF TORONTO,

whose SKILL in these lines is recognized all over the GLOBE is

COMING

he will be at the

PAISLEY HOUSE, NAPANEE, on
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19th,



with LADIES' and GENTS' Wigs, or Hair Coverings for part or whole heads. Bangs, Wavy and Plain Fronts, Switches of even and all long Hair, etc. He will demonstrate free of charge to those who call upon him who are BALD or have THIN HAIR, why they should wear his invention, how health, comfort and younger appearance can be obtained. The many devices he manufactures are constructed on latest principles, but are durable, can be securely adjusted, and are beyond detection. Don't miss seeing him and procure one of his productions. Remember, Paisley House, Napanee. Cut Hair taken in exchange or Cash paid for it, especially white.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Alex Henry, of Toronto, spent his Easter Holidays in town.
Mr. Fred Membry, of Adolphustown, is spending a couple of weeks visiting his brother, W. R. Membry, Toronto.
Mr. H. Keech, County Commissioner, of Tamworth, was in town on Monday.
Mr. R. Shaneman, of Merchant's Bank, spent Easter at his home in Ganancqui.
Mr. and Mrs. I. Sanderson, of Northport, spent Easter with relatives in town.
Messrs. Walter and Earl Vanalstine were in Kingston on Sunday visiting their father in the General Hospital.
Mr. James Wallace, of Kingston, spent Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Wallace.
Misses Smith and Nicoll, of the Collegiate staff, are spending their Easter Holidays with friends in Parkdale.
Mrs. McGreer, Deseronto Road, is in Montreal visiting friends.
Miss Sherrin and Mrs. John Dickens spent Easter with friends in Peterborough.
Miss Ethel Mair was in town for Easter.
Mr. Vincent Kober, of Eringsville spent Easter at his home.
Sheriff Hawley was in Kingston on Monday.
Rev. G. S. White returned on Monday from Plevna, where he has been stationed during the winter. He says there is plenty of sleighing in the back country.
Mrs. Dr. Ashley is visiting friends in Kingston this week.
Mrs. James Russel and family left on Tuesday for Elva, Man. to join her husband.
Mr. Porter Preston, of Queen's College, Kingston, is spending his Easter holidays with his parents.
Mr. Thomas Barley and wife, of Deseronto, were in town on Saturday.
Thomas York, of Newburgh, was in town on Saturday last and gave the EXPRESS a call.
Mr. Chas. Rikley, of Camden East paid the EXPRESS a friendly call on Saturday last.
Mr. J. F. Vanevery spent his Easter Holidays in Peterborough.
Mr. J. Henderson, of Lindsay, was the guest of Mr. G. E. Maybee over Sunday.
Mr. J. W. Anderson, of Campbellford, formerly boot and shoe merchant of Napanee, was in town on Friday last and gave the EXPRESS a friendly call.
Miss Gerlie Stintson, of Picton, spent last week visiting friends in Napanee and Newburgh.
Mrs. Robt. McCoy arrived home last week after spending the past six months with her son, A. B. McCoy, Wabigoon.
Miss B. Patterson, of Hartington, returned home after spending a week the guest of Mr. Wm. Vile.
Mrs. Robt. Frizzell spent a few days in Brockville this week.
Mr. Wm. Stoddart and wife spent a few days in town last week.
Mr. Byard Young, of Montreal, spent Easter in town.
Mr. W. Scott, son of Mr. M. W. Scott has secured a lucrative position with Bacon Chappel & Co, Syracuse, N. Y. He has charge of the second floor.
Mrs. Geo. Huff is very ill. Dr. Vrooman is attending her.
Mrs. Stewart Woods, of Tamworth returned home after a few days visit with her

RUN DOWN NERVES.

s of every description.
Black, Brown, and
h. Our other prices

yard.
and 35c per yard.
ul, at 5c per yard.
th 25c per yard.

pany.

GAGE SALE.

AND BY VIRTUE of the power of
ined in a certain mortgage made by
onovan and Rosella Donovan to the
high mortgage will be produced at the
de, there will be offered for sale by
ction, by Hiram Wesley Huff, Auction-
Court House, in the Town of Nap-
pe County of Lennox and Addington,

day, 8th day of April,

, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the after-
following property, namely:

it half of the west half of Lot Number
he eighth concession of the Township
and containing fifty acres, be the same
ess except a strip of land nine rods
the east side from the public road
d to the rear of said lot, and subject
a right of one Amos Denison, his heirs
to, to the joint use of a spring of water
ut west corner of said lot number
of a road thirty feet wide in a con-
face on the edge to get to said spring
said Amos Denison's land on the side
so about fifteen acres off the east side
mber seven, in the said eighth con-
n being compoed of a strip of land
wide from the public road to the rear
number seven. Also the east quarter
uth half of lot number nine in the
h concession containing twenty-five
he same more or less, with a right of
y feet in width across the westerly
th of said south half of said lot num-
leading from the public road where
said lot to the said twenty-five acres
erveyed.

valuable farm property, being well
a good state of cultivation, and sit-
n excellent locality. On the premises
ad a frame house and barn.

Ten per cent of the purchase money
id at the time of sale to the Vendor's
and the balance on favorable terms,
her particulars and conditions of sale

T. B. GERMAN,
Vendee's Solicitor, Napanee.
Napanee this 10th day of March, A. D.

ical novelties in the Cleveland
r '99 includes new Cleveland com-
bal and roller bearing. An en-
new method of anchoring the
the hubs. Call and see them.
BOYLE & SON,
Agents.

ngston on Monday afternoon,
Atwood, Collector for the London
Co., called at the house of
McDermott to collect some money.
At paid Atwood the money and
wood was writing out a prescrip-
McDermott, who was complaining
leg, McDermott assaulted him,
is head open in two places.

ASTORIA

r Infants and Children.

is on every wrapper.



and procure one of his productions. Remember, Paisley House, Napanee.
Cut Hair taken in exchange or Cash paid for it, especially white.



NOTICE.

County of
Lennox and Addington
To Wit:

Public Notice is hereby given that the

Court of Assize

Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer and gen-
eral gaol delivery for the County of Lennox
and Addington, will be held at the

COURT HOUSE,

IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE

—ON—

MONDAY, APRIL 24

A. D., 1899.

at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon

of which all Coroners, Justices of the Peace
Constables and other persons are required to
take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GEO. D. HAWLEY, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Napanee, Ms. ch 30th, 1899.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY.

Mrs. Jared Clark, of S. phiasburgh,
who has been very ill is reported to
be slowly improving.

Mr. Lawrence Lyons one of the old-
est residents of High Shore, was
found dead at the rear of his house
one day last week. He was about 89
years of age and has been quite feeble
for some time. He was a staunch re-
former and has always managed to
reach the polls to cast his vote in the
support of the Liberal cause, this,
with an annual visit to his office of
Picton Times, his party local paper,
has comprised his sole outing for some
few years past.

A new frame basement church is to
be erected this coming summer by the
Methodists of the Benson neighbour-
hood. The estimated cost is \$1100
It is said that Mr. Mathew Benson has
promised to give the land on which to
build.

Born—Wednesday, March 22nd. to
Mr. and Mrs. Wilcott Coolidge, of
Maple Glen, twins, boy and girl.

Died—Friday March 31st, Mrs.
Wilcott Coolidge aged 40 years. The
funeral took place Monday April 3rd.
and was indeed a sad affair. The
babies are left to the care of a delicate
girl, who herself needs a mother's
thoughtful attention.

Everyone seems to be discussing the
merits of peat, just now. Very rich
deposits have been discovered in a
strip of swampy land in Hallowell, on
the farms of Messrs Elias Slater, John
Mitalfe, T. B. Tubbs, Henry Blakely
and James Clapp. It is rumored
that a company has been formed
in town, a machine for the cheap com-
pression of peat for fuel has been pur-
chased and that operations will be com-
menced on the farm of James Clapp.
We have tried a sample of their peat
in our stove and was truly surprised
with the way it burned. There is no
poisonous gas to escape and it is
claimed that the manufactured article

Coverings for part or whole heads. Bangs,
Wavy and Plain Fronts, Switches of even
and all long Hair, etc. He will demonstrate
free of charge to those who call upon him
who are BALD or have THIN HAIR, why
they should wear his invention, how health,
comfort and younger appearance can be ob-
tained. The many devices he manufactures
are constructed on latest principles, but are
durable, can be securely adjusted, and are
beyond detection. Don't miss seeing him

RUN DOWN NERVES.

Nothing Like

Paine's Celery Compound

For the Nervous System.

It is the World's Best Spring
Medicine.

As far as the sick and suffering are con-
cerned, time is too precious in their esti-
mation to waste in reading any long dis-
sertation on their condition based on a
medical or scientific standpoint.

The suffering and diseased know well of
their perilous and low condition of health,
and sad hearts yearn for release from the
chains of death's agents.

Each broken down, weak and suffering
man and woman should know that the
underlying cause of their burdens and ail-
ments, apparent in headaches, sideaches,
backaches, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, neu-
ralgia and rheumatism, is a faulty nutrition
of the entire nervous system.

The blood is pale, watery and hampered
in its life-sustaining work by humors and
impurities. The nerves cannot assimilate
proper nourishment, no matter how much
food is taken into the system.

When your condition is such as we have
described, Paine's Celery Compound is
your sure deliverer and rescuer. It quickly
arouses a hearty appetite, regulates the
bowels and brings about a normal action
of the liver.

At this season, Paine's Celery Compound
frees the system not only of rheumatism,
eczema, salt rheum and other blood trou-
bles, but also of neuralgia, nervous head-
aches, dyspepsia and kidney disease.

Let the advent of spring be to you a time
of cleansing, toning and repairing of your
entire system. Paine's Celery Compound
will do this work in a way that no other
medicine can do. It is the only prescrip-
tion that your druggist or medical adviser
can honestly recommend. No other remedy
can take the place of Paine's Celery Com-
pound for your case. The use of one
bottle will bring quick conviction to the
greatest doubters.

There will be five eclipses this year, three
of the sun and two of the moon.

Kippling never wrote anything more
interesting than this, that parties who
want first class wheels at the lowest prices
should go to BOYLE & SON.

Mr. W. J. Perry has leased the West-
brook hotel from Mr. M. Grass for five
years.

B. Teevens, Pembroke, has been fined
\$5 and costs for allowing boys under
twenty-one years of age to loiter around his
hotel.

Lient. Col. Hunter's tenure of appoint-
ment as commanding officer of the 47 Batt.,
Frontenac, has been extended one year
from April 18th, 1899.

The directors of the West Hastings
Agricultural Society met in Belleville on
Saturday last and decided to hold the fair
in Belleville on Sept. 13th and 14th.

The Bartlett combination cheese fac-
tories, comprising Union, Napanee, Croy-
don and Deseronto, will all commence
operations on Monday, the 17 of April.

Special offer on bicycles. We will sell
first class guaranteed wheels for \$30 as
good as lots of \$50 wheels.

week after spending the past six months
with her son, A. B. McCoy, Wabigoon.

Miss B. Patterson, of Hartington, re-
turned home after spending a week the
guest of Mr. Wm. Vine.

Mrs. Robt. Frizzell spent a few days in
Brookville this week.

Mr. Wm. Stoddart and wife spent a few
days in town last week.

Mr. Byard Young, of Montreal, spent
Easter in town.

Mr. W. Scott, son of Mr. M. W. Scott
has secured a lucrative position with
Bacon Chappel & Co, Syracuse, N. Y. He
has charge of the second floor.

Mrs. Geo. Huff is very ill. Dr. Vrooman
is attending her.

Mrs. Stewart Woods, of Tamworth re-
turned home after a few days visit with her
mother, Mrs. Cleworth, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Gardnier and daughter
Florence, of Kingston spent Easter Sunday
in town, the guest of Dr. C. Wartman.

Mrs. Rev. Gibson, of Ottawa is the guest
of her sister, Mrs. Finkle, Centre St.

Mrs. J. B. Fralick left on Monday last
for New Bedford, Mass., where she expects
to make an extended visit with friends.

Thos. Burley left for the west on Tues-
day, where he hopes to find a place with
sufficient boom to entice himself to locate.
Is not particular whether it is in Ontario,
Manitoba or British Columbia.

Mrs. Thomas Grange is ill, and as she is
pretty well advanced is years small hopes
are entertained for her recovery.

Mr. Raymond Forneri of the Molson's
Park, Brockville was the guest of Mr. Jno.
Pollard in the Easter Holidays.

Messrs J. T. Hill and Frank Mellow, of
Queen's College, are home for their holi-
days.

Mr. Arnold Green, an old Napanee boy,
of Cleveland O., attended the whist-Tourna-
ment at Toronto last week.

Mrs. W. K. Pruyn and Messrs W. S.
Herrington and Dr. Leonard attended the
whist tournament in Toronto last week.

Messrs. N. R. Rodgers and N. Evans, of
the Dominion Bank, spent Easter in To-
ronto.

Mr. Wm. Vine and family spent Sunday
in Camden East.

Mr. S Walker has returned to town.

Mr. E. D. Huff spent Sunday last in
Kingston.

Mr. Harry Roney, of Kingston, spent
Easter Sunday with his parents.

Mr. Claude Chapman has returned to town.

Mr. Mort Bogart, of Belleville, is spend-
ing a few days in town.

Misses Nettie and Pearl Bowen are visit-
ing friends in Kingston this week.

Misses Addie Clancy and Leafa Hudson,
of Centreville were in town on Monday last.

Miss Annie Edgar leaves for British
Columbia next week.

MARRIED

MOORE—DENISON—At the residence of
the bride's father, Richmond, by Rev D.
Wilson, Mr. Norman Moore, of Elizabeth
town to Miss Rhoda Denison, of Napanee.

DIED.

ROBINSON—At Ernestown, on Sunday,
April 2nd 1899, Edith A. Robinson aged 26
years 2 mos. 22 days.

PARKS—At Richmond, on Tuesday April
4th, 1899, William Otto Parks, aged 17
days.

HANLON—At Adolphustown, on Saturday
April 1st, 1899 John Hanlon aged 73 years,
1 month 14 days.

PARKS—At Napanee, on Monday, April
3rd, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
John Parks.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to
refund the money on a twenty-five cent
bottle of Dr. Wills' English Pills, if, after
using three-fourths of contents of bottle,
they do not relieve Constipation and Head-
ache. We also warrant that four bottles
will permanently cure the most obstinate
case of Constipation. Satisfaction or no
pay when Wills' English Pills are used.
W. S. Detlor, T. A. Huffman, A. W.
Gibson & Co., Napanee.

Diamond Cut Diamond

OR,
THE ROUT OF THE ENEMY.

CHAPTER XXI.—Continued.

"Good afternoon, Madame de Brefour. I did not observe who it was who entered the carriage at the last station. I hope you are well."

Rose inclined her head coldly. Whatever surprise or disgust she may have experienced at the encounter, she showed no outward sign of agitation.

"How is your father-in-law, Madame?"

This being a polite question, she was perforce constrained to give it a polite answer:

"Thank you; Monsieur de Brefour is now a constant invalid, I regret to say."

"Does he suffer much?" The voice was kind, and Matthew Dane leant forward as though really anxious to know.

A softened look came over her beautiful face, and the tenderness that is in every true woman's heart towards the weak and the poor and the miserable, made her lip tremble, and brought a dewy sadness into the heaven-blue of her eyes.

"Dreadfully at times," she answered; "but he is so patient and good—"

"I should like very much to come and see him, it would cheer him up to have a visitor who would sit and chat with him."

In a moment the whole expression of her face changed. She was no longer the tender sick nurse, opening her heart to the expression of kindly sympathy, but the watchful guardian of the peace and safety of the creature whom it was her mission to protect.

"You are very kind," she answered coldly, "but that is impossible. Monsieur de Brefour receives no visitors, all excitement and agitation is strictly forbidden to him, he sees no one save his attendants and myself."

"And it would be dangerous for his health to see even an old friend like myself?"

"It would be dangerous to his health to see you," she repeated, altering her words somewhat pointedly.

Mr. Dane threw himself back in his seat with a sigh.

"Ah, poor man! poor man!" he ejaculated, "what a sad state of things to be sure! And if so small an excitement is likely to be prejudicial to him, how anxious you must be to ward off any real trouble and pain from him."

And then he sighed again and looked at her furtively from between his closed eyelids.

It may be assumed that by this time Matthew Dane was thoroughly enjoying himself; to pit himself against any fellow-creature was always a pleasure to him, but when the battle was being fought out with a woman whom he had reason to believe was as unscrupulous and as clever as himself, the contest was doubly delightful.

He was like the conventional warrior, who, scenting the strife from afar, goes forth to meet it with a sense of rapture. He had got her in his coils, he had but to close his hand and crush her, but he prepared himself to watch her hopeless struggle with a perfect ecstasy of joy. It was a delight to him to see the doubt and mistrust in her eyes as she slowly repeated his words.

"Real trouble?—of what kind do you mean?"

"Well. Such as, for instance, any fresh complication concerning his unfortunate son."

She turned white to the lips and shrank a little back in her seat with a gesture of distress.

"His son! You forget, Mr. Dane, my husband is dead."

"Ah, my dear lady! Now do you really take me for a fool?" he cried, with a light bubbling laugh of mingled contempt and amusement. "That is all very well to keep up before the world, but between you and I surely he faces me well as dead."

in the veranda without; and who, through all this simple and friendly intercourse, had been sending daily bulletins home of everything that her husband said and did, from morning till night. If that fiend was again upon her footsteps, of what avail was it to keep up the struggle?

Matthew Dane was watching her with a smile.

"You don't seem to like poor Trichet?"

Then Rose turned upon him. "Do not dare to speak of him!" she cried, and the blaze of indignation that flared up into her beautiful face almost cowed him, hardened and callous as he was. "Why do you mention his foul name to me? It is an insult!"

And then there happened to Matthew Dane something that had not happened to him for years. He lost his temper.

"Ah! a good joke that, from the wife of a thief!"

The moment he had spoken the words he would have given worlds to unsay them. The train was slackening at the Gloucester Road Station. It was his destination, but it was not hers. Nevertheless, she rose and lowered the window, and got out without a word. He followed her quickly.

"Madame de Brefour, I beg you ten thousand pardons," he said, as he walked by her side, along the platform, with a face of the profoundest respect and repentance.

She answered him not a word. They went up the steps together, amongst the crowd, and presently found themselves in the comparatively empty streets. Rose did not know where she was going, she only wanted to get rid of him. Old Dane was exhausting himself in apologies. He could see how, by that one angry sentence, he had lost his power over her, for the time at least, and he could have killed her because she had so far triumphed over him as to make him lose his self-control. Yet through all his rage and anger there was present an almost comic wonder at her talent. She was as great a diplomatist as himself, and with all the armoury of female wit and fascination to back her up into the bargain. Of course all her righteous indignation at Trichet's name, all her proud silence now, were nothing but a part and parcel of the same thing, her superhuman power of playing the cards in her hand to their utmost advantage. This was how it seemed to Matthew Dane, to whom goodness and truth, and kind-heartedness, were but contemptible synonyms with idiocy, but to whom Power of Brain was as a god, to be worshipped above all other gods.

Then, as he continued to apologise, and she continued to be silent, one of those small things happened that are perpetually turning the whole current of human life by their apparently trivial and meaningless influence. It began to rain; Madame de Brefour had no umbrella, and Mr. Dane unfolded his and held it up over her head.

Now it is absolutely and morally impossible for a lady to be beholden to a gentleman for the shelter of his umbrella—which is extended to her at the sacrifice of his own Lincoln and Bennett—and that she should remain insensible to the attention.

An umbrella, thus distended, brings about an instinctive rapprochement. Many is the love-tale that has been whispered, multifarious the quarrels that have been patched up, numberless the misunderstandings cleared away, beneath the mystic shade of a whalebone and silk.

Thus, as Mr. Dane unfurled his peace offering, and continued to apologise the while for his cruel and unmanly reproach, Rose found herself constrained

"That depends," demurred Rose somewhat coldly.

"Come, come, don't be hard upon me. Why shouldn't we come to an understanding in this matter? Now did you not come to see me a little while ago in the City with the object of asking me to give you a written paper, a sort of free pass as it were,—past, present and future—for your unlucky husband?"

"I asked you to give me an assurance of pardon for his sin, in order to Diamond Cut Diamond bring peace to the mind of his unhappy father."

"Well, that is much the same. Perhaps you desire to take back the erring sheep to the bosom of conjugal affection?"

He eyed her narrowly, and he saw how involuntarily she shuddered with disgust and revulsion at the suggestion.

He smiled. It was clear as daylight to him.

"Well, then we are agreed! I am not at all averse to giving you such a written acknowledgment, signed and witnessed if you wish it of forgiveness and of peace—for the sake as you say of that poor old father, whose melancholy condition you have described so touchingly."

She had never done more than hint at it, but the woman's loving heart carried her away.

"Ah, then indeed you will be good!" she cried, clasping her hands together in her agitation. "You will do this one good action? Then God will surely bless and reward you!"

Perhaps if she had not been resting in his arm-chair she would not have been guilty of the weakness of this outburst of feeling.

He smiled. Such a smile as Satan may have smiled when first our Mother Eve fell into the guile of his devices, and after the smile he sighed and looked down.

"Ah, yes! But then what on your side, are you, dear lady, going to do for me?"

"To the end of my days I will pray for you," she answered quickly.

And Mr. Dane smiled anew. What to him would be the prayers of all the archangels of Heaven?

"Many thanks," he answered politely, "but I think besides that, we must make a little compact." And then he thrust his hands into his trousers' pockets, raised his eyebrows with a nice ingenious expression such as would not have discredited Mr. Irving, and pursed his lips up into a dubious pout, as though to say: "It's very hard on me, you see, but I have to be just in this matter."

"A compact?" she repeated slowly.

It began to dawn upon her that something more lay behind—something about which she was as yet in absolute ignorance.

"Well, yes. We may as well be explicit, you know. If I, for instance, agree—in writing mind you, signed and sealed—to let you alone, it would only be fair, wouldn't it, that you should agree to let me alone?"

"To let you alone?" she repeated in genuine amazement. "What on earth do you mean?"

"Well, to cease from obstructing my plans."

"Frankly, Mr. Dane, I do not in the very least understand you. You are talking to me in riddles."

She was looking at him with a blank surprise.

He leant forward with both elbows upon the table, so that his face came near to hers, his eyes, no longer veiled and mysterious, flashed at her with that keen hawk-like glance of power with which he knew well how to bend his fellow-creatures to his force of will.

"Let my nephew go, then!" he said below his breath, but in a whisper that was as clear and cutting as the raps of a hammer.

From brow to throat the crimson blood flushed in a torrent over her face; all the consciousness of a hidden love betraying itself in the uncontrollable weakness. She was so overwhelmed with surprise, so utterly taken aback by the suddenness of the attack, that her confusion of heart kept

About the House.

ROLLS AND FANCY BREAD

Among the additions to the breakfast table that at small cost add immensely to its attractiveness, rank higher than hot rolls and fancy breads.

The first on the list is Vienna bread. The chief difference between this ordinary bread is that milk, or cream and water, is used instead of water in mixing it. Sieve and warm 1 lb. flour, mixing it as you do so with a dessertspoonful of salt; then add together 1 oz. of German, or any good yeast, and one or two teaspoonfuls of powdered sugar, till it all lies or "creams;" now melt 1 oz. butter in a clean pan, and as it solves, pour to it half a pint of water and allow the latter to become tepid, (a good baker once told me the proper temperature for a batter liquid was obtained by adding parts of cold liquid to one part of water), next stir in this a whole egg and pour this all to the yeast, which it should be well beaten. Heap the flour up on the pastry board and make a hollow in the centre with your knuckles; pour the milk, yeast, etc., into this hollow, working down some of the flour from the sides so you have made a kind of a little well in the middle. Now let it rise in a warm place for ten minutes or so, the surface is all covered with bubbles, then mix in the rest of the flour, knead it all vigorously to a soft paste and again put it in a warm place to rise, covered with a thick cloth, till the surface is all cracked, which it will be in about two hours. Now take out and roll it out about three-quarters of an inch thick; it can then be rolled up in twists, or the horseshoe rolls often served in Europe with the morning coffee. For the first, cut the dough into three long strips, about six inches long, and roll these with your fingers till you have three rolls of equal length. Now press the ends of the strips together, bringing them to a neat point, and proceed to braid them in three just as you would a ribbon, wool being careful to shape them as you do so, that the end may be pointed like the beginning, make as many of these as you need, lay them on a buttered baking sheet, brush them over lightly with beaten yolk of egg and bake in a moderate oven till they are a pale golden-brown. For horseshoe rolls you cut the Vienna dough after rolling it out, into squares and again cut these across diagonally so that you have now twice as many triangles as you had squares. If the base of the triangle (i.e., the outer diagonal), in front of you, and the well-floured hands roll it over lightly till it is all twisted up, the point of a little triangular flap on the outside; then bend the points lightly towards each other to give the horseshoe shape, again let them rise on a buttered tin for fifteen or twenty minutes, and bake. Brush them over lightly with a little milk, or cream and milk, to make them shiny and moist, as soon as they are taken from the oven. The great secret in these rolls is to roll them as lightly as possible, so as not to destroy their round appearance, and so make them heavy. Shape the remains of the dough into little oval rolls, the size and shape of an egg, cut them crosswise at the top. Let them also rise for twenty or fifteen minutes, then bake, baste over with milk and use. Another nice form of this bread is to take

of his words.

"Real trouble?—of what kind do you mean?"

"Well. Such as, for instance, any fresh complication concerning his unfortunate son."

She turned white to the lips and shrank a little back in her seat with a gesture of distress.

"His son! You forget, Mr. Dane, my husband is dead."

"Ah, my dear lady! Now do you really take me for a fool?" he cried, with a light bubbling laugh of mingled contempt and amusement. "That is, all very well to keep up before the world, but between you and I surely the fact may well be dropped. You have hidden him very cleverly between you and the old gentleman—but you know I never did believe much in evidences of his death, although crape and a widow's cap became you ravishingly, madame,"—here he made her a little bow, part mocking, part complimentary, and then he sat bolt upright and opened his eyes wide at her, and they flashed, like the cold fire of metal that is clashed, into hers; "and latterly I have discovered—I know that Leon de Brefour is alive!"

There was a brief silence, she was still very pale, but she did not look frightened, her eyes met his steadily.

"That is so easy to say, is it not?" she cried contemptuously. "We all say we know, when for the most part we only guess. A clever mind like yours, Mr. Dane, no doubt is always guessing, but for 'knowledge' a few facts and proofs are necessary in this hard, prosaic world."

From the very bottom of his soul he admired her. What a woman she was! With such a wife as that the world might have been at his feet!

But for all his admiration he had no intention of sparing her.

"My facts and proofs are quite simple," he answered quietly. "I had you followed on your last visit to the northern outskirts of London."

"By a blundering detective, who interpreted a visit of charity to a bed-ridden relative of my mother's into the existence of a person whom you had made it his interest to discover," she derided scornfully.

"Not so, madame. I am not yet so devoid of the rudiments of common-sense as to trust my affairs to the dull wits of what you very appropriately call the 'blundering' professional detective. The person who followed you was a trusted friend, whose interests are my own, and who was able to identify the man he went to look for."

"How can one identify what one does not see?" she ejaculated. And whilst she spoke, ways and means were flashing quick as lightning through her brain, ways of getting down that very night to that lonely house amongst the Hampstead lanes, means of smuggling forth its wretched inmate and conveying him to some safer refuge.

"But he did see," replied her Inquisitor, calmly. "After you had gone he came to his window and looked forth after you, and he held a lighted candle in his hand, and the pale flame flickered across his features. Then some one came and pulled him back, and drew the curtain across the window, but not before the watcher had seen enough to swear to the face of Leon de Brefour."

"Who was it?" her lips framed the words, her voice was all but inaudible. A presentiment of the truth seemed to paralyze her—the answer was scarcely unexpected.

"It was Albert Trichet."

Then, for the first time, there was a real terror in her eyes; she looked about her vaguely, like a hunted animal, and a sudden shudder convulsed her frame. Well, too well, she had had cause to dread that hated name—the bloodhound who had been set to dog the footsteps of her unlucky husband for months before, apparently, a breath of suspicion had rested upon him: who had dined at her table, shaken her by the hand, laughed with her, brought her books and flowers, sung French chansons with her in the evening, whilst her husband and father-in-law were smoking their cigarettes

upon the table, so that his face came near to hers, his eyes, no longer veiled and mysterious, flashed at her with that keen hawk-like glance of power with which he knew well how to bend his fellow-creatures to his force of will.

"Let my nephew go, then!" he said below his breath, but in a whisper that was as clear and cutting as the raps of a hammer.

From brow to throat the crimson blood flushed in a torrent over her face; all the consciousness of a hidden love betraying itself in the uncontrollable weakness. She was so overwhelmed with surprise, so utterly taken aback by the suddenness of the attack, that her confusion of heart leapt into her face with the strength of nature itself. In that fatal moment her secret lay before her.

A thousand tongues shouting it forth upon the hill tops could not have proclaimed it to him more certainly and unalterably than did that cruel blush.

He threw himself back into his chair laughing softly. She was in his power now; for all her courage, for all her cleverness, she had been unable to save herself—she was his, his to torture and to punish, his to bend to his will and to crush beneath his feet.

(To Be Continued.)

ANCIENT SPEAKING STATUES.

Maspero Tells of the Mechanical Statues of Egyptian Gods.

M. Gaston Maspero, the well-known French Egyptologist, has recently written an interesting article on the "speaking statues" of ancient Egypt. He says that the statues of some of the Gods were made of jointed parts and were supposed to communicate with the faithful by speech, signs, and other movements. They were made of wood, painted or gilded. Their hands could be raised and lowered and their heads moved, but it is not known whether their feet could be put in motion. When one of the faithful asked for advice their God answered either by signs or words. Occasionally long speeches were made, and at other times the answer was simply an inclination of the head. Every temple had priests whose special duty it was to assist the statues to make these communications. The priests did not make any mystery of their part in the proceedings. It was believed that the priests were intermediary between the gods and mortals, and the priests themselves had a very exalted idea of their calling. They firmly believed that the souls of divinities inhabited the statues, and they always approached them with religious fear and reverence.

These priests would stand behind the statues and move their heads or hands or speak for them, never doubting that at that moment their movements and words were inspired by the divine spirit dwelling in the statues. The statues were regarded as so very much alive that in war they shared the fate of those people whose deities they were. They were taken prisoners, condemned to death or given into slavery—in other words placed in the temples of the conquering gods. If they were returned to their own temples they bore inscriptions testifying to their defeat and imprisonment.

HE GOT IT.

Fresh Young Man, at first-class restaurant—What have you here?

Waiter—Everything, sir.

F. Y. M., sneeringly—Everything? Have it served at once.

Waiter, yelling—Hash for one, please.

BABY'S PRESENT.

Mrs. Lash—What did you get baby for a birthday present?

Mrs. Rash—I took ten dollars out of the little darling's bank and bought him this lovely lamp for the drawing room.

shoe shape, again let them rise, buttered tin for fifteen or twenty minutes, and bake. Brush the top over lightly with a little milk, or milk, to make them shiny moist, as soon as they are taken from the oven. The great secret in these rolls is to roll them as light as possible, so as not to destroy round appearance, and so make them heavy. Shape the remains of the dough into little oval rolls, the size and shape of an egg, cut them crosswise at the top. Let them also rise for ten or fifteen minutes, then bake, 1 over with milk and use. Another nice form of this bread is to take dough and divide it into three rolls, shaping these with your floured hands to a kind of oval shape, pointed at both ends, giving cut down the length, brush over with beaten egg, and bake in a pretty oven. These can also be made into nicely nice rusks, if, when baked, are quickly sliced and baked again a delicate pale golden color; but that case the full amount of should have been allowed at the beginning. They may be also flavored with vanilla or lemon sugar in Germany powdered cinnamon much used.

Spanish Bread, again, is a known German dainty, and is thus: Make a nice light dough with sifted flour, three or four eggs, spoonful of brandy, and as much yeast as may be necessary to make an elastic dough. Now roll it out evenly as possible into an oblong and put all over it little pieces of butter (previously well freed from milk, and kept on ice to harden) now roll this paste up as for puff, let it rest a little, then repeat butter and rolling three or four times then make up the paste into cigar-shaped rolls, and bake.

Salt-Raised Bread—Many people claim great superiority for this, as far as digestibility is concerned over ordinary bread stuffs. It is made thus: Sift into a pint of boiling-hot water as much flour as will make a thick batter; add to this a teaspoonful of salt, and beat it vigorously together till quite smooth full of air-bubbles. Cover this and let it stand in a warm place in a dish containing it being set in an pan full of warm water and let it stand all night. Next morning scald a pan of milk, and when this is lukewarm add to it a teaspoonful of salt and enough flour that will make a thick batter that will drop, but not run, from spoon. Into this pour the mixture made overnight, which should be light, and have a distinctly unpleasant smell; beat these two mixtures thoroughly together for three or four minutes, then cover the pan with thick cloth, and again stand it in a pan of warm water, and leave it two hours in a warm place, which should be very light indeed. Now enough flour to make it a nice dough knead it conscientiously till quite smooth and elastic, when divide it up into loaves; place the loaves in the buttered tins, cover with a cloth and when they have again risen for an hour in a moderate oven, which point to remember, about bread is that it must be kept warmer than yeast bread.

TABLE DECORATIONS.

Flowers in season should always upon the dining-table, even if no more than two or three blooms in a slender vase with some green leaves. But the possibilities of beautiful effects in table decorations are very great. The flowers which are in season are most available and desirable, adding to beauty as they do a touch of novelty with changes of the year.

As far as possible, fruit in its season should be served with its own natural foliage, which will add to the beauty of the dish. Oranges are lovely among their dark, glossy green leaves. The

There is no sort of doubt that every living man and woman is enormously effected by those outer influences which, in themselves, may be reckoned to be but of very small importance indeed. "Surroundings" are things which the ignorant may scoff at, but which the wise man will not be so foolishly as to set at naught.

"A Rose by any other name" would—in spite of the Immortal William—lose a large share of its attractions, and a lovely woman in rags will never appeal to mankind with so much force as if she be clad in velvet and diamonds. Or, again, put her into a sordid and dingy lodging, and will one in a thousand be bold enough to affirm that the same subtle charm will cling to her presence as in her own fragrant and rose-tinted boudoir?

Women seldom do disregard these things. It is man who is apt to despise them—often to his own discomfort.

There is a homely and somewhat vulgar proverb, which explains tritely where and how a barn-door fowl can crow to the best advantage. And it is to this proverb that I would, as delicately as I know how—make allusion. Perhaps, even Matthew Dane may have recalled it to his mind, as he wheeled forward that luxurious arm chair for his visitor, placed a cushion at her back, and a footstool beneath her feet. To a certainty, Madame de Brefour remembered it.

"He has trapped me nicely," she said to herself, with a grim sense of impending defeat, "one must speak civilly to a man in his own house."

The umbrella had been the beginning of defeat, the study arm-chair finished and settled it.

"Now we can talk," said Mr. Dane pleasantly, sitting down opposite to her and rubbing his hands one over the other with a seraphic smile, and a comfortable inner sense of regained superiority. "You and I, my dear lady, have surely no object in quarrelling with each other, have we?"

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Vines possess great decorative possibilities, and should be allowed to fall and turn as naturally as possible. Real artists produce charming results by combining flowers, fruit and vines for table decoration.

Arragon could hardly be called a sweet herb, but a bitter one; for it is a species of wormwood, of which there are forty varieties found in the United States. It imparts a fine aroma to vinegar and it is a powerful tonic as well.

Carpets may be cleaned and freshened by sprinkling with a mixture of salt and powdered borax before sweep-

"Do you or don't you care?" he asked.

During the week ending Jan. 14 no fewer than 16 steamers landed cattle, sheep and fresh beef at Liverpool from various American and Canadian ports, and the arrivals were the largest for some time past. The total arrivals amounted to 4,130 cattle, 6,922 sheep and 28,314 quarters of beef, which compared with the arrivals of the previous week, shows an increase of 2,305.

each other to give the horse-ape, again let them rise on a tin for fifteen or twenty, and bake. Brush the twists with a little milk, or egg ilk, to make them shiny and as soon as they are taken from the oven. The great secret about this is to roll them as lightly as possible, so as not to destroy the appearance, and so make them shape the remains of the dough into oval rolls, the size and shape of, cut them crosswise across.

Let them also rise for twelve minutes, then bake, brush with milk and use. Another very good way of this bread is to take the dough and divide it into three long shaping these with your well hands to a kind of torpedo pointed at both ends, giving one in the length, brush over with egg, and bake in a pretty hot oven. These can also be made into delicate rusks, if, when baked, they are sliced and baked again to a pale golden color; but in this use the full amount of sugar have been allowed at the best. They may be also flavored with vanilla or lemon sugar, or many powdered cinnamon is used.

Sh Bread, again, is a well-known German dainty, and is made like a nice light dough with fine flour, three or four eggs, a little of brandy, and as much water as is necessary to make a firm dough. Now roll it out as is possible into an oblong shape, all over it little pieces of butter, which are well freed from butter, and kept on ice to harden it; then this paste up as for puff paste, rest a little, then repeat the rolling three or four times; take up the paste into long, tapered rolls, and bake.

Raised Bread — Many people are superior for this bread, as digestibility is concerned, ordinary bread stuffs. It is made thus: Sift into a pint of scalded water as much flour as will thicken better; add to this half ounce of salt, and beat it vigorously till quite smooth and air-bubbles. Cover this closely it stand in a warm place, the staining it being set in another warm water and let it stand it. Next morning scald a pint of water, and when this is lukewarm add a teaspoonful of salt and flour that will make a batter like drop, but not run, from the Into this pour the mixture, which should be very thick, and have a distinctly unpleasant beat these two mixtures together for three or four minutes, then cover the pan with a cloth, and again stand it in a warm water, and leave it for four hours in a warm place, when it is very light indeed. Now add flour to make it a nice dough, it conscientiously till it is smooth and elastic, when you put it up into loaves; place these in greased tins, cover with a cloth, and when they have again risen bake in a moderate oven. The point to remember, about this is that it must be kept much longer than yeast bread.

TABLE DECORATIONS.

Flowers in season should always be used for dining-table, even if it be more than two or three blossoms in a slender vase with some grasses and leaves. But the possibilities for effects in table decoration by flowers are very great. The flowers in season are most enjoyable, adding to beauty a touch of novelty with the flowers of the year. As far as possible, fruit in its season should be served with its own foliage, which will add greatly to the beauty of the dish of fruit. These are lovely among their own leaves. The same

with alcohol. Coffee-pots, teapots, and the teakettle may be purified and sweetened by boiling out every week with borax water. Flies may be kept off woodwork and picture frames by washing with water in which onions are boiled. Brass utensils may be kept bright and clean by rubbing with salt and vinegar.

To revive a dying fire quickly throw over the coals a teaspoonful of sugar.

Carpets may be cleaned and freshened by sprinkling with a mixture of salt and powdered borax before sweeping.

The table and floor oil cloth in kitchen or dining-room may be kept clean and bright by wiping off once a week with hot water, to which a little powdered borax is added.

GROWN-UP BOYS.

Most Men Retain All the Curiosity of Their Youth.

A man stopped in front of a freshly-painted door on which hung a sign "Fresh Paint." He looked at it a moment and then ran the tip of his finger along it, making a mark thereon, and carrying off the paint on his finger.

He looked at his finger and at the mark on the door incredulously, as if it could not be possible. He had been feeling for fresh paint a long time, but had always been just too late to find it wet.

"There!" said an old man who had observed the paint tester; "that shows the strain of boy left in every man; the bit of idle curiosity that only comes out once in a while."

"A boy always touches wet paint to see if it is really wet, and it is the same strain that makes the man of affairs do it. You would suppose that a grown man had enough serious things to think of not to care a rap whether the paint was fresh or not—but he hasn't."

"There are a large number of things that will excite the idle curiosity of the man who has not had the boy knocked out of him. A horse down in the street will attract crowds of this kind. A gathering in the street at which the center of interest is beyond his view will hold him mystified and curious until he can see what it is."

"The antics of an Italian organ-grinder's monkey will hold him entranced until he comes to himself. A man stamping a paving block or the operations necessary to repairing a hole in the street will arouse his curiosity. "Bless you, he is a boy again, with all a boy's idleness and curiosity. It is in us all in some degree, and in some others of us in a very alarming degree."

INDIANS THE FIRST SMOKERS.

Unquestionably smoking had already been practised by the Indians for centuries when Columbus first reached those shores. It was with them to a great extent a form of religious ceremonial. Dr. Daniel G. Brinton, the famous ethnologist, thinks that it had its beginning in the blowing tube of the medical man. Ignorant savages are disposed to regard the human breath as possessing magical properties, and it may be supposed that burning leaves were introduced into the tube for the purpose of making the breathing visible. The Indians smoked many kinds of plants such as sumac, red willow bark, and the leaves of the kinnikinnick or bear berry, and tobacco doubtless was a discovery resulting from a selection of the fittest.

"Well, go on," he said, "abuse me. Of course, I know I deserve it. Don't sit there like a martyr." "There's nothing to abuse you for that I can see," said the girl, composedly. "It's rather a blow, of course, but... I suppose if it's happened, it's happened. I always thought I was too great a fool to make you happy long. It might have lasted longer certainly—but of course you know you are safe with me."

"Well, of all the extraordinary women!" said Gerald Overing. He caught her by the shoulders.

"Do you or don't you care?" he asked.

"I must go and dress for dinner," said his wife. She looked fair and young in the twilight and rather pale. For a moment her husband stood looking into her eyes, and then he pushed her away almost roughly and left her.

In his dressing-room the full meaning of it dawned upon him. "She is a woman in ten thousand," he said. "If she only cared I would never look at another woman again." He was ready early and went to her room, which was across the corridor. No candles were lit and no French maid was in attendance, but by the bed he saw her lying, as if she had fallen in crossing the room. Lifting her, he saw she had fainted, so he laid her gently on the bed.

"And I thought she did not care!" he said to himself.

When she came back to herself again he was bending over her, heaping her with every fond word he could think of.

"It was nothing, sweet. Only the beginning of a folly. Shall I confess it all, Winnie?"

"No! no! I quite believe you, Gerald."

"Still, I think you were jealous," he said tenderly.

The conversation of the afternoon rushed back to her mind.

"No, Not jealous," she said, "only—only—"

"Only what?"

"Only I love you."

HERALDIC APPLES.

Now You May Put Your Name on the Fruit.

The landscape gardener has so long and so persistently improved upon nature that now the fruit-grower thinks he has a right to try. Any person who wants a supply of apples bearing his family crest, has only to send an illustration of it to certain growers at Montreuil, France, and he will duly receive the fruit the following season.

The desired end is attained by growing the apple in paper bags, which are slipped on when the fruit is about the size of a walnut. Being thus sheltered from the sun, the apples do not color as they swell, and when fully grown still remain green or yellow.

As soon as they reach their maximum size the bags which cover them are replaced by others, on the side of which the desired crest or coat of arms has been cut out like a stencil. The sun can now penetrate to that part of the apple exposed and redden it thoroughly, so that when the bag is again withdrawn the device is seen standing out in red upon the green surface.

To obtain the opposite result—that is, a green device on a red ground—the second bag is not used, but the pattern is cut out in paper and stuck on to the fruit, the sun coloring all the exposed parts, but leaving green the crest or other device which the paper forms.

Many Parisian fruiterers have recently exposed for sale apples with the arms of Russia printed upon them; others have them with monograms, Christian names, arrow-pierced hearts and other tender devices.

She scornfully—I believe he only married her for her money. He, decidedly—Well, he has certainly earned it.

Dumb Asylum, Birmingham Dispensary, Blue Coat School, Eye Hospital and Women's Hospital. The bequest to the last-named institution is made in memory of the late Mrs. Mansell, wife of Robert Mansell.

During the week ending Jan. 14 no fewer than 16 steamers landed cattle, sheep and fresh beef at Liverpool from various American and Canadian ports, and the arrivals were the largest for some time past. The total arrivals amounted to 4,430 cattle, 6,922 sheep and 23,314 quarters of beef, which, compared with the arrivals of the previous week, shows an increase of 2,308 cattle, 5,541 sheep, and 8,575 quarters of beef.

The postal authorities give notice that Zanzibar, Burmah, and British Columbia are now included in the penny postage scheme; also that the parcel postage rate has also been revised both for British Guiana and Zanzibar. They, however, warn the public that the postage of letters to Australia, New Zealand, Cape Colony, Jamaica, Malta and Mauritius still remains at 2½d. per half ounce, and that letters prepaid only a penny will be charged 3d. per half ounce on delivery.

At Trefonen church, near Oswestry the vicar, the Rev. George Williams has taken exception to people reading in church during the sermon. On a recent Sunday, he asked a lady to discontinue doing so, as she disturbed him. She could leave the church if she liked. She did so. Later the vicar gave notice that persons wishing to read should retire during the singing of the hymn before the sermon. If he saw any one reading he would at once close the service and report the matter to the bishop, by whose decision he would loyally abide. The lady referred to and her friends left during the singing of the hymn before the sermon.

The report of the committee appointed by the Board of Trade on the question of the rule of the road at sea was discussed at a conference at Hull of owners of steam trawlers. It was contended that a steam trawler could not be regarded as a free vessel when fishing nor was it possible for her to be manoeuvred with the same facility as a free steamer. Under these circumstances it was not possible, without serious sacrifice of efficiency to carry out the suggestions of the committee so as to make the vessel practically free to act, and a resolution to this effect met with the unanimous approval of the conference, as well as a suggestion to the Board of Trade to adopt the minority report.

ONTARIO'S MINERAL OUTPUT.

The Yield for 1898 Represented a Million and a Half.

Mr. Archibald Blue, of the Bureau of Mines, has practically completed his tables of returns in connection with Ontario's mineral production for 1898. Nickel is still her most extensively developed industry. The copper and nickel mines of the Sudbury country gave employment to an average of 610 men during 1898, and the wages paid to them amounted to \$315,500; as against \$233,256 in 1897, and \$240,151 in 1896. All the ore produced was smelted, reduced to matte, and then exported to the United States to be refined. Eight million three hundred and seventy-three thousand, five hundred and sixty pounds of refined copper were produced, valued at \$248,080, and the produce of fine nickel was 5,567,690 pounds, valued at \$515,220. These valuations are based on the selling price of the matte, which is figured to be one third of the market price of the refined metal. The total value of both metals produced in 1898 was \$782,306, and in 1897 was \$559,710. In 1896 it stood at \$517,151.

HOUSEHOLD.

BLACK CAKE.

Materials, 2 teacups brown sugar, 2 tablespoons dark molasses, 6 eggs, whites and yolks beaten separately, 2 teacups sweet milk, 1 grated nutmeg, 1 tablespoon ground cinnamon, 1 teaspoon each of ground cloves and allspice, 2 lbs. each of raisins and currants, 1-2 lb. citron, 1 teaspoon soda, 2 teacups cream tartar, 3 1-2 teacups browned flour. Stem the raisins, rub clean in a soft towel, then seed and chop. Rub the currants, not very many at a time, in a wire sieve, then wash out and drain in a colander several times; when perfectly dry, rub in a soft cloth to remove remaining stems. Mix the raisins and currants with a little browned flour. Slice the citron in small, thin pieces, that the cake may not break apart when cut. The flour should be shallow in the tin in which it is browned, the oven brisk, and stirring oft repeated. When cold sift with it the soda and cream tartar. Cut the butter into small bits and beat to a cream with the sugar, add spices, molasses and milk, and beaten yolks of the eggs. Stir in half the flour and half the beaten whites, then the flour remaining, and the whites, and lastly the fruit. Beat very thoroughly. This may seem a tedious process, but the cake is expensive and should be carefully made. Bake three hours. Line the tin or pan with at least two thicknesses of well-greased paper. Fruit cake is apt to scorch around the edges before it is done, if the pan has no stem. A small bottle in the center heavily weighted with shot to keep it in place pleases me better than a pan with stem. Bake slowly, with steady, even heat, low at first until the cake is well risen, then increase to bake and brown. I should have said cover, when put in the oven, with a cap of heavy brown paper, shaped with plaits and pins to fit.

"WHAT CAN I DO NOW, MAMMA?"

This is the question which every mother of little children will hear to-day and every day until the grass grows green again. No man, woman or child, who is good for anything, enjoys being out of employment. Even these short winter days will seem long to little children who have nothing to do. Who can blame them if they get into mischief?

A pair of round-pointed scissors and a bundle of picture papers will amuse little children for hours at a time. To be sure, they will make a muss, but it will be clean dirt and can be confined to one corner of the room.

Give the little ones a neat box for their pictures and require them to pick up the scraps when they are through. At another time give them a cup of paste and arm each child with a toothpick and let them paste their best pictures in pasteboard or into scrap-books made of common manila wrapping paper, the leaves stitched together on the sewing machine.

Cut bright-colored paper into strips half an inch and five or six inches long. Paste the ends of a strip together, forming a ring. Link another strip through the ring, and so continue until you have a chain. Children less than three years old can make these chains. Different colors may be used, but the colors should be systematically and harmoniously ar-

VALUE OF BUTTERMILK.

The housewives who always use sweet milk and baking powder in articles where such ingredients or their equivalents are called for little guess the superior results which may be obtained from the use of sour milk or buttermilk of soda, says an authority in the Woman's Home Companion. Buttermilk is preferable all the year round. Biscuits, griddle cakes, waffles, corn breads, muffins, gems, ginger breads, cookies, etc., are all of them more tender, delicate and probably more wholesome if they are made of buttermilk and soda. A general rule is one-level teaspoonful of soda to one pint of buttermilk or freshly soured milk. The soda must be first pulverized by rubbing with a knife on the table or bread board, then added to the flour, to be sifted with it. It is even well to sift the flour, soda and salt together two or three times to insure an even blending. In a very short time one learns to gauge the soda exactly to the acidity of the milk to be used.

FLOWER WOMEN OF PARIS.

The roses of Paris are different from the roses of this country, for they live out in the coldest weather, and do not seem to know what it is to get nipped by frost.

The first thing that strikes a person on going to Paris, is the number of flower women who stand upon the street corners and in front of the shops begging you always to buy a flower of them. They carry their wares in big straw baskets, which are strapped upon their backs like Indian paposes. Not content with this heavy load, the Parisian flower woman carries another basket of flowers upon her arm, and in her hands there is the ever-present posy, begging to be sold.

The Parisian flower woman sells out many times a day, but this fact by no means throws her out of business. She goes around the corner to where some friendly member of her family awaits her and comes back with a fresh supply.

People who raise flowers in Paris for sale in the streets do not cultivate the hot-house flowers. They grow hardy violets, the kind that peep out of the snow in March, and they raise great big cabbage roses, such as come in the cottage garden in crisp June. Flowers can learn to stand a great deal of cold, like people, and those who grow them for the streets would do well to take lessons of the Parisian florists, who know the trick of making their wares hardy enough for cold days.

EXPENSIVE PROCESS.

Expert Labor and Unlimited Patience Required in Bending Glass.

Bent glass, although still far less in use than unbent, daily grows in popularity. A decade ago it was almost unknown for anything but decorative purposes. Now it can be seen in front of the smallest confectioner's. Although corresponding demand has lessened the price, it still costs about 150 per cent of unbent. No matter what the demand may be, in time, it can never sell for as little as unbent, for the process requires far more expert labor, involves much waste of material and takes more time. The fancy blown glass ornaments, used in chance schemes at cheap places of amusement cost less than ordinary window glass.

Glass may be bent at 1,800 degrees. This requires a kiln, and, as no known pyrometer could stand such heat, re-

A Peep Into the White House

The housekeeping side of the White House the official home of the President of the United States is a sealed book, not only to the people at large, the hundreds who daily visit the President upon missions affecting both nations and individuals, but even to the guests at the resplendent state dinners, which are the chief events of the social season at the capital, says a Washington letter. Constantly besieged by an army of officials high and low, and others who want to be, the marble halls of the executive mansion still form the home of Mr. and Mrs. McKinley. And the few, principally relatives of the family, who are admitted within the home circle know that it is a home in reality.

With a host of servants at her command, the mistress of the White House exercises a general supervision over the housekeeping affairs, and throughout the regal apartments there are bright touches which show the hand of a mistress. Housekeeping, after all, forms a highly important part in the world's affairs, and housekeeping at the executive mansion is necessarily carried on upon a most elaborate scale.

The chief personage connected with the domestic side of the Presidential residence is the steward. The present steward is William T. Sinclair, a colored man, and the first of his race to hold the office. Next to him comes housekeeper, Marie Barbery, a rather pretty young New Yorker. These two are practically responsible for everything.

The President's home life is a model, with regularity, simplicity and comfort as its main features. He is always up by 8.30 in the morning and Mrs. McKinley seldom sleeps later than 9 o'clock. Their bedroom is the same one used by Mr. Cleveland and his wife. Like all the living rooms in the White House, it is on the second floor, and looks out on the rear grounds. The beds used by the President and his wife stand side by side. They are medium sized, comfortable looking white enameled beds with sheets of pure linen and covers of plain white Marseilles.

A private bathroom adjoins the bedroom, and the first thing the President does in the morning is to take a tepid bath. At 8.45 o'clock every morning family prayers are said by the President in a drawing room across the main corridor from the bedroom. Breakfast is served in the private dining room on the first floor at 9 o'clock.

Immediately after breakfast the President begins work. His busiest hours are from 10 o'clock in the morning until 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Luncheon is always ready by 1 o'clock, but frequently the President does not sit down to the table before 2. When his business is urgent Mr. McKinley generally lunches alone or with some visiting friend. This is especially so on Cabinet days. Usually after a Cabinet meeting one of the members will take luncheon with the President and discuss whatever may be pressing in affairs.

During the week dinner is served promptly at 7 o'clock in the evening, and on Sundays an hour earlier. After dinner the President goes to his work-room and dictates correspondence. Midnight is his regular hour for retiring, but during the war it was often long after daylight before he sought rest.

In the language of the Washington Market dealers. Mr. and Mrs.

in the accommodations. He had ed them just as Mr. and Mrs. land left them.

The steward is responsible for stables and horses, but he personally superintend them. Government provides a stable with about a dozen stalls and a riage room. It also hires a stable and one helper. Mr. McKinley rides his own footman and co and additional helpers. The coachman is a young, smooth negro, quite a fast but a ver driver. The McKinley livery est. It consists of black silk ha light, tan coats, which are sil toned down to black boots. T riages, three in number, are ha but not ultra swell. The ha silver mounted to a degree o taste and the horses, six in are fairly well bred. The mai comes from West Virginia, a pair from Pennsylvania and a pair is made up of a Kentucky horse and a horse presented McKinley by Mr. Fleischmann, cinnati, O. The President has his stable but once, the first d administration, and he does n to take much interest in his h

ANTS' EGG TRADE.

How the Collectors of These Tiny Go About It.

Ants' eggs are the base of a increasing business in the Briti. Hundreds-weight of the tiny s imported yearly by the bird f who feed them to young ph canaries and aquarium fish. T collected for the most part i tain district in the south of where many thousands of make a living by them. A o going out upon a sunny day hills he has in mind, piles u them little twigs and sticks. rudely disturbs the ants in the home. Their first instinct, on the roof torn off their dwellin fly to some shelter. They m the pile of twigs, just as the had thought they would. He wait for them to hide all the there, however, but goes off to the trick at dozens of other b turning in the evening with sti bags to collect his spoil. This simple, as all he has to do is t the clusters of tiny eggs off i bag. It is said that an ind man may in one day collect s as eight pounds. These are gathered up by agents of larg who handle for exportation. ent, Russia is the only countr ants' eggs are gathered, altho forests of South America, whe are said to be hills 12 feet hig feet round, ought to be a go to gather them.

POWERFUL DRUGS.

Yellow-Back Novelists Might I Effects of Them Inevitably

Of the two queerest drugs world the one called "ezcal" one most to be avoided. It is American product, and made tropical Indians there.

A grain of it will make you need of violent exertion, and begin there is no stopping. Y till you die. Moreover, you walk straight ahead, but in circle of two or three yards d You tramp wildly and steadily ing nothing, and not sufferin pain, but with all your nerves and your brain spinning. Yo stop walking till you drop your tracks. The e'reme vi kept up till the last moment of the Indians have a way of their costumes with this drug

At another time give them a cup of paste and arm each child with a tooth-pick and let them paste their best pictures in pasteboard or into scrap-books made of common manila wrapping paper, the leaves stitched together on the sewing machine.

Cut bright-colored paper into strips half an inch and five or six inches long. Paste the ends of a strip together, forming a ring. Link another strip through the ring, and so continue until you have a chain. Children less than three years old can make these chains. Different colors may be used, but the colors should be systematically and harmoniously arranged. The strips of paper may also be used to make stars, geometrical figures, etc.

A box of buttons will furnish occupation for the little ones. They will enjoy sorting and stringing them. If there are any old garments about the house that are past use, let the children cut the buttons off and thus add to the store.

Pumpkin, squash and melon seeds are nice for children to play with. They can use them to form letters, geometrical figures, or to build imaginary yards and pastures to confine horses and cattle made of peanuts, with pins for legs.

More satisfactory fences can be made with cane or corn-stalks. The soft pith is easily cut up into posts that will stand on the table without support. The tough outer covering of the stalks can be cut into boards, which can be stuck into the posts. The stalks, supplemented with pasteboard, can be used to construct all sorts of farm buildings, and even furniture. Let the children select smooth, even stalks about the size of your finger, and cut them into three-inch lengths. One hundred of these will be worth as much as any numeral frame to teach children numbers. We should always try to combine instruction with amusement.

Children should not be confined to the house. Whenever the weather will permit, bundle them up and give them a run out of doors. They can gather material for indoor work. Teach them to notice the common things around them; the peculiarities and habits of winter birds and such animals as they may chance to see. Let them cut a few twigs from fruit trees and find out what they did last summer and what they promise to do next season. Let them fill a tin can with moist earth and plant a few grains of corn and squash seed and find out how they begin to grow.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Plated silver orange cups are among the new devices which orange lovers will appreciate. The cup holds a half orange, with the broad face upward, while the fruit is firmly clamped inside.

Flowers should never remain in a sick room for any length of time, and never over night in any bedroom.

A portable fumigating device for purifying small rooms has an oil stove set in the bottom of a casing, with the liquid for fumigating contained in a receptacle at the top, with pipes over the flame to vaporize the liquid.

A drink of warm sage tea will often soothe a restless child.

Half-teaspoon of lime water will usually cure colic and hiccough.

Delicate and nervous children will be greatly benefited if before retiring they are gently bathed and rubbed with warm water in which has been dissolved a large spoon of salt. Otherwise speaking, a warm salt sponge bath.

Bathing the eyes when tired, in water as hot as one can bear will give great relief.

A mirror is often a source of great trouble to a nervous invalid. Always keep all household troubles and cares from the sick room, and always have a pleasant, encouraging word for the

patient in front of the smallest collection. Although corresponding demand has lessened the price, it still costs about 150 per cent of unbent. No matter what the demand may be, in time, it can never sell for as little as unbent, for the process requires far more expert labor, involves much waste of material and takes more time. The fancy blown glass ornaments, used in chance schemes at cheap places of amusement cost less than ordinary window glass.

Glass may be bent at 1,800 degrees. This requires a kiln, and, as no known pyrometer could stand such heat, requires expert, experienced labor, to judge from the color of the flame, the density of the vapor, etc., when the moment for extraction shall have arrived. There are now hundreds of glass benders, who think no more of daily solving this seemingly insoluble problem than the housewife does of that truly marvelous accomplishment—baking bread. The great molds for bending larger pieces are run into the kiln on cars; smaller pieces are thrust in molds fastened to long forks, the proper quality of glass being in the sheet form laid upon the top of the molds, two or three hours in the kiln melts them sufficiently to allow them to run. Thirty-six hours are required for cooling. Yet, despite every precaution, a great per cent. is broken in the annealing.

The demand for bent glass has not yet arrived at that point where a strike could vitally affect the commonwealth. It is now used mostly in rounded corners of buildings, in coach fronts, in counters, in china, closets, cabinets, etc., and some minor articles. Experiment has not yet decided as to the relative wearing ability of bent and unbent glass. It is probable that each has its special merits.

THE HIGHEST WINDMILL.

The highest windmill in England is the "High Mill" at Great Yarmouth. It is believed also to be the highest in the world. Built in 1812 at a total cost of \$50,000 its height in brick is 100 feet, and the wooden cage on the summit further increases this another 16 feet. In a high wind the mill works at 30 horse power, and is capable of grinding nine comb of wheat an hour or crushing 10 comb of oats an hour. Its owner has spoken of demolishing the mill on account of the superiority of steam power for milling purposes.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

Mr. Bimstead—For my part, I can't understand why you permit that young Lempley to pay such marked attention to you. Why, that fellow couldn't write a grammatical sentence to save his life.

Miss Wellwood—Indeed! I received my first letter from him yesterday, and it contained a proposition which had a tendency to make me forget any grammatical blunders there may have been in it. Oh, must you be going? Well, give my love to your sister, won't you?

REMARKS OF FAME.

I've struck some encouragement at last.

What is it?

This prominent man used to be a farm hand at \$10 a month.

What is encouraging about that?

I used to be a farm hand, at \$10 a month myself.

LOGICAL CONCLUSION.

Don't mi understand! me, said Weary William I ain't down on work.

You don't seem to have much affection fur it, replied Plodding Pete.

Yes, I have. Work is a good thing. If it wasn't fur work, how would all these people get money to give us?

sit down to the table before 7, when his business is urgent. Mr. McKinley generally lunches alone or with some visiting friend. This is especially so on Cabinet days. Usually after a Cabinet meeting one of the members will take luncheon with the President and discuss whatever may be pressing in affairs.

During the week dinner is served promptly at 7 o'clock in the evening, and on Sundays an hour earlier. After dinner the President goes to his work-room and dictates correspondence. Midnight is his regular hour for retiring, but during the war it was often long after daylight before he sought rest.

In the language of the Washington Market dealers, Mr. and Mrs. McKinley are "good livers but not high livers." There are many private families who spend more money on their tables, but few who live better. The daily expense of the President's private table does not average quite \$25. This is, of course, exclusive of special state dinners, but it includes the entertainment of over 300 guests a year. Invariably there are one or more guests to luncheon and dinner.

The active part of the domestic duties falls upon the housekeeper. Her health will not permit Mrs. McKinley to assume the active management of such a laborious household. Yet she is not idle a moment during the day. The quantity of mail she receives is enormous, and she opens and personally answers nearly all of it.

Charity appeals come to her from all parts of the country. Women beg for her influence and mediation in behalf of their condemned sons or husbands. These pathetic appeals for pardons are very trying upon her, because she is compelled to decline to interfere in such matters.

The President very decidedly prefers colored help. His steward, cook, coachman, footman and waiters are all colored. William T. Sinclair, the present steward, comes from New York. He is considered a most careful buyer. He served ex-President Cleveland eight years, and Mr. Cleveland recommended him to Mr. McKinley. His salary, fixed by law, and paid by the Government, is \$1,800 a year. He is responsible for all the property of the United States within the White House and is bonded for \$20,000. The value of some of this property, from an historical standpoint, is inestimable. Sinclair has an office in the basement of the White House, but lives with his family on Sixteenth street, a few blocks distant.

The steward is furnished with a Dayton wagon and driver and generally drives to market about 8 o'clock in the morning. At the end of each month the dealers from whom he buys send in their bills and he carefully looks them over. The ones he approves go to Mr. W. H. Crook, who is a bonded paymaster and a sort of second assistant secretary to the President. Mr. Crook submits an itemized account of the monthly expenditures for the table, etc., to the President. The latter never pays cash for anything which goes on his table. He pays for everything in checks, drawing them up as the bills are presented.

Mrs. Benjamin, a typical South Carolina negress, is the regular White House cook. She comes from Senator Tillman's old home and is a mile a minute on fried chicken, hot bread and pies. The President likes her conception of pie crust better than the finest French pastry. In fact, he would not give her up for forty French cooks. On special occasions, though the steward smuggles in a Frenchman from New York.

The domestic help furnished for the White House by the Government is not half enough. President McKinley hires out of his own pocket his housekeeper, bedroom maids, cook, coachman, footman, ablemen, waiters, helpers around the kitchen and the extra help for special occasions. The linen, silverware, glass and china is all furnished by the Government, through the Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds, an army officer. He promptly honors all requisitions made for alterations and additions, but Mr. McKinley has not asked for any change

tropical Indians there.

A grain of it will make you feel need of violent exertion, and on begin there is no stopping. You till you die. Moreover, you d walk straight ahead, but in a circle of two or three yards' dia. You tramp wildly and steadily o ing nothing, and not suffering pain, but with all your nerves c and your brain spinning. You stop walking till you drop d your tracks. The c'reme vita kept up till the last moment. of the Indians have a way of their captives with this drug, round the victim while he wall.

The other drug is a European duct called "vinard," and also a the brain. A common result of drug when taken in any quan to cause an insane desire—in a cated man, at any rate—to do. It develops the arithmetical pow a wonderful extent, though on a short time. The victim's chi are is to get hold of pencil and, and once this is done he scribbles, sometimes making attem adding them up, but never g them right. Presently the figu comes mere scrawls, and the usult is death or insanity. It i known to men of science, and is some kinds of medicine by home ists.

JUST IN TIME.

Preaching stories naturally p inate in the Rev. Dr. Newman recently published Autobiograph here is one of secular cut wh well worth quotation.

One day during Mr. Hall's pas of a church in Yorkshire, he was ting with a farmer about th method of self-defence when at by a savage dog.

Take off your hat and hold front of you, advised the farne dog will at once bite the rim, kick violently under your hat, a distance being exactly that of yo the toe of your boot will strik lower jaw of the dog, who will a go off in great pain.

The very next day Mr. Ha crossing a field when a fierce d at him. There was no refuge ne had no stick. He remembered h son. In an instant the dog howling round the field, and the old dissenter, with a very slight in his hat, went his way.

An Easter Greeting.

For those who have thought catarrh is incurable and to wh constant use of snuffs and oint was almost unbearable, Catarr comes as a sure and delightful No need for fetid breath, broken and drooping in the throat. Se Catarrhazone and be convinced. fit, \$1.00. Sample bottle and i 10 cents.

N. C. POLSON & C
Kingston

STANDING ON HIS DIGNITY.

She—Will you speak to papa? He—Never, unless he speaks first. It would be unjust to and to me, my dear, for he drops because I adored you. Any toward a reconciliation must be by him.

*A few ye
Ribbon Co
unknown,
household.*

accommodations. He has accepted just as Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland them.

steward is responsible for the and horses, but he does not ally superintend them. The ment provides a stable building about a dozen stalls and a car-room. It also hires a stable boss ne helper. Mr. McKinley prohis own footman and coachman dditional helpers. The present an is a young, smooth-faced quite a fast but a very good.

The McKinley livery is modt consists of black silk hats, long tan coats, which are silver-bdown to black boots. The car, three in number, are handsome, ot ultra swell. The harness is mounted to a degree of good and the horses, six in number, ily well bred. The main pair from West Virginia, a heavy rom Pennsylvania and a third s made up of a Kentucky saddle and a horse presented to Mr. ley by Mr. Fleischmann of, Cin, O. The President has been in able but once, the first day of his istration, and he does not seem a much interest in his horses.

ANTS' EGG TRADE.

ie Collectors of These Tiny Articles Go About It.

s' eggs are the base of a rapidly sible business in the British Isles. reds weight of the tiny spoil are ted yearly by the bird fanciers, feed them to young pheasants, es and aquarium fish. They are ted for the most part in a cer-district in the south of Russia, many thousands of peasants a living by them. A collector, out upon a sunny day to some he has in mind, piles up near little twigs and sticks. Then he y disturbs the ants in their busy

Their first instinct, on having of torn off their dwelling, is to some shelter. They make for le of twigs, just as the peasant ough they would. He does not for them to hide all their eggs however, but goes off to repeat ick at dozens of other hills, re- g in the evening with stiff paper to collect his spoil. This is very e, as all he has to do is to sweep usters of tiny eggs off into the

It is said that an industrious may in one day collect as much ght pounds. These are in turn red up by agents of large firms, and for exportation. At pre-tussia is the only country where eggs are gathered, although the s of South America, where there id to be hills 12 feet high and 18 ound, ought to be a good place ther them.

POWERFUL DRUGS.

Back Novelists Might Find the Effects of Them Invaluable.

the two queerest drugs in the the one called "ezcal" is the lost to be avoided. It is a South ean product, and made by the al Indians there.

rain of it will make you feel the of violent exertion, and once you there is no stopping. You walk ou die. Moreover, you do not straight ahead, but in a little of two or three yards' diameter. ramp wildly and steadily on, see- othing, and not suffering equal but with all your nerves on fire our brain spinning. You do not walking till you drop dead in tracks. The extreme vitality is up till the latest moment. Some e Indians have a way of dosing

FROZEN PIPES.

A New Device That Keeps Them From Bursting.

An ingenious invention has been made to overcome the distressing annoyance and frequently ruinous results of water pipes bursting in the freezing, that is especially valuable where the pipes are so placed that the ordinary protection from frost will not serve.

The cause of iron pipes bursting is the expansion of the frozen water. To overcome this an inner tube of lead is inserted, and this tubing is filled partly with a composition of rubber or other elastic substance.

This is unaffected by ordinary pressure, but should extreme frost cause the water to freeze this insertion receives the pressure instead of the outer iron piping, and it is compressed by so much as the volume of water is increased by freezing. In thawing the tube expands again to its original size.

Experiments that have been made show that pipes with this insertion have withstood the most severe tests, while pipes that were not provided with it burst every time.

LAND OF HOTELS.

In proportion to its size Switzerland has more inns than any other country in the world. The entertainment of tourists has become the chief industry of the land. No fewer than 1,700 host-tries, stationed for the most part on mountain tops or near glaciers, are on the list, and the receipts of the hotel keepers amount to about \$25,000,000 a year.

HARD GRAIN.

Silicon is generally spoken of as the element of sand, and little thought of its value in grain growing enters into our usual calculations, yet in conjunction with the potash the acid of silica or silicic acid, forms an important part of the grain, and through it we get the hardening. When we consider that the amount of silica required to harden grain and give straw stamina is nearly equal to the total aggregation of nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash, over 90 per cent, and actually 47 1-2 per cent, of the total mineral matter of the crop, it assumes some importance—in the light of our softening grains and softer straw.

The fact that there is lots of it in the soil, does not meet the case, as like the other essential inorganic elements it is usually locked up so hard that our plants cannot assimilate it; consequently the valuable Thomas-Phosphate Powder with its available silica comes to our aid, and along with it phosphate of lime, phosphate of magnesia and phosphate of iron, This, and the fact that grains, particularly wheat, take their phosphates largely as phosphate of magnesia, partly accounts for the hardness and quality as well as the great yields of wheat, 77 bushels per acre, obtained from the use of Thomas-Phosphate, as well as the stiff straw of the crops.

A Jersey City man boasts that he has the addresses of 20,000 red-haired women.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25¢ a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

The highest price ever paid for a racehorse was \$150,000 for the famous Ormonde.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Luxative Brown Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25¢.

New York banks pay out in interest and dividends every quarter not far from \$130,000,000.

Wisdom in buying tea consists in buying the best.

LUDELLA

Lead packages.

CEYLON TEA.

25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c.



Conboy's Improved Carriage Tops

RECEIVED THE HIGHEST AWARD AT THE WORLD'S FAIR 1903.

Conboy's Patent Roller Tops have met with such a universal favor that other manufacturers are now making inferior imitations and selling them on the reputation the Conboy Tops have made. Do not be hoodwinked by a person who recommends an inferior make to be just as good.

The Conboy Roller Top is as near perfect as skilled workmen can make them.

When you order your buggy, stipulate with your carriage builder that it is to have a genuine Conboy Roller Top, as imitations are never as good.

\$5.00 PER DAY GUARANTEED ONE agent in every township in Canada, gentleman or lady, to sell a \$5.00 typewriter. Ligon Manufacturing Company of Toronto, Limited.

Agents Best selling article on the market. Sells in every store, factory and house. Exclusive territory. ROWELL & BURY Chicago and Montreal

Stammerers

Dr. Arcott, Berlin who will convince you he can cure you

IF you have any APPLES, BUTTER, EGGS or POULTRY to ship, ship them to

The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Toronto.

Young Men! There is no better trade or profession than Cutting Gentlemen's Garments. LEARN TO CUT. Send for circular. Toronto Cutting School, 113 Yonge St., Toronto.

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Stammerers Every stammerer can and will talk if they will come and try. I have spent 40 years' study on this distressing habit. Come and satisfy yourselves. No risk. W. K. BATE, Specialist, 392 College St., Toronto.

LAW Mills, Mills & Maies Barristers, etc., removed to Wesley Bldgs., Richmond St. W., Toronto.

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FREE This beautiful Gold-shell Folioire Ring, in exquisite Flush-lined case.

Stammerers My school in Toronto who will be closed during my trip west. My book will soon be complete. It will give you full instructions. Price will be \$5. W. K. BATE, 392 College St., Toronto.

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product, and made by the
Indians there.
ain of it will make you feel the
f violent exertion, and once you
f there is no stopping. You walk
u die. Moreover, you do not
straight ahead, but in a little
of two or three yards' diameter.
amp wildly and steadily on, see-
thing, and not suffering equal
out with all your nerves or fire
ur brain spinning. You do not
walking till you drop dead in
racks. The e reme vitality is
up till the last moment. Some
Indians have a way of dosing
aptives with this drug, sitting
the victim while he walks.
other drug is a European pro-
alled "vinard," and also acts on
ain. A common result of this
when taken in any quantity is
se an insane desire—in an edu-
man, at any rate—to do sums.
slops the arithmetical powers to
derful extent, though only for
t time. The victim's chief de-
to get hold of pencil and paper,
ce this is done he scribbles fig-
sometimes making attempts at
them up, but never getting
ight. Presently the figures be-
mere scrawls, and the usual re-
death or insanity. It is well
to men of science, and is used in
inds of medicine by homeopath-

JUST IN TIME.
ching stories naturally predom-
in the Rev. Dr. Newman Hall's
y published Autobiography, but
s one of secular cut which is
orth quotation.
day during Mr. Hall's pastorate
urch in Yorkshire, he was chat-
rith a farmer about the best
f self-defence when attacked
avage dog.
off your hat and hold it in
of you, advised the farmer. The
ill at once bite the rim. Then
olently under your hat, and the
be being exactly that of your leg
e of your boot will strike the
jaw of the dog, who will at once
in great pain.
very next day Mr. Hall was
g a field when a fierce dog ran
e. There was no refuge near. He
stick. He remembered his les-
n an instant the dog rushed
g round the field, and the grand
senter, with a very slight wound
hat, went his way.

An Easter Greeting.
those who have thought that
h is incurable and to whom the
at use of snuffs and ointments
almost unbearable, Catarrhazone
as a sure and delightful cure,
d for fetid breath, broken voice,
opping in the throat. Send for
hozone and be convinced. Out-
.00. Sample bottle and inhaler,
ts.
N. C. POLSON & CO.
Kingston, Ont.
ANDING ON HIS DIGNITY.
-Will you speak to papa?
Never, unless he speaks to me
It would be unjust to you
me, my dear, for he dropped me
e I adored you. Any advance
l a reconciliation must be made
r.

*A few years ago Blue
Libbon Beryl Tea was
unknown, today it is a
household word. Why?*

For Over Fifty Years
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been
used by mothers for their chil ren teething. It soothes
the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind
colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bot-
tle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be
ware and ask for "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

The highest price ever paid for a
racehorse was \$150,000 for the famous
Ormonde.

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Take two or three Momey Quinine Tablets. All Drug
ists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

New York banks pay out in interest
and dividends every quarter not far
from \$130,000,000.

Iowa Farms for sale, \$2 per acre cash, Bal-
ance 1/2 crop until paid. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Ia

One-fifth of the people of India—60-
000,000—are insufficiently fed, even in
ordinary years of prosperity.

How's This ?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for
any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by
Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
We the undersigned, have known F. J.
Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him
p riced ly honorable in all business transactions
and financially able to carry out any obligations
made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale
Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting
directly on the blood and mucous sur-
faces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold
by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

About 10,000,000 feet of birch wood
will be sent this year from Maine to
England and Scotland for spoils.

Silica Poultry Crit is the best digester in the market
LAURENTIAN SAND & GRAVEL CO., Montreal.

Berlin boasts of seven coachmen who
are retired army officers, three who
are expators, and sixteen who are nobles.

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The president of France receives a
salary of \$125,000. Additional allow-
ances make his annual income equiva-
lent to \$250,000.

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THOMAS PHOSPHATE POWDER

The Crystal Palace in London, where
the first world's convention of Chris-
tain Endeavor will be held in 1900, can
accommodate 100,000 persons. Prepara-
tions are making for 25,000 delegates.
W P C 966

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awarded 100 medals and diplomas for superior
excellence. Their regular use prevent infecti-
ous diseases. Ask your dealer to obtain a
supply. Lists mailed free on application.
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FREE This beautiful
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Ring, in ex-
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for selling 1 doz daily packets of
Heliotrop, Rose and Violet per-
fume. No brand or trademark. Sell
at 10c each. Return us \$1.20 and
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Business College
STRATFORD, ONT. We teach real business—no imi-
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STEAMSHIPS
St. John, N.B., and Halifax, to Liverpool, calling at
Londonberry. Heavy and fast twin screw steamships
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Superior accommodation for First Cabin. Second
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passage—First Cabin, \$55.00; Second Cabin,
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Gen'l Agents, 17 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

Shannon LETTER FILES and
TRANSFER CASES.
File Complete \$1.00. Board and Arch 5c.
Simplex, Board and Arch, 25c.
Binding Cases, \$3.00 per dozen complete.
The Office Specialty Mfg. Co., Limited:
122 and 124 Bay St., TORONTO.
Factory: Newmarket.

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BOILER MAKERS—Good wages,
steady employment. Brantford
is pleasantly located, living cheap.
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Only institution in Canada for the cure of
every phase of speech defect. Established
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FREE! This lovely
Little Lady's
Watch, with guard or
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5 doz. Doilies in latest and
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CANADA PERMANENT
Loan and Savings Company.
INCORPORATED 1855.
Paid-up Capital, \$2,500,000
Reserve Fund, 1,150,000
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DEPOSITS are received at interest, paid or com-
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INTERESTS issued in Currency or Sterling with
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in England. Executors and Trustees are au-
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ROYAL MAIL
STEAMERS ST. LAWRENCE
ROUTE
MONTREAL TO
LIVERPOOL.
SUMMER SAILINGS.
CALIFORNIAN—May 6, June 10, July 13.
CASTILLIAN—(new), May 20, June 24.
BAVARIAN—(new), 10,000 Tons, Twin Screw, July
20, and weekly thereafter.
Cabin Passage—\$15.00 and upwards
Second Cabin—\$3.00. Return \$6.50.
Steerage—Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Londonberry,
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TIRES
CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS
THE HARTFORD RUBBER CO.
LIMITED
TORONTO
Inner
"Maltese
Cross"
Tubes.

HEALTH RESTORED without medicine
or expense to the
most disordered Stomach, Lungs, Nerves, Liver, Blood,
Bladder, Kidneys, Brain and Breath by
Du Barry's Revalenta
Arabica Food;
which Naves Invalids and Children, and also Rears suc-
cessfully Infants whose Ailments and Debility have re-
sisted all other treatments. It digests when any
Food is rejected, saves 50 times its cost in medicine.
50 Years' Invariable Success. 100,000
Annual Cures of Constipa-
tion, Flatulency, Dyspepsia,
Indigestion, Consumption, Diarrhoea, Bronchitis, Influa-
enza, Cough, Asthma, Catarrh, Pilegum, Diarrhoea,
Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Dependancy.
Du Barry & Co., (Limited)
77 Regent
Street,
London, W., also in Paris, 14 Rue de Castiglione, and at
all Grocers, Chemists, and Stores everywhere, in time,
b. 3, 6d., 6a. 5 1/2, 14a. Sent carriage free. Also Du
Barry's Revalenta Bisculita, in tins, 3a. 6d. and 16a.
Agents for Canada: The T. Eaton Co., Limited, Toronto.

Put Your Finger on Your Pulse

You feel the blood rushing along.

But what kind of blood? That is the question.

Is it pure blood or impure blood?

If the blood is impure then you are weak and languid; your appetites are poor and your digestion is weak. You cannot sleep well and the morning finds you unprepared for the work of the day. Your cheeks are pale and your complexion is sallow. You are troubled with pimples, boils, or some eruption of the skin. Why not purify your blood?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

will do it. Take it a few days and then put your finger on your pulse again. You can feel the difference. It is stronger and your circulation better. Send for our book on Impure Blood.

If you are bilious, take Ayer's Pills. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla. They cure constipation also.

Write to our Doctors.

Write them freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1899

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

A great deal of interest is being taken in the North West just now in the question of transportation and an active agitation is in progress for the establishment of a railway commission having power somewhat along the lines of the present Railway Committee of the Privy Council only with less complicated and expensive machinery, that would, it is hoped, bring in good services within the reach of any, be they individual or corporation, who might be in need thereof.

Some attention was given to the matter during the last session of Parliament when a lengthy debate took place upon a resolution moved by the late Mr. Jamieson of Winnipeg to the effect, that the public interest demands that the railway companies of Canada should at the earliest possible moment be brought under the control of a Board of Railway Commissioners clothed with full power to enforce the provisions of the Railway

that, as regards providing a remedy for more serious grievances, you would absolutely fail if you simply invested a Commission no matter how able, with the powers which have been conferred by Statute upon the Railway Committee of the Privy Council."

AN IMPRACTICAL SCHEME,

Asked by a member of the House whether, with such a Commission, it would be possible, for instance, to secure running powers for the Intercolonial Railway, say, to Winnipeg, Mr. Blair pointed out the tremendous extent of the field such a proposal would open up, as, for example the necessity of making provision for using all the various intervening lines of railways, the necessity of utilizing the services of the employees of these railways, of using their station-houses and other buildings and so on through an interminable mass of intricate detail and then when all this minutiae had been satisfactorily arranged, and the right obtained to run the cars through, there would still be no power to take a solitary passenger or a single pound of freight at any intervening point along the hundreds of miles of road to be travelled.

NO RAILWAY COULD BE RUN

upon such a basis except under heavy loss. This instance is given simply as a sample of the thousand and one difficulties, which are in the way of a Commission that would be of practical value, and so far as the discussion has at present gone in the Western papers these and other objections do not appear to have been met.

Of this however, not only the West but the entire country may rest assured, that in place of the Government which practically handed the country over to the monopolistic grip of the C. P. R., they have at present an administration that is both able and ready to do all that is possible to ease the burdens which exists to-day, exists in spite of their protest twenty years ago,—an ability and a willingness of which they have already given sufficient proof, in the manner in which they have dealt with the Crow's Nest Pass Railway Construction subsidy and other matters of a like character.

OUR NATIONAL DEFENCES.

The report of the Department of Militia and Defence has been brought down, and, in view of the rapidly increasing interest that the country at large is taking in military matters, the volume is of more than ordinary interest.

Major-General Hutton, General Officer Commanding, has in various ways given ample proof of his active and practical interest in the condition of the force, and his part of the blue book,—his report upon the conditions and requirements of the country's defences,—is of much interest. Among other things the Major General recommends that the whole of the active militia be embodied for training during the present year, by a concentration at various central camps under his command with properly constituted staff. Relying upon the military instincts of the troops, he proposes to carry out a higher degree of training than in previous years and to include technical instruction, in which the city regiments be invited to take part during the last two days of the camps. Rifle practice with special Harris tube ammunition at miniature targets and miniature ranges was also recommended and an extension of the period of training to sixteen days for the year 1900, is suggested. He further proposes that H. squadron R.C.D. be removed from Winnipeg in

Headache

Is often a warning that the liver is torpid or inactive. More serious troubles may follow. For a prompt, efficient cure of Headache and all liver troubles, take

Hood's Pills

While they rouse the liver, restore full, regular action of the bowels, they do not gripe or pain, do not irritate or inflame the internal organs, but have a positive tonic effect. 25c. at all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Kitchener's idea seems to be to shoot the howling dervishes full of a liberal education.—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

John Bull is now feeling of Spain's pockets to see if Uncle Sam left any islands worth having.—Detroit Free Press.

According to our understanding, the saloon keepers have always favored the open door as a side issue.—Chicago Tribune.

Austria's legislative assemblage may yet succeed in developing so many duals that somebody will be hurt by a stray bullet.—Washington Star.

The plucky Dutchmen of the Transvaal are slow in accepting the British jingo basis of "destiny" that they are an inferior race.—Boston Transcript.

The Shamrock, freighted with British hopes, an Irish owner and a Scotch crew, will certainly be an all around competitor for the America's cup.—Boston Journal.

An extradition treaty between this country and Brazil has just been approved by the congress of that country. "Where will poor robin go now?"—St. Louis Star.

An American Asiatic association has been formed. In time probably we shall have the order of the Philippine Daughters of the Revolution.—Indianapolis News.

Adjutant General Corbin says our warships should be armored with baled hay. To carry out such an inconsistency they might also be "manned" by grass widows.—Denver Post.

Now will the Connecticut justice who has rendered a judicial decision that golf playing is "sport" and not "recreation" tell us what a Connecticut cigar is made of?—Boston Globe.

Hollo possesses nearly as many advantages as Walla Walla, Wash., as the site for a great college. The college yell it would form would be a phonetic marvel.—St. Louis Chronicle.

Somewhat the same people who are willing to believe that the ninety-ninth year of a century completes the century would never consent to receive \$99 in full payment of a \$100 debt.—Chicago Record.

Because his wife contracted the habit of going through his pockets for cash a Georgia man has applied for a divorce. A savings bank or a tomato can out in the woodshed might have prevented the troubles of that unhappy couple.—Minneapolis Times.

It would be a great joke on our government if just about the time it had picked out all of the islands it considered available for cable stations Tesla's and Marconi's systems of wireless telegraphy should come along and knock all of the cables into the junk pile.—Savannah News.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder Diseases relieved in six hours by the "SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by W. S. DeLoe.

CLOTHES SPECIALS.

Queer Pockets and Things Tailors Have to Put In Garments.

"No special."

With that remark to the assistant who took down the measurements the

SPRING OUR STOCK

N A

ONE PRICE



NOTICE.

A meeting of the Board of Licensure of the District of Adding the consideration of application Licenses, for the year 1899-1900, and business, will be held on

SATURDAY, APRIL 22nd,

at 10 o'clock a.m.

—in the—

INSPECTOR'S OFFICE TAMWORTH.

JAS. HERCHME

Chf

J. M. SMITH,

Sec. of Board.

Tamworth, 5th April, 1899.

The names of persons who are licensed, who are applying for license unlicensed premises are: William for the premises in the Village of Mo Grove, Township of Olden, Cour Frontenac, known as the Crawford I and Geo. Dear, for the premises at I in the Township of Camden, Con Lennox and Addington, formerly oc by Chas. Phillips, and known as hotel.

The total number of licenses issued the license year 1898-9 was 24.

The total number of application Tavern Licenses for the year 1899-00 was 27.

J. M. SMITH

Look at our WALLPAPER

CHEAPSIDE

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1899

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OUR STOCK OF

MILLINERY AND DRY GOODS

is fully assorted with all the Latest Styles.

W MOWAT & CO.

LOW PRICE ONLY.

TERMS, CASH.



RICHMOND MINUTES.

Richmond, April, 3rd, 1899.

The council met at Selby. The members present were Messrs. J. W. Hall, Reeve, and councillors of Z. A. Grooms, Manly Jones, E. U. Brown and Carleton Woods.

The Reeve presiding, the minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Woods that L. Fox be paid \$3.50 for damages sustained on Preston's bridge by horse going over approach.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Jones, seconded by Mr. Woods, that Geo. Davis be paid \$1.25 for damages sustained to threshing engine, crossing a broken culvert on township road.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Grooms, seconded by Mr. Brown that J. B. Gordon be paid \$6.50 in full of account against the township for supplies for Simon Sexsmith.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Grooms, seconded by Mr. Woods, that the treasurer receive the sum of \$6.00, the same being a refund of the burial expenses of the late Richard Griffin, paid by Mr. John Hinch.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Jones, seconded by Mr. Grooms, that the contract as presented by Mr. Wm. R. Aylsworth O. L. S., in reference to the survey of the road allowance between the 7th and 8th concessions from lots No. 7 to 13 inclusive according to the Surveys Act be ratified by the council and that the reeve sign the same and attach the corporation seal to it.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Grooms, seconded by Mr. Woods, that James McKittrick, collector, be refunded the sum of \$1.68, the same being an error in the assessment of Robert Winters for 1898.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Grooms, that N. Kimmitt be paid the sum of \$9.00 for work on bridges and \$4.05 for nails, bolts, and washers used in repair of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Jones, that John Grems be rented Selby Scales at \$5.00 per year, commencing April 1st, 1899.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Jones, that David Dafee be paid the sum

E.

ing of the Board of License Com-
rs of the District of Addington for
sideration of applications for
for the year 1899-1900, and other
will be held on

SATURDAY,
RIL 22nd, '99

at 10 o'clock a.m.

—in the—

PECTOR'S OFFICE,
CAMWORTH.

JAS. HERCHMER,

Chairman

ITH,

s. of Board.

h, 5th April, 1899.

ames of persons who are not
who are applying for license for
d premises are: William Uens,
remises in the Village of Mountain
Township of Olden, County of
c, known as the Crawford House;
Dear, for the premises at Yarker,
Township of Camden, County of
nd Addington, formerly occupied
Phillips, and known as Dear's

al number of licenses issued for
e year 1898-9 was 24.

tal number of applications for
licenses for the year 1899-1900 is

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for As-
similating the Food and Regula-
ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
ness and Rest. Contains neither
Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloë Juice -
Rochelle Salt -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Eli Carbonate Soda -
Warm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Whiskey Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipa-
tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher,
NEW YORK.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
—OF—
Chas. H. Fletcher.
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It

... who are applying for license for
used premises are: William Uens,
premises in the Village of Mountain
Township of Olden, County of
enac, known as the Crawford House;
ieo. Dear, for the premises at Yarker,
Township of Camden, County of
e and Addington, formerly occupied
as. Phillips, and known as Dear's
total number of licenses issued for
ense year 1898-9 was 24.
total number of applications for
n Licenses for the year 1899-1900 is
J. M. SMITH,
License Inspector
orth, April 5th, 1899.



NICE,
eeting of the
GENSE COMMISSIONERS
license district of Lennox, will be
the

TOWN HALL,
Town of Napanee, County of Lennox
and Addington, on
THURSDAY,
Twentieth Day of April,
9, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m.,

purpose of considering applications
nees for the ensuing year.
W. A. ROSE,
License Inspector
e has been filed in my office one
ation for a Shop License for the
f Napanee and fourteen applications
ern Licenses for the district of
W. A. ROSE,
License Inspector.
at Napanee this 3rd day of
April, 1899.

... Woods, that James McKittick, collector,
be refunded the sum of \$1.68, the same
being an error in the assessment of Robert
Winters for 1898.—Carried.
Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr.
Grooms, that N. Kimmett be paid the sum
of \$9.00 for work on bridges and \$4.05 for
nails, bolts, and washers used in repair of
the same.—Carried.
Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr.
Jones, that John Grems be rented Selby
Scales at \$5.00 per year, commencing
April 1st, 1899.—Carried.
Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr.
Jones, that David Dafeo be paid the sum
of \$1.50 for the use of his fields for public
travel for the winter of 1898 and 1899.—
Carried.
Moved by Mr. Grooms, seconded by Mr.
Brown, that the collector's time be extended
until the first Monday in May.—Carried.
Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr.
Brown, that the council adjourn to meet on
the first Monday in May at the hour of 10
o'clock, a.m.—Carried.
A. WINTER,
Township Clerk.

Paid Him Back.
A droll story of the matinee that comes
from Paris. Sitting in a theater in a hat
of startling dimensions a lady heard a
voice behind her: "Is there no good sense
left? Are we to have our view of the stage
blocked by people in hats like that?" The
protest, which was made by a stout gentle-
man, became so vehement that the lady
rose and walked out.
A week or two later, at another theater,
she found herself sitting behind a stout
personage with a great head and two huge
ears which stood out like fans. At once
she perceived that it was her assailant of
the previous occasion. So, addressing the
audience at large, she exclaimed: "Is
there no good sense left? Are we to have
our view of the stage blocked by people
with ears like these in front of me?" After
a few moments of this eloquence the ears
retracted in discomfiture.—San Francisco



NOTICE!
I will be at the residence of Mr. Wm. O'Hare,
upon lot No. 12, in the 7th concession of the
Township of Richmond, at 2 o'clock,
AFTERNOON OF THE 18th
DAY OF APRIL, 1899
to begin the survey of the road allowance be-
tween the 7th and 8th concession, in said Town-
ship from lot No. 7 to lot No. 13, inclusive; and
I hereby request all parties interested in said
survey to attend at the said time and place and
give any evidence they can as to the original
survey of said road allowance.
WM. F. AYLSWORTH.
O. L. Surveyor.
Shire Hall, Belleville, April 4th, 1899.

**Peppermint -
Soda -
Warm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Minty Green Flavor.**

**A perfect Remedy for Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER,

BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It
is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell
you anything else on the plea or promise that it
is "just as good" and "will answer every pur-
pose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-
simile
signature
of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on
every
wrapper

Fog In Photography.
One serious and at the same time un-
suspected source of fog in photography
is often due to the fact that the black-
ing has slightly worn off the lens
mount and there is a reflection which
results in a loss of brilliancy in the
negative. Constant use and endless
cleaning of the lens in time wear the
blackening off, and this should be attend-
ed to and all metal parts kept well
blackened. Where lenses are mounted in
aluminium still more care is necessary
in this respect, as, wherever in such
cases the blacking wears off, white light
instead of yellow light is reflected into
the lens.
Sometimes diaphragms of the iris
pattern are greatly at fault in this re-
spect. By reason of its construction the
leaves or vanes in this diaphragm are in
constant friction while being set, and
thus become polished and reflective, for
which reason some photographers avoid
having iris diaphragms in their lenses,
notwithstanding their convenience. A
careful examination of the apparatus
will insure safety in this matter. Stops
of the ordinary pattern become in time
little better than bare metal, especially
at the edges of the aperture.
A man who is overshrewd in his
business relations is pretty sure to learn
in the course of time that the world is
shrewd enough to protect itself against
him.—Somerville Journal.
Gambling debts are recoverable by
law in France, Spain, Venezuela, and
in some cases in Germany.

Some Clerical Jokes.
"Do you have matins in your
church?" "No, we prefer linoleum."
Another clerk gave out in church, "Le-
us sing to the praise and glory of God
a hymn of my own composition." A
lady asked the dean to read at her bed-
side "that beautiful lesson *** ther
was summat about greaves in it." The
dean read her I Samuel, xvii. "Sh
listened with arms outstretched and
made no comment until I came to the
verse, 'He had greaves of brass upon his
legs.' At this she raised her hands in
ecstasy and said, 'Ah, them greaves
them beautiful greaves!'"—"Phases of
My Life," by Dean Pigou.
The Araxes river, in Transcaucasia
has shifted to its ancient bed and now
flows directly into the Caspian sea in-
stead of into the Kurra at a point 60
miles from the latter's mouth.

HOWARD'S
Heart Relief

For Palpitation, Pain about the Heart,
Pressure in the Head
is the best medicine known. No failure to
be reported.
It causes the blood to flow more freely,
ly, unobstructed, through every artery,
nourishment and health to every organ and
muscle.
It promptly relieves brain congestion, head
pain, heated swelling feet, etc. It is
Prepared by mail with full directions at 50
per box, 5 boxes for \$2.00.
S. W. HOWARD, 71 Victoria St., Toronto, Ont.

POLLARD'S BOOKSTORE



Have You Tried our Perfumes?

Wallflower, 25c,
Eau de Cologne, 10c.

Wood Violets, 25c.
Lavender Water, 10c

Purchased from the firm of Sir Faudell Phillips, Lord Mayor of London in the
Jubilee year.

Washable Wallpapers and Borders a Specialty.

at our WALLPAPER.

THE POLLARD CO'Y.

A GREAT SALE OF DRESS GOODS!

Saturday morning. We will give the ladies of Napanee and vicinity an opportunity to buy Dress Goods at prices barely covering cost of production.

We particularly direct your attention to the fact that our goods are all new and of the most approved styles. Ladies wishing to choose from a complete assortment must be on hand early

Saturday Morning

as at the very low prices they are bound to find a speedy sale. Goods will be on view Friday in our West window.

J. J. KERR

Dundas Street, Napanee.

NEW PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

Now in full operation. All kinds Lumber, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Custom work done on shortest notice. Get our prices before buying. Mr. Embury is prepared to draw plans for parties wanting them.

Embury & Madole.

Ideal Breakfast Foods.

I am offering the undermentioned lines of Ideal Foods.

Packages—Famouse.	By lb.—Wheat Germ.
Swiss Food.	Wheatlet.
Rolled Wheat.	Granulated Homing.
Jersey Oats.	Farina.
Breakfast Food.	Rolled Oats.
Quaker Oats.	Rolled Wheat.
Buckwheat Flour.	Gold Dust Cornmeal.

W. COXALL

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000
RESERVE FUND — \$1,500,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTED.
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST
CURRENT RATES.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS
RECEIVED.



DENTISTS

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.
C. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.
Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, and Graduate of Toronto University.

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK.

Visits made to Tamworth the first Monday in each month, remaining over Tuesday. Rooms at Wheeler's Hotel.

All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in Yarker.
Napanee office open every day.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

OF WATER AND OF SPIRIT

To the Editor of THE NAPANEE EXPRESS.

DEAR SIR—If we consider the size strength and worth of one of those fine stately elms that one may see here and there in our country, it would seem strange that all that should come, as it does, from a little winged seed. That seed is, so to speak, the little gate, through which that mysterious power that in many ways may be called divine, enters, to gradually transform the little embryo of the seed into the large beautiful and mighty tree.

This may be looked at as an analogy or emblem to another great fact that is often seen or witnessed, namely the possession by some people of a certain strong ability or living power to resist being drawn into bad or evil, and to keep to the strict and often stern demands of what is right or correct or truly good.

This power or ability takes in some the form of moral power, and in some the form of spirit power. Without doubt it is very strongly present in some, and also conspicuously absent in others. But this great and strong fact of character that we observe in some, this power and ability to keep free and unscathed from any wrong or bad, and to keep to the true and good, may seem entirely too great a thing to be developed from or to be grown from or to be produced by such a seemingly little and unpotential or impotent thing or process, as the purification and renovation of one's physical mental spiritual emotional and volitional nature (by mental and spiritual agencies such as "water and Spirit"); just as the little seed may seem an entirely inadequate and unpotential means of achieving the development and consummation of the tree in its strength and worth.

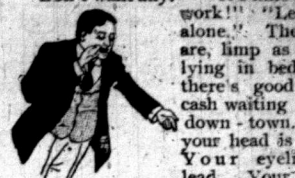
Yet both these processes are equally facts and equally true. And to the eye of scientific investigation and consideration, both processes are quite adequate and potential. In short, that great desideratum, that power that is so critically and momentarily necessary very often to save one from moral peril and ruin, namely the moral and spirit power to hold one's self free from the power of the evil that watches for people from every side, that ability and power can be obtained and be had by the simple process of being cleansed and renewed into new life of one's self or personality (both body and spirit, both mind and heart, both physical mental spiritual emotional and volitional nature) by "water and Spirit."

That this is a fact and truth can be proved in many ways both practically observationally scientifically philosophically and biblically. Let us here at present take the latter mode, as it was indicated, in my previous letter, could be done by a consideration of the latter part of the two verses 3 & 5 of the 3rd chapter of John's Evangel.

There are, no doubt, places in the Bible in which the original is difficult to understand, and the meaning hard to get at. But it is not so here. The Greek here is as plain and simple as can be written; and the signification of it with reference to the problem of how to obtain moral and spirit strength and ability and living power, is that this cannot be got without the purification and renovation of one's self (one's undivided self) by agencies fitly adapted to such operation, such as "water and Spirit." Now, let us scrutinize the actual words of the expression very carefully, when it will be seen that this expressed signification

IT IS BREAKFAST TIME!

"Don't want any." "It's time to work!" "Le alone." The are, limp as lying in bed there's good cash waiting down - town. Your head is Your eyelids lead. Your tastes bad. And you don't can liver — liver — liver. And ston stomach—stomach. You don't k but it's so.



There's just one remedy that v vim in you—by giving you clean a healthy stomach, a lively liv blood that is rich and red and do nate. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden l Discovery. It puts an appetite in your stomach, a move to your bowels, life in your liver, and the stuff that builds bone, flesh and nerve in your blood. It will make you sleep at night, wake in the morning, eat your meals and work with a zest. It cures all diseases resulting from improper sufficient nourishment — lung, liver and blood troubles. It con alcohol to inebriate or create cra stimulants. An honest dealer offer you an inferior substitut little extra profit.

In a letter received from A. D. Weller Pensacola, Escambia Co., Fla. (Box states: "I have, since receiving your of my case as stomach trouble and l plaint, taken eight bottles of the 'Gold cal Discovery' and must say that I a formed from a walking shadow (as I v called me) to perfect health. I v remedies very highly and take pl recommending them to any and all w as I did. Four months ago I did not be in shape to assist our 'Ugde Sa case of hostilities, but thanks to you, I ready for the 'Dons.'")

Keep your bowels open. Dr. Pleasant Pellets will do it without All medicine dealers.

the time when this conversati Nicodemus took place.

The other meaning of this exp namely a state or kingdom is all the members of it are indi who have within themselves "kingdom of the Theos," is s production into a wider an general application, of the first u

Then look at the first meaning, is the essential meaning, and principal and true meaning, readily see, that "to see the k of the Theos" (which is a st person's nature and life,) mean what it is in all its propri quality; that is, to see and kno kind of nature and life and act state and being, is the wish of man's Theos that he can li and happily.

Now a person cannot have sight or perception or knowl such a state of being or life, by having a mental perception of reading about it; that is not Mental knowledge is only a knowledge, and not a complet ledge, and therefore not the tru ledge that is necessary. For i to know what joy is, it is nece feel it and not merely to rea cription of it written down. Y not tell how maple sugar ta merely reading about it; y actually taste it, you must internal feeling that we call order to fully perceive or k rectly what are the benefits o bathing, by merely reading abo To know them truly they must perceive them in himse so, in order to fully and correc the sight or perception or k of what that internal state o

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000
RESERVE FUND — \$1,500,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTED.
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST
CURRENT RATES.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS
RECEIVED.

T. S. HILL, Agent.

THE - MERCHANTS - BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, — Montreal
Capital paid up, \$6,000,000

Surplus, \$3,000,000
INTEREST AT CURRENT RATES
PAID ON DEPOSITS.
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTED.

W. A. BELLHOUSE,
Manager, Napanee Branch

A. S. ASHLEY,
.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE
12 YEARS IN NAPANEE.
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods
Store, Napanee.

THE ROYAL HOTEL,
Dundas Street, Napanee.
H. HUNTER, Prop.

This commodious hotel is centrally situated
having every convenience for the travelling and
business public. Large yard and sheds for
farmers.
Good table, best of wines liquors, and cigars
The comfort of guests is made a first con-
sideration.

MONEY, Bring your cash and
get a Bicycle.

50 WHEELS, NEW AND SECOND HAND, must
be sold for cash within a few days. Prices from
\$12.00 TO \$40.00.

Also 2 NEW TOP BUCCIES, McLaughlin make
S. CASEY DENISON,
store, north end Centre street.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General
Hospital.
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 5:15

HERRINGTON & WARNER
Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES
Office—Warner Block, East-st., Napanee. 57

DEROCHE & MADIEN
Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Con-
veyancers, Notaries Public, etc.
Office—Grange block.
Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rates
W. M. DEROCHÉ, Q. C. 5:15 J. H. MADDEN

MORDEEN & RUTTAN,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

Solicitor for the Merchant's Bank of Canada
etc., etc.
Dundas Street, Napanee.
G. F. RUTTAN.
Private funds to loan at five per cent.

JAS. AYLESWORTH,
POLICE MAGISTRATE for the Provincial
Electoral District of Addington.

Conveyancer,
G. T. Ry. Ticket Agent,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Commissioner, etc., in H.C.J.

Clerk, 7th Division Court, of the
County of Lennox & Addington

DENTISTS
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Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
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OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK.
Visits made to Tamworth the first Mon-
day in each month, remaining over Tuesday.
Rooms at Wheeler's Hotel.
All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in
Yarker.
Napanee office open every day.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

Insure your property in the Lennox and
Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Because it is a Home Company.
Because it is a Safe Company.
Because it is the cheapest and best.
Because it affords the most liberal policies to
patrons.

Because it insures only (isolated) non-haz-
ardous risks, as farm property, county churches
halls, and school houses.
Because it is the Farmer's Company managed
by Farmers in the interest of farmers of the
Counties of Lennox and Addington, Hastings
Frontenac, Lanark and Leeds.

Officers—B. C. Lloyd, President; I. F. Ayles-
worth, Vice-President; Stewart I. Daly, Treas.
Directors—A. C. Parks, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Hills,
J. B. Aylesworth, W. R. Longmore, L. F. Ayles-
Honorary Directors—Jas. Bied, M.P.P., A. H.
Baker, A. V. Price, C. R. Allison, Wm. Charters,
W. W. Meacham, C. W. Neville, D. C. F. ward,
D. W. Allison, F. B. Guess, James Kaapp, John
Turcott, Thos. J. Donohoe, Peter F. Carscallen,
Daniel Schermerhorn, Thos. V. Sexsmith, James
Murphy, James Cla e, Henry Irwin. The board
meets at the Secretary's office on the first
Saturday of every month at one p.m.

N. A. Caton, Napanee,
Thos. B. Wilson, Newburgh, Agents
Eloah Goodwin, Kingston,
M. C. BOGART, Sec'y.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING
Distinguished everywhere for
Delicacy of Flavour, Superior
Quality, and Nutritive Prop-
erties. Specially grateful and
comforting to the nervous and
dyspeptic. Sold only in 1-lb.
tins, labelled JAMES EPPS &
Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chem-
ists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER
EPPS'S COCOA

COURT OF REVISION.

NOTICE—The Court of Revision for the
Township of Tyendinaga will hold its first
sitting for the current year in the Town Hall,
Melrose, on

Thursday, May 25th Next

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon
A. B. RANDALL, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, April 3rd, 1899.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of William
Fitzell, late of the Township of Camden, in the
County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer,
deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Revised
Statutes of Ontario, 1897, Chapter 123, Section
38, that all persons having claims against the
estate of William Fitzell, late of the Township
of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Ad-
dington, Farmer, deceased, who died on or
about the 13th day of February, 1899, are required
to send by post prepaid or to deliver to
Messrs. Deroche & Madien, of the town of
Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington,
solicitors for Elizabeth Ann Fitzell admin-
istratrix of all and singular the property of the
said William Fitzell, deceased, on or before the
10th DAY OF MAY, 1899, their names and
addresses and descriptions, and a full state-
ment of the particulars of their claims and the
nature of the security (if any) held by them:
verified by affidavit and after the said 10th day
of May, 1899, the said administratrix will pro-
ceed to distribute the assets of the said William
Fitzell among the parties entitled thereto, having
regard only to the claims of which notice
shall have been received as above required.
And the said administratrix will not be
liable for the said assets or any part thereof to
any person or persons of whose claim notice
shall not have been received, duly verified, by
the said Administratrix at the time of such dis-
tribution.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors for the said Administratrix
Dated at Napanee this 5th day of April, A.D., 1899

to get at. But it is not so here. The
Greek here is as plain and simple as
can be written; and the signification
of it with reference to the problem of
how to obtain moral and spirit strength
and ability and living power, is that
this cannot be got without the purifi-
cation and renovation of one's self
(one's undivided self) by agencies fitly
adapted to such operation, such as
"water and Spirit." Now, let us
scrutinize the actual words of the ex-
position very carefully, when it will be
seen that this expressed signification
of it is true.

"Except a person is born anew, born
anew (or new) of water and of Spirit,
he is not able to see or to go into the
kingdom of the Theos (God)." (Please
allow me here, for reasons that may
hereafter be given, to use the original
word Theos.)

1. Let us note the specific meaning
of being "able to see the kingdom
of the Theos." The meaning of the
kingdom of the Theos is very clearly
pointed out in many passages in the
New Testament; and we may say that
its usual and general meaning is, that
state of existence or of nature or of life
and action, which the will and wish of
man's Theos is worked out satisfactorily
and fully, and in which people have
that perfection of goodness and right-
ness in their nature and life, and cor-
responding felicity and excellence, that
it is the wish and will and effort and
obj of the Divine Being, "should be
theirs."

Now this state or condition of right-
ness and felicity and excellence, is pri-
marily or principally a state of a
person's self or personality; it is
"within" a person as Christ said.
This the general and almost universal
significance of this expression as used
by Christ, especially in the early or
fore part of his ministry, which was

Vim
Vigor
Vitality
D. WARD'S
BLOOD & NERVE
PILLS

VIM—to work and to win—to keep a sane
mind in a sound body—to laugh at worry.
VIGOR—to ward off disease—to con-
quer obstacles—to transmit health and
strength to your posterity.

VITALITY—to resist the fearful strain
and tension of modern life—to make up
for the constant drains of overwork.
Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills confer
all these essential qualities on the user.

THIS EVIDENCE IS AMPLE PROOF.

Before using Dr. Ward's Blood and
Nerve Pills I felt weak, nervous and run
down. I had lost weight steadily for
some time; my circulation was poor;
hands, feet and limbs were cold. I always
felt weak and my muscles trembled. Now,
after the use of one box of Dr. Ward's
Pills, I feel like my old self. I have gained
five pounds in weight and 100 per cent.
in cheerfulness. I now walk firmly, my
muscular system is strong and my blood
circulates vigorously. I have more comfort
than I have experienced in years. Dr.
Ward's Pills have done more for me than
any medicine I ever took.

PETER CARMICHAEL,
13 Bright St., Toronto, Ont.
All good druggists can supply you. If
they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per
box, or 5 boxes for \$2.00. THE DOCTOR
WARD CO. Limited, Toronto, Ont.

feel it and not merely to a
cription of it written down.
not tell how maple sugar
merely reading about it; j
actually taste it, you must
internal feeling that we cal
order to fully perceive or
rectly what are the benefits
bathing, by merely reading at
To know them truly as they
must perceive them in himse
so, in order to fully and corre
the sight or perception or l
of what that internal state
tion of nature, of life and b
condition of rightness and fel
is called "the kingdom of it
is; one must have an intern
personal perception and feel
in his emotional and voliti
physical and spiritual natur
as a mental perception of it.

Now this internal state, c
ception of what this true div
comes only from that refreshi
ing or renovating purificatio
whole undivided (un-left-ou
(his mind spirit soul and l
also his head his brain and
physical nature,) that com
bath or bathing of one's w
body and soul and spirit.

Or, to put it in ancient
phrase, one is not able to se
personally what "the kingd
Theos" in a person really is,
is born new both of wat
Spirit, (or of physically
instrumentalities and of thos
and influences and powers of
that purify and recuperate
the intellect, the soul and the

Or, the high state of the
intense and almost infinite
spirit, the pureness of heart,
ness and cleanness of soul, the
of soul, the clean elasti
strength of the physical life a
all these things that are the
of the Theistic life and in t
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M. R.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$1,500,000
RESERVE FUND — \$1,500,000

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTIONED.
INTEREST ALLOWED AT HIGHEST
CURRENT RATES.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS
RECEIVED.

T. S. HILL, Agent.

THE - MERCHANTS - BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, — Montreal
Capital paid up, \$6,000,000
Surplus, \$3,000,000

INTEREST AT CURRENT RATES
PAID ON DEPOSITS.
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTIONED.

W. A. BELLHOUSE,
Manager, Nanawee Branch

A. S. ASHLEY,
.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE
— 12 YEARS IN NANAWEE.
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods
Store, Nanawee.

THE ROYAL HOTEL, Dundas Street, Nanawee. H. HUNTER, Prop.

This commodious hotel is centrally situated
having every convenience for the travelling and
business public. Large yard and sheds for
farmers.
Good table, best of wines liquors, and cigars
The comfort of guests is made a first con-
sideration.

MONEY,

Bring your cash and
get a Bicycle.
50 WHEELS, NEW AND SECOND HAND, must
be sold for cash within a few days. Prices from
\$12.00 TO \$40.00.

Also 2 NEW TOP BUCCIES, McLaughlin make
S. CASEY DENISON,
store, north end Centre street.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S. Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General
Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
West and Robert Streets, Nanawee. 5:15

HERRINGTON & WARNER Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES
Office—Warner Block, East-st., Nanawee. 57

DEROCHE & MADIEN Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Con-
veyancers, Notaries Public, etc.

Office—Grange block.
Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rates
H. M. DEROCHÉ, Q. C. 5:15 J. H. MADDEN

MORDEN & RUTTAN, Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

Solicitor for the Merchant's Bank of Canada
etc., etc.
Dundas Street, Nanawee.

G. F. RUTTAN.
Private funds to loan at five per cent.

JAS. AYLESWORTH, POLICE MAGISTRATE for the Provincial Electoral District of Addington.

Conveyancer,
G. T. Ry. Ticket Agent,
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Commissioner, etc., in H.C.)

Clerk, 7th Division Court, of the
County of Lennox & Addington



DENTISTS

C. D. WARTMAN, D.D.S.
C. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.
Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons of Ontario, and graduate of Toron-
to University.

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK.
Visits made to Tamworth the first Mon-
day in each month, remaining over Tuesday.
Room at Wheeler's Hotel.
All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in
Yarker.
Nanawee office open every day.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

Insure your property in the Lennox and
Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Because it is a Home Company.
Because it is a Safe Company.
Because it is the cheapest and best.
Because it affords the most liberal policies to
patrons.

Because it insures only (isolated) non-haz-
ardous risks, as farm property, county churches
halls and school houses.
Because it is the Farmer's Company managed
by Farmers in the interest of farmers of the
Counties of Lennox and Addington, Hastings
Frontenac, Lanark and Leeds.

Officers—B. C. Lloyd, President; I. F. Ayles-
worth, Vice-President; Stewart I. Daly, Treas.
Directors—A. C. Parks, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Mills,
J. B. Aylesworth, W. R. Longmore, L. F. Ayles-
worth, Honorary Directors—Jas. Bied, M.P.P., A. H.
Baker, A. V. Price, C. R. Allison, Wm. Charters,
W. W. Meacham, C. W. Neville, D. C. F. ward,
D. W. Allison, F. B. Guess, James Kaapp, John
Turcott, Thos. J. Donohoe, Peter F. Carscallen,
Daniel Schermerhorn, Thos. V. Sexsmith, James
Murphy, James Cla e, Henry Irwin. The board
meets at the Secretary's office on the first
Saturday of every month at one p.m.

N. A. Caton, Nanawee,
Thos. B. Wilson, Newburgh, Agents
Edoah Goodwin, Kingston,
M. C. BOGART, Sec'y.

EPPE'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING
Distinguished everywhere for
Delicacy of Flavour, Superior
Quality, and Nutritive Prop-
erties. Specially grateful and
comforting to the nervous and
dyspeptic. Sold only in 1-lb.
tins, labelled JAMES EPPE &
Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chem-
ists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER EPPE'S COCOA

COURT OF REVISION.

NOTICE—The Court of Revision for the
Township of Tyendinaga will hold its first
sitting for the current year in the Town Hall,
Melrose, on

Thursday, May 25th Next

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon

A. B. RANDALL, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, April 3rd, 1899.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of William
Fitzell, late of the Township of Camden, in the
County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer,
deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Revised
Statutes of Ontario, 1897, Chapter 123, Section
38, that all persons having claims against the
estate of William Fitzell, late of the Township
of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Ad-
dington, Farmer, deceased, who died on or
about the 13th day of February, 1899, are required
to send by post prepaid or to deliver to
Messrs. Deroche & Madien, of the town of
Nanawee, in the County of Lennox and Addington,
solicitors for Elizabeth Ann Fitzell, administratrix
of all and singular the property of the
said William Fitzell, deceased, on or before the
10th DAY OF MAY, 1899, their names and
addresses and descriptions, and a full state-
ment of the particulars of their claims and the
nature of the security (if any) held by them:
verified by affidavit and after the said 10th day
of May, 1899, the said administratrix will pro-
ceed to distribute the assets of the said William
Fitzell among the parties entitled thereto, hav-
ing regard only to the claims of which notice
shall have been received as above required.
And the said administratrix will not be
liable for the said assets or any part thereof to
any person or persons of whose claim notice
shall not have been received, duly verified, by
the said Administratrix at the time of such dis-
tribution.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,

Solicitors for the said Administratrix

Dated at Nanawee this 5th day of April, A.D., 1899

to get at. But it is not so here. The
Greek here is as plain and simple as
can be written; and the signification
of it with reference to the problem of
how to obtain moral and spirit strength
and ability and living power, is that
this cannot be got without the purifi-
cation and renovation of one's self
(one's undivided self) by agencies fitly
adapted to such operation, such as
"water and Spirit." Now, let us
scrutinize the actual words of the ex-
pression very carefully, when it will be
seen that this expressed signification
of it is true.

"Except a person is born anew, born
anew (or new) of water and of Spirit,
he is not able to see or to go into the
kingdom of the Theos (God)." (Please
allow me here, for reasons that may
hereafter be given, to use the original
word Theos.)

1. Let us note the specific meaning
of being "able to see the kingdom
of the Theos." The meaning of the
kingdom of the Theos is very clearly
pointed out in many passages in the
New Testament; and we may say that
its usual and general meaning is, that
state of existence or of nature or of life
and action, which the will and wish of
man's Theos is worked out satisfactorily
and fully, and in which people have
that perfection of goodness and right-
ness in their nature and life, and cor-
responding felicity and excellence, that
it is the wish and will and effort and
obj of the Divine Being, should be
theirs.

Now this state or condition of right-
ness and felicity and excellence, is pri-
marily or principally a state of a
person's self or personality; it is
"within" a person as Christ said.
This the general and almost universal
significance of this expression as used
by Christ, especially in the early or
fore part of his ministry, which was

feel it and not merely to re-
scription of it written down.
not tell how maple sugar is
merely reading about it; you
actually taste it, you must
internal feeling that we cal-
order to fully perceive or
directly what are the benefits
bathing, by merely reading at
To know them truly as they
must perceive them in him-
so, in order to fully and corre-
the sight or perception or
of what that internal state-
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Or, to put it in ancient
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part in the kingdom of th
requires an extended consider

M. R.

Vim Vigor Vitality



VIM—to work and to win—to keep a sane
mind in a sound body—to laugh at worry.

VIGOR—to ward off disease—to con-
quer obstacles—to transmit health and
strength to your posterity.

VITALITY—to resist the fearful strain
and tension of modern life—to make up
for the constant drains of overwork.
Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills confer
all these essential qualities on the user.

THIS EVIDENCE IS AMPLE PROOF.

Before using Dr. Ward's Blood
and Nerve Pills I felt weak, nervous and run
down. I had lost weight steadily for
some time; my circulation was poor;
hands, feet and limbs were cold. I always
felt weak and my muscles trembled. Now,
after the use of one box of Dr. Ward's
Pills, I feel like my old self. I have gained
five pounds in weight and 100 per cent.
in cheerfulness. I now walk firmly, my
muscular system is strong and my blood
circulates vigorously. I have more comfort
than I have experienced in years. Dr.
Ward's Pills have done more for me than
any medicine I ever took.

PETER CARMICHAEL,

13 Bright St., Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If
they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per
box, or 5 boxes for \$2.00. THE DOCTOR
WARD CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

...want any." "It's time to go to work!" "Leave me alone." There you are, limp as a rag, lying in bed when there's good cold cash waiting for you down town. But your head is heavy. Your eyelids are lead. Your tongue ad. And you don't care. It's liver—liver. And stomach—stomach. You don't know it, so.

...s just one remedy that will put you—by giving you clean bowels, a lively stomach, a lively liver, and that is rich and red and don't stagnate is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. It puts an appetite in your stomach, a move to the bowels, life in your liver, the stuff that builds strength and nerve in your system. It will put you to sleep at night, wake you in the morning, and put your work in your head. It is all dis-rupting from improper and in-adequate nourishment—lung, nerve, and blood troubles. It contains no opium, and it creates craving for more. An honest dealer won't put an inferior substitute for a genuine product.

...ter received from A. D. Weller, Esq., of Escambia Co., Fla. (Box 544), he writes: "I have, since receiving your diagnosis, as stomach trouble and liver com-plaint, taken eight bottles of the 'Golden Medical Remedy' and must say that I am trans-ferred from a walking shadow (as my friends call me) to perfect health. I value your medicine very highly and take pleasure in recommending it to any and all who suffer from stomach and liver troubles. Four months ago I did not think to hope to assist our 'Uncle Samuel' in his hostilities, but thanks to you, I am now 'the Dons.'"

...your bowels open. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Remedy. Dr. Pellets will do it without griping. licine dealers.

...when this conversation with him took place.

...ther meaning of this expression, a state or kingdom in which members of it are individuals are within themselves this "kingdom of the Theos," is simply a kingdom on a wider and more application, of the first meaning. Look at the first meaning which is essential meaning, and also the al and true meaning, we can see, that "to see the kingdom of the Theos" (which is a state of a nature and life,) means to see it in all its proportion and ; that is, to see and know what nature and life and action and being, is the wish and will of the Theos—that he can live right and happily.

...a person cannot have a true perception or knowledge of state of being or life, by simply a mental perception of it or by about it; that is not enough. knowledge is only a partial thing, and not a complete knowl- edge, and therefore not the true knowl- edge is necessary. For instance, to know what joy is, it is necessary to and not merely to read a descrip- tion of it written down. You can- not know maple sugar tastes, by reading about it; you must taste it, you must have the in- ternal feeling that we call taste; in- stead of fully perceive or know what are the benefits of water- ing, by merely reading about them. Now then truly they are, one perceives it in himself. Just in order to fully and correctly have an internal perception or knowledge of that internal state or condi- tion, of life and being, that

NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

To Correspondents.—Persons sending in items from the surrounding district must sign their names to correspondence as a sign of good faith, not for publication. Any correspondence received without the name attached will not be published.

WILTON.

Mr. James Forsyth has been very ill with pneumonia, but at last account was much better.

Metzler's cheese factory opened Monday, with nearly 6,000 lbs. of milk.

Mordy Storms and Misses F. Peters and E. Simmons are home for their Easter Holidays.

Miss M. Emerson is spending Easter with friends at Mississippi and Sydenham.

Miss A. McL. Forsyth and B. Neilson, returned from Ottawa, Tuesday.

C. Neilson and W. Davy attended the Owen E. Smiley concert at Kingston, Tuesday evening.

James Lewis was in Toronto last week, having been sent as delegate by the Chosen Friends.

Catarrh Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the b'lower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. Sold by W. S. Detlor.

LAPUM'S WEST.

Sugar making has been very light with poor prospects.

Sleighting is fast disappearing.

Our neighborhood has been increased to the extent of a little girl at James Huff's and a boy at John E. Boulton's.

We understand that Wm. Lapum will soon return home from Newburgh for to stay, with his trade complete.

James Huff had the misfortune to have one of his horses badly injured last week by being kicked. He came out safe this time.

The Free Methodist Quarterly Meetings at Wilton were fairly well attended from here last Friday Saturday and Sunday.

Visitors—Miss Smith, of Westbrook, at Henry E. Bushe's; Mr. Fred Dewitt, of Glenvale, at his father's; Chas. Histed, of Camden East, at Wm. Histed's.

Elmo Snider, of Cataraqui paid us a friendly visit last week, prior to leaving for Watertown, N.Y.

Arnold Brown is soon to move on the Daly farm here, but he appears to be waiting for company.

Brown and Huff are doing a large business sawing wood.

Our sick list has been cancelled this week, hope it will stay so.

Milk wagons started here on Monday, and the topical question of "where your milk will go" will shortly be settled.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause, and the disease immediately disappears. First dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by W. S. Detlor.

CROYDON.

To Late For Last Week's Issue.

Mr. Frank Lynch is able to be out again but cannot attend to his ordinary business.

Mrs. William Jamieson has a class of pupils in music here.

Mr. Joseph Teskey has purchased a fine new organ.

On St. Patrick's day our energetic teacher W. Vanalstine and others held a dance in Mr. J. Hunter's new building by way of an opening. The small number present report a good time.

Mr. J. M. Smith, License Inspector, of Tamworth, was in town this week.

Indigestion or Dyspepsia

Always Becomes Chronic in Time!

The blood becomes bad and finally weak, pale and deceased. Medicines that HELP Dyspepsia only give temporary relief, and do not cure the root of the trouble, which, like all chronic ailments, depend upon the state of the blood.

CURE YOUR INDIGESTION BY ENRICHING THE BLOOD

The only Natural Blood-maker is CAPSULOIDS. They contain the Natural Iron extracted from Fresh Bullock's Blood.



"This represents the exact amount of Rich, Red Blood added to your Blood Vessels by taking one Capsuloid each meal three times daily."

Take ONE or even TWO with each meal three times daily, if you are very bad, and stick to them till the rich, red blood which they make has made your stomach strong and well.

Then a few Capsuloids, taken from time to time, will keep you perfectly well.

Dr. Campbell's

RED BLOOD FORMING Capsuloids

Are sold only in boxes at 50c per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, by all leading druggists, or sent on receipt of price from The Canadian Branch Office.

The Capsuloid Co.,

DURHAM BLOCK, BROCKVILLE, ONT.

For sale at W. S. DETLOR'S, and A. T. HUFFMAN'S Drug Stores.

IN CONSEQUENCE

of the death of Mr. Ford, our late partner, we have engaged Mr. Edward Huff to attend to all orders for Clothing.

A FRESH NEW STOCK IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES JUST RECEIVED.

A call solicited. Bottom prices and good work guaranteed.

T. G. DAVIS & CO.

441y

Burn

E.B.Eddy's Matches

They never fail

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

Eastern Standard Time. No. 13 Taking effect Dec. 2nd, 1895

Tweed and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.				
Stations	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lve		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Tweed	0	6 50	9 15	3 15	Deseronto	0	6 50	9 15	3 15
Stoco	3	6 58	9 23	3 23	Deseronto Junction	4	7 05	9 30	3 30
Larkins	7	7 10	9 38	3 38	Napanee	9	7 35	10 00	3 45
Marlbank	13	7 25	9 55	3 55	Napanee	9	7 45	12 15	4 40
Erinsville	17	7 40	10 10	4 10	Napanee Mills	15	8 00	12 30	4 55
Tamworth	20	7 55	2 15	4 25	Newburgh	17	8 10	12 58	5 02
Wilson	21	8 05	2 25	4 35	Thompson's Mills	18	8 20	1 00	5 10
Enterprise	26	8 10	2 30	4 45	Camden East	19	8 35	12 45	5 10

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w this internal taste, or felt per- on of what this true divine life is, only from that refreshing cleans- r renovating purification of one's s undivided (un-left-out) nature, and spirit soul and heart, and is head his brain and his whole cal nature,) that comes from a or bathing of one's whole self, and soul and spirit.

to put it in ancient Hebrew e, one is not able to see or know ally what "the kingdom of the " in a person really is, unless he rn new both of water and of , (or of physically refreshing mentalities and of those agencies affluences and powers of the Spirit purify and recuperate the spirit (intellect, the soul and the heart.)

the high state of thought, the se and almost infinite strength of , the pureness of heart, the clear- and cleanness of soul, the cleanness ul, the clean elastic perfect th of the physical life and frame, es things that are the attributes Theistic life of and in the human e, are only seen properly and truly, one has had an effective bath of and of Spirit and of truth.

Theistic kingdom that is "with- person, has reference to all the tuents of that "within" nature. hese constituents are intellectual onal volitional spiritual physical. ese constituents contribute to the ituted aggregate of the "within."

The leaving out of any one of makes the whole constituent life lly imperfect. And all and each se constituents needs to be puri- nd revived to make the com- constituent "within" nature cor- renewed. To leave any one part ansed and unrestored to pristine e condition, will tend to corrupt mpair the composite and integral

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Mr. Joseph Teskey has purchased a fine new organ.

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Mr. J. M. Smith, License Inspector, of Tamworth, was in town this week.

One of our most respected young men, Mr. Samuel Wilson, has gone to Manitoba. Also Messrs. Peter Bawn, Robert Teskey and Angus McKeown, have gone to New York State. Our best wishes go with them.

Miss Kate Lynch and Mrs. Manning have returned to York State, after spending a few weeks with their parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Lynch. Miss Annie and Mr. D. Burns go with them for the season.

Mr. Frank Davey intends to join the number who go to swell the population of Uncle Sam's domain. Sorry to lose you, Frank.

Miss Eva Young is the guest of Mrs. R. Haggarty.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Wilde are guests of Mr. A. Wilde.

Mr. W. Clancy, of Selby, has rented the old Hamilton stand, the property of Thos. Furrs, and intends to start a general store. We extend a hearty welcome to Mr. Clancy and wish him success. Mr. Furrs intends to reside in Croydon for some time.

The canvass for funds to build a new church is being pushed with energy.

On Tuesday the wife of Mr. T. Furrs presented him with a "bouncing baby boy," all are doing well, Dr. Wilson in attendance.

It is our sad duty to chronicle the death of one of our oldest and most highly esteemed residents, Mrs. J. Teskey. She has been suffering a great deal lately and sank rapidly until death claimed her on Wednesday afternoon. The sorrowing friends have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community.

Miss Ella Campbell and Miss M. Black were the guests of Miss Ella Close on Sunday.

**"The Thorn Comes Forth
With Point Forward."**

*The thorn point of disease
is an ache or pain. But the
blood is the feeder of the
whole body. Purify it with
Hood's Sarsaparilla.*

Kidneys, liver and stomach will at once respond? No thorn in this point.

Severe Pains—"I had severe pains in my stomach, a form of neuralgia. My mother urged me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and it made me well and strong. I have also given it to my baby with satisfactory results. I am glad to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to others." Mrs. JOHN LA PAGE, 240 Church St., Toronto, Ont.

Complete Exhaustion—"After treatment in hospital, I was weak, hardly able to walk. My blood was thin. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla until well and gained 20 lbs. It also benefited my wife." ARTHUR MILLS, Dresden, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

Eastern Standard Time.

No. 13

Taking effect Dec. 2nd, 189

Tweed and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto. **Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.**

Tweed and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Stations		A.M.	P.M.		Stations		A.M.	P.M.	
Lve Tweed	0	6.50	3.15		Lve Deseronto	0	6.50		
Stoco	3	8.08	3.23		Deseronto Junction	4	7.05		
Larkins	7	7.10	3.18		Arr Napanee	9	7.25		
Marbank	13	7.25	3.55		Lve Napanee	9	7.45	12.15	4.4
Erinsville	17	7.40	4.10		Napanee Mills	15	8.00	12.30	4.4
Tamworth	21	7.55	4.25		Newburgh	17	8.10	12.38	5.0
Wilson	25	8.10	4.40		Thompson's Mills	18	8.20	12.45	5.1
Enterprise	26	8.10	4.40		Camden East	19	8.33	12.45	5.1
Mudlake Bridge	28	8.25	4.55		Arr Yarker	23	8.43	12.55	5.1
Moscow	31	8.25	4.40	4.58	Lve Yarker	23	9.00	1.00	5.1
Galbraith	33	8.35	5.10		Galbraith	25	9.15	1.15	5.1
Yarker	35	8.35	5.10		Moscow	27	9.15	1.15	5.1
Arr Yarker	35	8.50	5.25	5.25	Mudlake Bridge	30	9.30	1.30	5.1
Camden East	39	9.13	5.35	5.35	Enterprise	32	9.30	1.30	5.1
Thompson's Mills	40	9.15	5.35		Wilson	34	9.50	1.40	5.1
Newburgh	41	9.23	5.45		Tamworth	38	9.50	1.40	5.1
Napanee Mills	42	9.33	5.55		Erinsville	41	10.00	1.50	5.1
Arr Napanee	49	9.50	6.10	6.10	Marbank	45	10.15	2.00	5.1
Lve Napanee	49	9.50	6.10		Larkins	51	10.30	2.15	5.1
Deseronto Junction	54	10.00	6.20	6.40	Stoco	55	10.50	2.30	5.1
Arr Deseronto	58	10.10	6.40	7.00	Arr Tweed	58	11.00	2.45	7.1

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto. **Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.**

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Stations		A.M.	P.M.		Stations		A.M.	P.M.	
Lve Kingston	0	6.50	3.15		Lve Deseronto	0	6.50		
G. T. R. Junction	2	8.08	3.33		Deseronto Junction	4	7.05		
Gleuvalle	10	7.10	3.18		Arr Napanee	9	7.25		
Murvale	19	7.25	3.55		Lve Napanee	9	7.45	12.00	4.2
Arr Harrowsmith	19	7.40	4.10		Napanee Mills	15	8.00	12.15	4.2
Lve Sydenham	23	7.55	4.25		Newburgh	17	8.10	12.22	4.4
Harrowsmith	23	8.32	4.50		Thompson's Mills	18	8.15		
Frontenac	25	8.40	5.00		Camden East	19	8.30	12.2	6
Arr Yarker	26	8.40	5.10		Arr Yarker	23	8.43	12.45	6
Lve Yarker	26	9.00	5.25	5.15	Lve Yarker	23	8.50		
Camden East	30	9.13	5.35	5.25	Frontenac	27	9.00		5.2
Thompson's Mills	31	9.18			Arr Harrowsmith	30	9.05		5.4
Newburgh	32	9.23	5.45	5.35	Sydenham	34			5.6
Napanee Mills	34	9.33	5.55	5.45	Lve Harrowsmith	30	9.05		
Arr Napanee	40	9.50	6.10	6.00	Murvale	35	9.20		
Lve Napanee	40	9.50	6.10		Gleuvalle	39	9.30		
Deseronto Junction	45	10.00	6.20	6.30	G. T. R. Junction	47	9.55		
Arr Deseronto	49	10.10	6.40	6.45	Arr Kingston	49	10.00		

R. C. CARTER,
Asst. Gen. Manager

G. A. BROWNE,
Gen. Pass. Agent

H. B. SHERWOOD,
Superintendent

Choice Groceries

Fresh new Goods at lowest prices, comprising: Raisins—finest Valencias, Californias, Sultana or Seedless, also stem and seeded in one pound packages.

Blue and Black Basket Desert Raisins The finest Spanish stock Currants, cleaned and ready for use.

Figs, nuts, confectionery peels, California apricots, prunes, flavoring extracts and spices.

Snowflake Pastry Flour, made by W. W. Ogilvie the largest miller in Canada. Use this and your Christmas Pastry will not disappoint you. Cream of the West, best Bread Flour, Cheese and Creamery Butter.

TAYLOR & MORRIS.

Men's Pants a Chance.

Saturday will be fruitful of surprising values in Men's Pants There are over

50 Pairs Men's Black Striped Pants worth \$2.75 at \$1.75.

150 Pairs Men's Twd Pants, in Six Colors, worth \$2 at \$1.25

50 Pairs Heavy Tweed Pants, assorted Patterns worth \$1.75 for \$1

40 Pairs Men's Heavy Tweed Pants at 80c., worth double the money

All Pants are well made, cut in the newest style. It will pay you to look at them.

All Wool Underwear, light weight, at 75c, worth \$1.25.

Leather Braces at 25c, worth 50c.

If you value a saving of 40 to 50 per cent. you will surely investigate goods offered at these prices.

A. M. VINEBERG.

The wonderful Cheap Clothier. Dundas St. Henry Block. Napanee

News Summary.

Recent Happenings Briefly Told.

CANADA.

At Hamilton a farmer was fined \$5 for feeding raw horseflesh to hogs.

There is talk of an electric railway line between Woodstock and Ingersoll.

The writ for the Brockville bye-election has been issued by Mr. Speaker Edgar. April 20 is polling day.

It is said at Kingston that Hon. Wm. Hartly and his son, Dr. Hartly, will spend most of next year in Europe.

Mrs. Elizabeth Alexander of Hamilton is under arrest for attempting suicide by throwing herself in front of a train.

Lumbermen from the Upper Ottawa prophesy heavy floods this spring as a result of this winter's exceptionally large snowfall.

Miss F. L. S. Fitzgerald, M.A., of Cornwall High School, has been elected a member of the Council of Queen's University, Kingston.

Ex-Mayor Wilson-Smith of Montreal says the \$3,000,000 city loan can be placed either in Canada or Great Britain without trouble.

The Quebec By-law Committee has decided to impose a tax of \$300 on pedlars residing in the city and \$400 on pedlars residing outside.

The report of the Agricultural Department of Manitoba shows an unequalled scale of production and an unusually heavy tide of immigration.

A grand military tournament in Montreal during 1900 is being proposed by General Hutton. It is to be the largest of its kind ever held in the Dominion.

The report comes from Atlin that claims are being jumped promiscuously on every creek in the district, on the chance that they may prove to be American-owned originally.

Montreal policeman have to take this oath: "You swear you are not a member of any secret society and that you will not join any as long as you are a member of the force."

The Detroit, Windsor & Soo Navigation Company has decided to place the sidewheelers Majestic and City of Collingwood on its lines from Windsor to Georgian Bay ports and the Soo.

Sir W. C. McDonald has added a further large sum to his already princely gifts to McGill University by giving sufficient to the School of Mining and Metallurgy to maintain a larger staff.

James Kerr attempted to take the life of H. M. Howell, Q.C., a well-known Winnipeg criminal lawyer, Kerr was about to pull a revolver when the clerks in the office disarmed him.

Customs House officers at Kingston and along the St. Lawrence are keeping more strict watch than hitherto upon women returning from across the line, and will confiscate everything not properly entered.

A representation of all phases of Yukon mining work will be one of the features of the Paris Exposition. The Canadian Bank of Commerce will place on exhibition \$5,000,000 worth of gold in dust and nuggets.

The students of Wesley College, Winnipeg, treated Rev. Hamilton Wigle, pastor of Zion church, to a hazing, tossing him in a blanket. In a recent sermon he had reflected on the students and denounced the practice of hazing.

There will be no further appeals in the matter of the Hamilton Homestead Loan & Savings Society, and the estate will shortly be wound up. It is thought that the shareholders will get 12 or 15 per cent. out of the wreck.

A deputation from the Women's Council waited upon the Mayor of Montreal with regard to the condition of the poor and destitute children. They urged the assistance of the corporation towards having the Quebec

A Duluth despatch says Mr. Ogilvie will build a large mill there or at West Superior.

United States clay sewer pipe and cast iron pipe companies have consolidated, the former with a capital of \$10,000,000, the latter with \$80,000,000.

A list prepared in the office of the Adjutant-General at Washington shows the casualties in Manila since Feb. 4 to be 157 killed and 864 wounded.

The Minneapolis City Council has passed a curfew ordinance, under which children under sixteen years are not allowed on the street after 9 o'clock p.m.

At the Sandy Hook proving grounds a ten-inch breech-loading gun, under test, burst its breech, killing Henry V. Murphy, the recording clerk; and injuring another.

The will of Joseph Madill, of Chicago, disposes of \$20,000,000 in bonds and realty, besides the editor's stock in the Tribune Publishing Company, valued at \$2,500,000.

It is proposed to raise a fund of \$10,000 for the family of Warren Guion, the elevator man at the Windsor hotel in New York, who refused to leave his post and lost his life in the fire.

Fire Commissioner Scannell of New York has appointed Rev. Wm. Smith and Rev. James Le Baron Johnson chaplains of the Fire Department, with the rank of battalion chief.

It is reported that George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central, has been made passenger and traffic manager, with authority over all the Vanderbilt lines.

William Scott, a corn merchant, of Liverpool, England, committed suicide on board the steamer Umbria while he was en route to New York. He was found in his state room with the throat cut with a broken bottle.

The United States transport Crook arrived at New York Tuesday night, having on board the bodies of the soldiers who died during the campaign in Porto Rico, and the bodies of 671 of the soldiers dead from Santiago.

A resolution has been adopted by the State Legislature at Albany providing for a committee to inquire into the raising of money to corruptly influence police legislation and to investigate every department and office in the City of New York.

Miss Catherine Bell Noble, who narrowly escaped death at the time of the loss of the steamship Mohegan, when upwards of 100 persons were lost, on October 14 last, has filed suit in Baltimore for \$30,000 against the Atlantic Transportation Co., owners of the vessel.

A big mass meeting of German-Americans in Chicago on Monday night passed a long and ponderous resolution, protesting against an Anglo-American alliance, and the alleged false assertions made against Germany in connection with the recent Spanish-American war.

At Niagara Falls, N. Y., a great mass of rock, weighing hundreds of thousands of tons, fell from the cliff on the south side of the Buttery Whirlpool Rapids elevated and plunged down on the Gorge road tracks and the building at the foot of the elevator. A lot of damage was done.

Fifteen prominent citizens of Lake City, South Carolina, will be put on trial in the United States Circuit Court this week to answer to the charge of having lynched Postmaster Fraser B. Baker, colored, more than a year ago. They are also charged with murdering Baker's little son, and with burning the postoffice.

GENERAL.

Snowstorms have disorganized the

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

What the Legislators of the Country are Doing at Ottawa.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

Hon R. R. Dobell, has returned from England, whither he went in connection with the fast Atlantic service. On the Wednesday preceding his departure for Canada, Mr. Dobell attended a meeting of the Canadian trade section of the London Chamber of Commerce, at which he made an explanation on behalf of the Canadian Government with a view to the removal of the "No British North America" clause which underwriters now insert in insurance policies. The clause is especially aimed at "tramp" steamers, and the section passed a resolution requesting the Canadian Government to legislate against excessive deck loads, so as to meet the views of the underwriters. In the course of his speech Mr. Dobell explained that the Canadian Government were taking active steps to improve the navigation of the St. Lawrence by erecting light-houses, foghorns, and bells, and also by means of piers to prevent the ice floating up and down the ninety miles or so of tideway. Lieutenant-General Laurie, M.P., presided over the meeting.

QUEBEC JUDGES.

Mr. Casgrain, M.P., will call the attention of the House to a crying abuse in connection with the judiciary in the Province of Quebec. Mr. Casgrain points out that there are 81 Superior Court judges in the province, and that during the year 1897 eleven of those judges rendered less than 35 judgments, or an average of three each per annum. Moreover, ten of the judges have had less than two months' work during the year. Mr. Casgrain thinks all the requirements of the province will be met by re-organizing the judicial services instead of increasing the number of judges.

PARIS EXHIBITION REGULATIONS.

The Canadian Commission for the Paris Exhibition has issued in pamphlet form the regulations and general classification of exhibits from Canada. It is stated that accepted exhibits from Quebec, Ontario, and the West, packed in strong cases, must be delivered at the exhibitors expense at Montreal or Quebec not later than 1st of November next, and exhibits from the Maritime Provinces at Halifax not later than 15th November, to be shipped to Paris by the Canadian Commission, free of charge. Exhibitors will be free to ship their goods by other routes not later than the 1st of January, 1900, but at their own personal expense. Forms of application for space must be returned to Ottawa not later than June 1st.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FISHERIES.

Mr. Alexander Begg, of Victoria, B. C., is to interview the Government in connection with making arrangements for developing the deep-sea fisheries of British Columbia. He has had an interview with the Commissioner of Immigration in order to induce him to encourage the settlement of seafaring men and fishermen on the coasts of British Columbia. The halibut fisheries, off Vancouver Island, are most prolific, but unfortunately, they are being neglected by Canadians, the only companies exploiting them being American fishing concerns.

SESSIONAL NOTES.

Mr. Louis Joseph Demers, the newly-elected member for Levis, was introduced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick.

Mr. John Charlton introduced his perennial bill to amend the criminal code of 1894.

The petition from the County Council of Middlesex asking Parliament to grant an extra 25 cents per day to the militia force has been ruled out, it being contrary to the rules of Parliament to receive any petition asking for money grants or financial assistance of any kind.

was \$22,783,546, an increase of over the previous year and in the history of the country.

The yield by provinces was as follows:—

Nova Scotia.
British Columbia.
New Brunswick.
Quebec.
Ontario.

Prince Edward Island.

Manitoba and North West.

The increases are:—Nova Scotia, 018,451; British Columbia, 1

The other provinces show a

75,950 men were engaged in

ing industry, using boats, n

aggregating a capital of \$9.3

The total number of modus

licenses issued to American

vessels was 79, as against 40

The fisheries' protection fleet

nearly 10,000 miles of coast, b

ing the ratification of the t

tween Great Britain and th

States, various concessions ha

made to Nova Scotia fishing s

On many occasions the Americ

advantage of Canadian genero

In connection with the pelag

question, the report says:—"A

vision of the Paris regulatio

taken place, the present re

will prevail during the com

son."

MARKETS OF THE W

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Ch
in the Leading Markets.

Toronto April 4. — Whea

strong market in Chicago to-d

ed holders to ask more mone

ers asked from 69 to 70c, no

west, for red and white whea

for goose. Exporters are stil

the market, freights being tr

pai difficulty. Manitobas str

1 hard, North Bay, was held s

to-day, and g.i.t., at 85 1-2c.

hard is scarce. The wheat,

ported is not grading well, N

May being scarce.

Flour—Firm. Exporters q

for straight roller, in barre

freights; and car lots for l

count sell at \$3.10 to \$3.15.

Millfeed—Continues scarce.

of bran at the local mills ar

at \$14, and shorts at \$16; to

outside mills, are quoted at \$

for bran, and at \$16. to \$17 fo

Oatmeal—Steady. Car lots

oats, in bags, on track here, s

ed at \$3.60 per bbl; and in

\$3.70.

Peas—Steady. Car lots, no

west, are quoted at 66c bid;

67c is bid.

Oats—Steady to firm. Ca

white, north and west, 29 1-2c,

at 30 1-2c.

Rye—Scarce. Export prices

low, but some local demand c

ter prices. Holders asked 56c

for car lots, outside.

Buckwheat—Scarce and hig

lots outside, 55c. asked and 5

Corn—Firm, in sympathy

rise in wheat. Canadian yello

ham, is quoted at 35c bid and

ed. American, No. 3 yellow, t

ronto, 43c, and mixed at 42c.

DRESSED HOGS AND PRO

Deliveries of dressed hogs ke

and the market fairly active.

visions the market is about

Dressed hogs, car lots, are qu

track at around \$5.15, mixed

delivered, and \$5.20 to \$5.25 f

Northern hogs. On the street

loads sold at around \$5.25 to

mixed lots.

Quotations are as follows:—

ed shoulders, 6 1-2c; long clea

car lots, 6 3-4c; ton lots and

7c; and backs, 7 3-4 to 8c.

Smoked meats.—Hams, heavy

10c; medium, 10 to 10 1-2c;

1-2c; breakfast bacon, 10 1-2

picnic hams, 7 1-2 to 7 3-4c;

con, 8 to 8 1-4c. All meats o

kile 1c less than prices quoted f

ed meats.

Lard—Tierces, 6 3-4c; tubs,

7 1-4c; compound, 5 1-2 to 5

The students of Wesley College, Winnipeg, treated Rev. Hamilton Wigle, pastor of Zion church, to a hazing, tossing him in a blanket. In a recent sermon he had reflected on the students and denounced the practice of hazing.

There will be no further appeals in the matter of the Hamilton Home-Steel Loan & Savings Society, and the estate will shortly be wound up. It is thought that the shareholders will get 12 or 15 per cent. out of the wreck.

A deputation from the Women's Council, waited upon the Mayor of Montreal with regard to the condition of the poor and destitute children. They urged the assistance of the corporation towards having the Quebec Government adopt a law similar to that of Ontario for the commitment of those little ones.

The Winnipeg Grain and Produce Exchange has resolved to memorialize the Dominion Government that all grain from Manitoba and the Northwest Territories passing Winnipeg to Fort William, or east thereof, be inspected at Winnipeg and warehoused in Fort William or other eastern terminal elevators on Winnipeg inspection.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Burket Foster, the English watercolor painter, is dead.

The Cunard Company has announced increased profits of £30,972.

Mr. Richard Chamberlain, brother of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, is dead.

The Great Northern Railway of England has ordered 20 locomotives in Philadelphia.

The British Court of Chancery has decided that strikers are entitled to poor law relief.

The British and Foreign Bible Society is busy getting out Bibles in the Filipino dialect.

Opposition has developed in the House of Commons against the proposed issue of daily newspapers on Sunday in London.

The owners of the British steamer Wolveston have been awarded £50,000 salvage for towing the Cunard liner Pavonia, into St. Michael's, at the Azores.

The steamship Arona, of the Thompson line, has been "posted" as missing, by Lloyds, and, according to custom, the insurance is due. Montreal people are interested.

Lord Strathcona has protested against the passing of the universities' degrees bill, a private measure, which if passed would oblige Canadian graduates to give the name of their alma mater in connection with their degree letters.

The British Government has decided not to proceed during the present session of Parliament with the automatic couplings bill, which provides for the compulsory use of automatic couplings on all British railroads after a period of five years from the passage of the measure.

There is much sickness among the inhabitants of the western part of the Island of Mull, owing to their having eaten too freely of apples that were washed ashore from the steamer Labrador, which was wrecked on March 1 on Mackenzie rock, an islet on the Hebrides group.

The report of the coroner's inquest into the circumstances of the death of the stoker of the British cruiser Terrible, who was killed by a boiler explosion on board the cruiser, is a verdict exonerating the officers, but the jury recommends the discontinuance of using welded tubing.

The tobacco manufacturers are evidently convinced that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach intends to meet the deficit by increasing the duty on tobacco. At Liverpool, the center of the trade, last week's delivery of unmanufactured tobacco from bond totalled 1,391,807 pounds this transaction constituting a record.

UNITED STATES.

Vesselmen meeting at Cleveland decided to form a marine insurance com-

pany, weighing hundreds of thousands of tons, fell from the cliff on the south side of the Buttery Whirlpool Rapids elevated and plunged down on the Gorge road tracks and the building at the foot of the elevator. A lot of damage was done.

Fifteen prominent citizens of Lake City, South Carolina, will be put on trial in the United States Circuit Court this week to answer to the charge of having lynched Postmaster Fraser B. Baker, colored, more than a year ago. They are also charged with murdering Baker's little son, and with burning the postoffice.

GENERAL.

Snowstorms have disorganized the Belgian telephone service.

Frontier fighting between the Turks and Bulgarians is reported.

French deputies are now agitated over the question of raising their salaries.

The reports of the approaching marriage of the Emperor of Austria are renewed.

The steamer Bulgaria reached Hamburg on Saturday, receiving an enthusiastic welcome.

The Japanese Government is seriously contemplating the nationalization of railways.

General Toral, who commanded the Spanish troops at Santiago, is dying in prison at Madrid.

The immense vineyards in Alsace-Lorraine and Baden, have been seriously damaged by frosts.

A Parisian doctor is being sued by a woman for burns received during an exposure to the Rontgen Rays.

Experts who have been examining the gold deposits near Lake Victoria-Nyanza say the ore assays \$120 to the ton.

The French Chamber on Tuesday decided by 315 to 166 to retain the motto, "God Protect France," upon the coinage.

QUEBEC DEATH DUTIES.

An Important Change Made in the Succession Tax.

A despatch from Quebec, Que., says:—An important decision has been reached by the Quebec Government with reference to the succession tax. Hitherto the tax has been paid on the face value of the estate. Thus, if a man left a legacy of \$10,000, though he actually received only \$9,000, he was compelled to pay the tax on the full amount, \$10,000. A complaint based on the above incident was made to the Government. Hon. Mr. Marchand, after consultation with the law officers of the province, came to the conclusion that the costs of inventory and division must be deducted from the amount of such estate before calculating the succession tax, and all collectors of provincial revenue have been notified to that effect.

THE MASTERS OF ABYSSINIA

French Have Lost Prestige, But the British are Feared and Respected.

A despatch from London says:—The well-known French Painter, Aime Nicholas Morot, who has just returned to France from Abyssinia, tells a pitiful tale of the manner in which he was treated by the Abyssinians and of his disappointment over the loss of French prestige. He says a very wrong idea obtains in France regarding the influence enjoyed by Frenchmen in Abyssinia. He claims Frenchmen are contemptuously looked down upon and are regarded as less than nothing, while the British, on the contrary, are feared and respected. He concludes:—

"From what I have seen, I am persuaded the English will soon become masters of Abyssinia, just as they

companies exploiting them being American fishing concerns.

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Mr. Rutherford will move a resolution in favour of the appointment of a Railway Commission.

Mr. Bostock will introduce a bill to provide for issue of railway passes to Senators and members.

Mr. Davin will ask for papers relating to the removal of Gold Commissioner Fawcett, also for copies of instructions to F. C. Wade, Crown Attorney in the Yukon.

Mr. Charles Maze, president of the United Counties railway is in Ottawa interviewing the Government with a view to securing a subsidy to a line of freight steamers to run between Sorel and Rouen, France, which he will establish. He also wants some dredging done in Sorel harbour to accommodate ocean-going steamers.

Mr. P. Martel, of Paris, has arrived in Ottawa to interview the Government in regard to the establishment of a direct line of steamships between Canada and France. It will be remembered that the Government has made several efforts to secure such a line, but last year the negotiations collapsed, owing to a difference of opinion with the French Government as to the nature of the service.

It is evident that the Government has abandoned all hope of completing the 14-foot navigation in the St. Lawrence canal by the 1st of July. The contractors on the Soulanges canal have been notified that they must give an uninterrupted channel by the 15th of May, and that the works must be completed by the 31st of October, which, of course, means the opening of navigation in 1900.

The Farmers' Institute of Portage la Prairie, in a petition to Parliament, states that virtually a railway monopoly exists in that portion of Canada, which is highly injurious to the interests of agriculture and the development of trade. They therefore urge that the Government should purchase and manage in the interests of Manitoba and the North-West the Manitoba and South-Eastern railway, the Ontario and Rainy River railway, and the Port Arthur, Duluth, and Western railway.

The James Bay Railway Company, of which Mr. William Mackenzie is president, and the Nipissing and James Bay Railway Company, of which Mr. W. B. McMurich is president, are asking for an extension of time to enable them to complete the roads.

The bill introduced by Rev. Mr. Douglas, in reference to seed grain indebtedness of North-West farmers, states that the total sum due to the Government on account of seed grain advances is \$153,602. These advances were made to 5,384 farmers in Manitoba and the North-West, of whom 6,643 are simply bondsmen, while 3,439 are principal debtors and bondsmen for others. The individual sums due average about \$50. Dr. Douglas proposes that the debt shall be a lien on a quarter-section of land in the case of a principal debtor, and that after July 1st the 4,643 bondsmen shall be relieved from responsibility.

Mr. Douglas also introduced a bill to compel railway companies to furnish facilities for the shipment of grain. This measure was before Parliament last session, and was strongly opposed by the railway companies on account of the drastic nature of the provisions. Mr. Douglas has modified it somewhat this session.

FISHERY REPORT.

The annual report of the Fisheries Department shows that the total

track at around \$5.15, mixed delivered, and \$5.20 to \$5.25 for Northern hogs. On the street loads sold at around \$5.25 to mixed lots.

Quotations are as follows:—Ed shoulders, 6 1-2c; long clear car lots, 6 3-4c; top lots and c 7c; and backs, 7 3-4 to 8c.

Smoked meats.—Hams, heavy 10c; medium, 10 to 10 1-2c; 1-2c; breakfast bacon, 10 1-2c; picnic hams, 7 1-2 to 7 3-4c; con., 8 to 8 1-4c. All meats of kile less than prices quoted for ed meats.

Lard.—Tierces, 6 3-4c; tubs, 7 1-4c; compound, 5 1-2 to 5

PRODUCE.

Eggs—Light deliveries again and dealers here are holding yesterday's top figure, 13c, and instances were demanding 13c tail buyers are holding off in notion of a drop.

Potatoes.—Prices well maintained, on track, are quoted at 72c for strictly choice; loads, Ontario stock, sell at 75 to 90c; out of store dealers at 95c.

Poultry.—The market is dull; chickens, per pair 65c; ducks, 80c to \$1; geese, per 8c; turkeys, per lb., 9 to 12c.

Beans.—Choice hand-picked at \$1.10 to \$1.15, and common 75c per bush.

Dried apples.—Unchanged, pay 4 1-2 to 5c, for dried stock ed here, and small lots resell to 6c; evaporated, 9 to 16c, in s

Honey.—Round lots of choice ed here, will bring about 5c; dealers quote from 6 to 7c per 10 to 60-lb. tins; and in c around \$1.25 to \$1.40 per sections.

Baled hay.—Quiet and un Strictly choice, car lots, is q \$6.50 to \$7.50 per ton; and \$6.

Straw.—Featureless.—Car 1 quoted at \$1 to \$4.50, on track

Hops.—Movement light. here sell at 18 to 20c; and ar holders, outside, about 18c.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter.—Steady movement choice dairy, but there is too ferior stock coming in. C holds steady. The quotation follows:—Dairy, tub, poor to 10 to 12c; choice, 14 to 15c; lar 14 1-2 to 15c; small dairy, ab about 16c; creamery, tubs an 20 to 21c; lbs., 21 to 22c.

Cheese.—Dealers here holding all choice at from 10 1-2 to 11

Milwaukee, April 4.—Whe Northern, 73; No. 2 do., 71 1-2 No. 1, 56 to 57c; No. 2, 56c. Ba 2, 47 1-2c; sample, 40 to 46 1-2

Toledo, April 4.—Wheat.—No 74 7-8c. Rye.—No. 2, cash, 57c seed.—Prime cash, old, \$3.25; r and April, \$3.50c, bid.

Minneapolis, April 4.—Whea Northern, April, 73 1-2c; May, 70 3-4c; July, 71 7-8c; on No. 1, Lard, 71 3-8c; Northern, 70 3-4c; No. 2 Nor 7-8c. Flour.—First patents, \$3.8 second do., \$3.50 to \$3.60; fir \$2.60 to \$2.70.

Duluth, April 4.—Wheat —hard, cash, 73 1-4c bid; April May, 74 3-4c; July, 74 3-4c; No. ern, cash, 70 1-4c; No. 2 1 66 3-4c.

Buffalo, April 4.—Spring Dull weak; No. 1 Northern Winter wheat—Unsettled; N on track, 76 to 76 1-2c bid. Weak; No. 2 yellow, 39 1-4c; l low, 38 3-4c; No. 4 yellow, 38 corn, 38 1-4c; No. 3 corn, 37 1 —Dull and easy; No. 2 white, No. 35 white, 32 3-4c; No. 3 1 1-2c. Barley.—Nothing doing Dull and weak; No. 2, on tra ed at 63c. Flour.—Quiet, easy.

Detroit, April 4.—Wheat clo 1 white, cash, 73 3-4c; No. 2 1 74 1-4c; May, 75c; July, 78c.

The impression prevails at 1 that Turkey is preparing fo

783,546, an increase of \$2,378,122 over the previous year and the best history of the country.

ield by provinces was as follows:

otia.	\$8,080,348
Columbia.	6,138,865
unswick.	3,934,185
	1,737,011
	1,289,822
Edward Island.	954,949
and North West.	638,416

increases are:—Nova Scotia, \$2-; British Columbia, \$1,954,865. In the provinces show decreases, as the fish- men were engaged in the fish- istry, using boats, nets, etc., ing a capital of \$9,370,794. The total number of modus vivendi issued to American fishing was 79, as against 40 in 1897. The fisheries protection fleet patrolled 9,000 miles of coast, but, pending ratification of the treaty between Britain and the United States, various concessions have been made. Nova Scotia fishing schooners, on occasions the Americans took advantage of Canadian generosity. In connection with the pelagic sealing, the report says:—"As no restriction in the Paris regulations, has been made, the present restrictions will prevail during the coming sea-

MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

of Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c. in the Leading Markets.

to April 4. — Wheat — The market in Chicago to-day causes us to ask more money. Held from 69 to 70c, north and red and white wheat, and 70c and 71c. Exporters are still out of the market, freights being the principal cause. Manitobas strong, No. 1 North Bay, was held at 84 1-2c and g.i.t., at 85 1-2c. No. 1 scarce. The wheat, it is not grading well, No. 1 hard is scarce. —Rice. Exporters quote \$3 light roller, in barrels, middle, and car lots for local sale at \$3.10 to \$3.15. —Corn. Continues scarce. Ton lots at the local mills are quoted at \$16; ton lots, at mills, are quoted at \$14 to \$15 1-2, and at \$16 to \$17 for shorts. —Wool. Steady. Car lots of rolled bags, on track here, are quoted 3.60 per bbl; and in bbls, at

Steady. Car lots, north and east, are quoted at 66c bid; and east id.

Steady to firm. Car lots of north and west, 29 1-2c, and east 2c.

Scarce. Export prices are still some local demand causes bet- es. Holders asked 56c to-day lots, outside.

Wheat—Scarce and higher. Car side, 55c. asked and 52c. bid.

—Firm. In sympathy with the wheat. Canadian yellow, Chat- quoted at 35c bid and 37c ask- ican, No. 3 yellow, track, To- 3c, and mixed at 42c.

ED HOGS AND PROVISIONS.

Prices of dressed hogs keep steady market fairly active. In pro- the market is about steady. —Hogs, car lots, are quoted, on t around \$5.15, mixed weights, d, and \$5.20 to \$5.25 for select n hogs. On the street farmers' ld at around \$5.25 to \$5.40 for ots.

Prices are as follows:—Dry salted- lders, 6 1-2c; long clear bacon, , 6 3-4c; ton lots and case lots, backs, 7 3-4 to 8c.

—Meats.—Hams, heavy, 9 1-2 to idium, 10 to 10 1-2c; light, 10 reakfast bacon, 10 1-2 to 11c; jams, 7 1-2 to 7 3-4c; roll ba- o 8 1-4c. All meats out of price- ss than prices quoted for smok- s.

—Turdies, 6 3-4c; turbs, 7c; pails compound, 5 1-2 to 5 3-4c.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Notes of Proceedings in the Local Parliament.

DEALING WITH CATTLE THIEVES.

H. J. Pettypiece, M.P.P., seeks in a bill to have the municipal law amended by adding the following clause regarding the apprehension of cattle thieves:—"The council of every county and city may provide by by-law for the payment of a reward to any person or persons who shall pursue and apprehend or cause to be apprehended any person guilty of stealing cattle within the said county or city, and may provide that such reward shall be paid out of the funds of the corporation on the conviction of the thief on the order of the judge before whom the conviction is obtained."

SUING FOR STATUTE LABOR.

Up in the sparsely settled districts the authorities have a great deal of trouble in persuading farmers to do statute labor. C. F. Farwell, M.P.P., for East Algoma, has a bill amending the clause of the Assessment Act relating to the suing of non-residents for statute labor in the unorganized territories. These are the words he wants added to the present act: "The commissioners may sue in any Division Court having jurisdiction, any person liable to perform statute labor willfully neglecting or refusing to perform the same as aforesaid, for the amount of such statute labor commuted at \$1 per day."

COUNCILLOR'S QUALIFICATION.

Bill 231 bears the name of John Richardson. It is to amend the Municipal Act by the addition of the following clause:—"Provided that if at the time of the election the residence of a member duly elected to the county council is within the county council division for which he has been elected, and afterwards and during his term of office, the town or place in which he resides is separated or removed from the jurisdiction of the county, such separation or removal shall in no manner affect the qualification of the member so elected, but he shall continue to be qualified as a member of the county council until the expiration of the term for which he has been elected."

PORTRAIT OF SANDFIELD MACDONALD.

Mr. Whitney made a suggestion that funds be provided to secure a portrait for the Legislative halls of the First Premier of the province, John Sandfield Macdonald. He also hoped to see a portrait of the present Premier adorning the chamber.

Mr. Hardy approved of the first part of the suggestion, but as to the portrait of himself he was sure he would not feel at home unless a portrait of Mr. Whitney was hanging close at hand.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Mr. Matheson asked what provision the Government proposed to make for a provincial exhibit at the Paris Exhibition. Mr. Hardy responded that the system would be different from that adopted with regard to the World's Fair at Chicago. Then the Dominion and the provinces made separate exhibits. This year there would be one complete exhibit, under the auspices of the Dominion, to which the provinces would be asked to contribute as a part of Canada. They were thus relieved of much responsibility, and would not need to spend so much money. Messrs. Archibald Blue, J. L. Lumsden, C. C. James and Aubrey White would be asked to confer with the Dominion commissioners as to the exhibit. The Federal Government would appoint an honorary commission, and it was probable that a commission would be appointed by the Ontario Government to remain a short time in Paris.

THE FISHERIES BILL.

The Fisheries bill was introduced by

empty, the legislators having gone home on Friday after the conclusion of the work of the session.

Lieutenant-Governor Sir Oliver Mowat's aides were Lieutenant Elm- sley, Royal Canadian Dragoons, and Commander Law. Besides there were Col. Otter, D. O. C., Lieut.-Col. Dela- more, Lieut.-Col. Crosby, Lieut.-Col. Bruce and Colonel Lessard, in attend- ance.

The 48th Highlanders 100 strong, under command of Captain Michie, with the band of the regiment, composed a guard of honor.

Sir Oliver read the usual speech, thanking the members of the Legis- lature for the work they had done and the House prorogued.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S SPEECH

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: In dismissing you from the arduous labours of the session, I have to thank you for the attention given to the public duties imposed upon you and for the valuable legislation which I have just sanctioned.

I cordially approve of the measures adopted for supplementing the re- venues of the province. By the act of last year, which required the manu- facture of sawlogs in Canada, it was inevitable that the receipts from the Crown Lands Department would be impaired, and, when to the probable loss of revenue is added the expendi- ture arising from the increase of popu- lation and the growing needs of the people, the public interests required that provisions should be made for all necessary expenditure and for the maintenance of the financial standing of the province. I am glad that you have been able to effect this by a moderate tax upon the accumulation of capital and by a reasonable in- crease in the duties upon distillers' brewers' and liquor licenses. It is gratifying to believe that the taxes imposed will not be burdensome to any of the classes affected.

I assent with much pleasure to the act respecting aid to certain railways. Since Confederation the energies of the Assembly have been directed to- wards the development of all sections of the province, and as a result of a wise and prudent expenditure of public moneys, nearly all the outlying portion of the older settlements have been placed within easy reach of the markets of the world by the improved transportation facilities thus afforded. In order, however, that the agricul- tural resources of the northerly and westerly parts of Ontario may be opened for further settlement, and that the valuable mineral deposits now generally believed to exist in great abundance in the same districts may be brought within the possibilities of development and that the timber and other resources of those districts may be made available, the further exten- sion of our railway systems to those sections becomes necessary. I am pleased therefore, to think that within two or three years access will probably be obtained by railway to the agri- cultural lands in the Rainy River dis- trict and the mineral and timber lands lying between Rainy Lake and Port Arthur. I am also pleased to notice that through part of the railroad sys- tems projected it is intended to place the capital of the province in direct communication with the tide waters of Hudson's Bay, thus opening a new region to the energies of our own people and establishing a new high- way between our own province by way of Hudson's Bay and the northern territories of the Dominion.

The amendments which you have made to the statute laws of the pro- vince, and to the Municipal and As- sessment Acts for the purpose of facilitating the administration of jus- tice and rendering more effective the government of municipal corporations and for other purposes will, I am con- fident, be of material advantage to all classes of the community.

The Acts respecting Public schools, the amendments to the election laws, the further improvement of our min- ing industries, for the protection of our fisheries, and for the better ad-

EIGHTY PEOPLE PERISH

AN ENGLISH STEAMER WRECKED IN A DENSE FOG.

Excursion Steamer to the Channel Islands on the Casquet—High Speed Kept Up Through the Fog—The Crew Showed Great Heroism.

A despatch from Southampton, Eng- land, says:—The passenger steamer Stella, plying between this port and the Channel Islands, crashed upon the dreaded Casquet rocks, near the Island of Alderney, on Thursday afternoon, in a dense fog, and foundered in ten minutes, her boilers exploding with a tre- mendous report as she went down. It is estimated that between 60 and 100 persons were drowned. The coasting steamer Lynx, which brought the news of the disaster here, picked up four boats and forty persons belonging to the Stella.

The second officer of the steamer, who was among those rescued, says that a collapsible boat was launched full of people, but he thinks she struck on the rocks owing to the fog. An- other steamer has picked up a boat containing 55 persons, including 20 women, who escaped from the wrecked steamer. They have been landed here.

The Stella, which belongs to the London and South-Western Railway Company, left Southampton at noon on Thursday, conveying the first day- light excursion of the season to the Channel Islands. There were about 185 passengers on board, taking an Easter holiday, and the crew numbered 35 men.

HOW THE DISASTER HAPPENED.

The weather was foggy, but all went well until the afternoon, when the fog became most dense. At 4 o'clock the Casquet suddenly loomed up through the fog bank, and the steamer almost immediately afterwards struck amidship. The captain, seeing that the Stella was fast sinking, ordered the lifeboats to be launched. His instruc- tions were carried out with the utmost celerity, and the women and children were embarked in the boats. Then the captain ordered the men to look after themselves.

A survivor states that he and 25 others put off from the Stella in a small boat. The sea was calm, but there was a big swirl around the rocks. When this boat was a short distance away from the wreck the boilers of the Stella burst, with a terrific ex- plosion, and the vessel disappeared stern foremost in the sea. The last thing the survivor saw was the figure of the captain of the Stella standing calmly on the bridge and giving his last orders. The captain perished with his vessel, owing to the very great suction caused by the sinking steamer.

The Great Western Railroad Com- pany's steamer Vera, from Southamp- ton, picked up 40 others of the surviv- ors, and landed them at Guernsey.

SEVENTY PERSONS DROWNED.

According to the latest estimates of the officials of the London and South- Western Railway Company, not more than 70 persons were drowned, out of the 220 on board the Stella, when she struck on the rocks. Other reports, however, place the number of drowned much higher.

The disaster caused intense excite- ment in the Island of Guernsey and here. There were harrowing scenes at the offices of the London and South- Western railway at both places. Many Guernsey families lost relatives. Hus- bands are enquiring for their wives and wives are asking for their hus- bands; parents are seeking news of lost children, and children are looking

nd, and \$5.20 to \$5.40 for select
in hogs. On the street farmers'
old at around \$5.25 to \$5.40 for
lots.

ations are as follows:—Dry salt-
edders, 6 1-2c; long clear bacon,
5 3-4c; ton lots and case lots,
1 backs, 7 3-4 to 8c.
ed meats.—Hams, heavy, 9 1-2 to
edum, 10 to 10 1-2c; light, 10
reakfast bacon, 10 1-2 to 11c;
hams, 7 1-2 to 7 3-4c; roll ba-
to 8 1-4c. All meats out of piece
than prices quoted for smok-
ts.

—Ties, 6 3-4c; tubs, 7c; pails
compound, 5 1-2 to 5 3-4c.

PRODUCE.

—Light deliveries again to-day,
diers here are holding firm at
ay's top figure, 13c, and in some
ies were demanding 13 1-2c. Re-
ers are holding off in anticipa-
drop.

es.—Prices well maintained. Car
track, are quoted at about 70
for strictly choice; farmers'
Ontario stock, sell at around
; out of store dealers sell at 80

ry.—The market is dull. Quota-
e.—Chickens, per pair, 50 to
ks, 80c to \$1; geese, per lb., 7 to
eys, per lb., 9 to 12c.

—Choice hand-picked beans sell
to \$1.15, and common at 60 to
bush.

apples.—Unchanged. Dealers
2 to 5c, for dried stock, deliv-
and small lots resell at 5 1-2
raptured, 9 to 10c, in small lots.
—Round lots of choice, deliv-
re, will bring about 5 1-2 to 6c;
quote from 6 to 7c per lb., for
0-lb. tins; and in comb at
\$1.25 to \$1.40 per dozen

hay.—Quiet and unchanged.
choice, car lots, is quoted at
\$7.50 per ton; and No. 2 at

—Featureless.—Car lots are
at \$1 to \$4.50, on track.

—Movement light. Dealers
11 at 18 to 20c; and are paying
outside, about 18c.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

r.—Steady movement for good
lairy, but there is too much in-
stock coming in. Creamery
eady. The quotations are as

—Dairy, tub, poor to medium,
c; choice, 14 to 15c; large rolls,
5 15c; small dairy, 14c prints,
6c; creamery, tubs and boxes,
c; lbs., 21 to 22c.

2.—Dealers here holding firm on
ce at from 10 1-2 to 11 1-2c.

uke, April 4.—Wheat—No. 1
n, 73; No. 2 do., 71 1-2c. Rye—
3 to 57c; No. 2, 56c. Barley—No.
c; sample, 40 to 46 1-2c.
4, April 4.—Wheat—No. 2, cash,
Rye—No. 2, cash, 57c. Clover-
time cash, old, \$3.25; new, cash
il, \$3.50c, bid.

apolis, April 4.—Wheat—No. 1
n, April, 73 1-2c; May, 70 1-2 to
July, 71 7-8c; on track,
Lard, 71 3-8c; No. 1
n, 70 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 68
or—First patents, \$3.10 to \$3.50;
lo., \$8.50 to \$9.60; first clears,
\$2.70.

5, April 4.—Wheat—No. 1
sh, 73 1-4c bid; April, 73 1-4c;
3-4c; July, 74 3-4c; No. 1 North-
sh, 70 1-4c; No. 2 Northern,

lo, April 4.—Spring wheat—
weak; No. 1 Northern, 81 3-4c.
wheat—Unsettled; No. 2 red,
k, 76 to 76 1-2c bid. Corn—
No. 2 yellow, 39 1-4c; No. 3 yel-
8-4c; No. 4 yellow, 38c; No. 2
1-4c; No. 3 corn, 37 3-4c. Oats
nd easy; No. 2 white, 33 1-2c;
white, 32 3-4c; No. 3 mixed, 29
Barley—Nothing doing. Rye—
d weak; No. 2, on track, offer-
c. Flour—Quiet, easy.

t, April 4.—Wheat closed:—No.
cash, 73 3-4c; No. 2 red, cash,
May, 75c; July, 73c.

pression prevails at Bucharest
key is preparing for a war
lgaria.

the provinces would be asked to con-
tribute as a part of Canada. They
were thus relieved of much responsi-
bility, and would not need to spend so
much money. Messrs. Archibald Blue,
J. L. Lumsden, C. C. James and Au-
brey White would be asked to confer
with the Dominion commissioners as
to the exhibit. The Federal Govern-
ment would appoint an honorary com-
mission, and it was probable that a
commission would be appointed by the
Ontario Government to remain a short
time in Paris.

THE FISHERIES BILL.

The Fisheries bill was introduced by
the Premier. It prohibits netting in
streams frequented by speckled trout.
Every provincial constable is made an
ex-officio overseer. The finding of
nets or prohibited devices in possession
of anyone is to be prima facie evidence
to him. Every licensee or lessee of
fishing privileges is obliged to submit
an annual statement of weight and
variety of all fish caught by him dur-
ing the year. The overseers appoint-
ed by the Government are to fix the
places at which nets may be set. The
sales of bass under 10 inches and of
white fish, salmon, or lake trout under
two pounds are prohibited. Exporta-
tion beyond the borders of the province
of such fish is prohibited. Exporta-
tion of speckled trout, bass, and mask-
inonge is also prohibited for five years.

STRIKING AT BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Government has announced that
it will impose a tax on all mining cor-
porations dealing in properties outside
this province who sell stock in Ontario.
This is a blow at some of the British
Columbia companies.

MAY QUASH BONUSES.

The Attorney-General introduced an
amendment to the Municipal Act by
which a town that has been robbed of
an industry by another town may take
proceedings to quash the by-law by
which inducements have been extended
to the manufacturer.

CHANGE IN REGISTRATION.

A change in the statute law was also
introduced, by which Boards of Regis-
tration in towns and cities of less than
20,000 population shall sit three days in-
stead of four, one of which days must
be a Saturday.

MONEYS OF ESTATE.

Dr. McKay introduced a bill in-
creasing exemptions by the addition of
the following clause to the Assess-
ment Act. Capital moneys of any
estate in the possession or under the
control of any trustee, guardian, ex-
ecutor or administrator awaiting in-
vestment where the amount of such
capital moneys so awaiting investment
is \$10,000 or under, except the income
thereof earned by such capital moneys
pending investment.

Mr. Connors' electric light bill was
passed by the Municipal Committee by
a vote of 21 to 12. The bill provides
that in going into the business, munici-
palities shall take over the plant of
electric light companies at a valuation
to be determined by arbitration, in de-
fault of an agreement as to price being
reached between the corporation and
the municipality.

THE SESSIONAL INDEMNITY.

Mr. Connors made an enquiry as to
whether or not the members were to
receive their full sessional allowance.

The premier seemed disposed to
throw the onus of the matter on the
Opposition. He said the question was
one for the House, and not for the
Government. It had been the original
intention that last August's sitting
and the present session should rank as
one, and one indemnity cover both.
Circumstances had made the former
position impossible, but the question re-
mained whether they should deduct
\$125 from the present session's allow-
ance to make up for what might be con-
sidered an over-payment last sum-
mer.

THE HOUSE PROROGUED.

The formal prorogation of the Onta-
rio Legislature took place on Satur-
day afternoon. In the House there
were plenty of the members' seats

of Hudson's Bay and the northern
territories of the Dominion.

The amendments which you have
made to the statute laws of the pro-
vince, and to the Municipal and As-
sessment Acts for the purpose of
facilitating the administration of jus-
tice and rendering more effective the
government of municipal corporations
and for other purposes will, I am con-
fident, be of material advantage to all
classes of the community.

The Acts respecting Public schools,
the amendments to the election laws,
the further improvement of our min-
ing industries, for the protection of
our fisheries, and for the better ad-
ministration of the game laws, meet
with my hearty approval.

I have with much satisfaction as-
sented to an act for facilitating and
lessening the costs of the procedure
by which workmen who suffer in-
juries in the course of their employ-
ment may obtain such compensation
as I am confident it is the desire of
the Assembly they should receive. I
have no doubt this act will greatly aid
in securing to workmen and render-
less onerous upon employers the cost
of recovering compensation in the
event of such accidents as are incident
to many of the industries of the pro-
vince.

I notice that the private legislation
this session has been unprecedentedly
large, a fact which marks the ever in-
creasing wants of an active popula-
tion. These measures, some of which
are of a very important character,
bear evidence of having received care-
ful consideration.

I thank you for the liberal appropri-
ations which you have made for the
public service. The supplies which
you have granted will be expended
with prudence and in the public in-
terest.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Young Frenchman Takes a Terrible Re- venge Upon His Indian Sweetheart.

A despatch from Toledo, Ohio, says:—
James Lablanche, a young Frenchman,
stabbed and killed his Indian sweet-
heart, Olga Possamie at Pelee Point,
Ontario, and then stabbed himself to
the heart. The Point is near Pelee
Island, and during the winter months
the inhabitants are isolated. The
steamer American Eagle has just ar-
rived from the island bringing the
story of the tragedy.

Lablanche and the pretty Indian girl
were lovers and last summer they
plighted their troth. The marriage
ceremony was to have been performed
shortly. When the young Frenchman
went to call on his sweetheart last
week, he learned that another, an Am-
erican from Sandusky, had usurped his
place in the maiden's heart. He was
distracted. He induced the girl to take
a walk with him, and when near
"Lover's Rock" he stabbed her, kill-
ing her instantly. He threw the girl's
body into the lake, and after stabbing
himself, fell into the water after her.
"Lover's Rock" is a promontory
famous throughout this section of the
country.

SHIPS LOADED WITH SEALS.

Newfoundland Fishery the Most Successful on Record.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld.,
says:—The sealing steamers Leopard,
with 12,600 seals, the Vanguard, with
25,000, and the Neptune, with 32,000,
arrived here on Wednesday. They re-
port that the remaining ten vessels of
the northern fleet are almost loaded,
and that the Walrus will probably
secure a full cargo. The fishery is
likely to prove the most successful on
record. Not only have almost all the
steamers obtained full loads, but the
entire fleet will have returned here by
Sunday next, thus saving the expense
of maintaining the cruise, as is usual,
to a date much later in the year.

According to the latest estimates of
the officials of the London and South-
Western Railway Company, not more
than 70 persons were drowned, out of
the 220 on board the Stella, when she
struck on the rocks. Other reports,
however, place the number of drowned
much higher.

The disaster caused intense excite-
ment in the Island of Guernsey and
here. There were harrowing scenes at
the offices of the London and South-
Western railway at both places. Many
Guernsey families lost relatives. Hus-
bands are enquiring for their wives
and wives are asking for their hus-
bands; parents are seeking news of
lost children, and children are looking
for missing parents. All the flags are
half-masted at St. Peter-le-Port.

Up to noon Friday, 120 passengers
had been accounted for, including Mr.
J. Parton and his wife. Mr. Parton is
the manager of the West London of-
fice of the American line.

The steamers Vera and Honfleur are
cruising in the vicinity of the wreck.
MANY BODIES ON THE ROCKS.

Later accounts say that the Stella
had 140 passengers on board, and that
her crew numbered 42 persons. Another
steamer of the same company,
which arrived at the Island of Jersey
at about noon Friday, reported hav-
ing passed many bodies of victims of
the disaster about the Casquet rocks.

A survivor of the Stella named Bush
says the speed of the vessel in the fog
was not diminished, though the fog
whistles were sounded. Bush adds
that at 3.30 a.m., the engineer showed
him in the engine-room a dial regis-
tering a speed of 18 1-2 knots, and that
the vessel struck within 25 minutes
afterwards.

Bush further asserts that two life-
boats were sunk with the steamer,
which after resting on the rocks for
ten or fifteen minutes split in two and
disappeared.

Continuing, Bush said:—"When the
Stella disappeared forty or fifty per-
sons were discovered clinging to pieces
of wreckage or cabin furniture, and
crying piteously for help. All the pas-
sengers and crew had been provided
with life belts, and there was little
panic as the ship sank. I first slipped
into the water and then swam to one
of the boats, into which I was helped.
We rowed supposedly in the direction
of Guernsey, but seven hours later we
found ourselves near the scene of the
wreck, and saw dozens of persons
clinging to the rocks."

The boat in which Bush was a pas-
senger was afterwards picked up by
the Lynx.

The passengers all agree that per-
fect order and discipline prevailed on
board the Stella. The crew promptly
took up their stations when the steam-
er struck, served out the life belts and
lowered the boats. The scene at the
moment of the sinking of the vessel
was heartrending. Women were
screaming and praying and people
were clinging to spars and other wreck-
age in all directions. Those who had
succeeded in getting into the boats had
a narrow escape from being engulfed
on account of the suction caused by
the sinking vessel.

The voice of Captain Rooks from the
bridge was frequently heard urging
the rowers to pull for their lives. The
boats were adrift for fifteen hours,
during which time their occupants
were without food or water, and, as
their clothes were drenched, they suf-
fered greatly.

BRITISH DEFICIT NOT SO BIG.

Is Now Placed at \$5,000,000 Instead of
\$25,000,000.

A despatch from London, says:—The
Pall Mall Gazette asserts that the fore-
casts estimating the budget deficit to
be several million pounds are falsified.
The deficit, the Pall Mall Gazette says,
will probably be less than £1,000,000.

A wealthy gentleman named Tour-
ret was shot dead Friday evening on
the Bois de Boulogne, Paris, by a man
who mistook his victim for President
Loubet.

THE DEFINITION OF FAITH.

REV. DR. TALMAGE PREACHES FROM
A SOLEMN TEXT.

A Plain Statement of Facts—In the Army of Christ—The Physical Consequences of Sin—No Burdens Carried Through the Heavenly Gate—No Sorrow in the Promised Land, No Darkness, No Grief, No Sickness, No Death at All.

A despatch from Washington, says:—Rev. Dr. Talmage preached from the following text:—"He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved, but he that believeth not shall be damned,"—Mark xvi. 16.

It has been a question which I have often asked myself during the last three weeks, why it was that God brought me face to face with death on the Atlantic, and yet brought me back to this people alive. There are some questions of Providence which we cannot answer; but that question I have had no trouble in answering. God led me through that process in order that I might come with a more earnest, intense, consecrated, Christian-like ministry to this people, and may God forbid, that the process should not have its proper effect upon my soul. I have for years had a memorandum-book in which it has been my custom to put down texts of Scripture from which I expected some day to preach. Some of these texts have been in my memorandum-book not preached upon for ten years. Among these is the text from which I speak this morning. I have noticed that the time comes in one's ministry for certain subjects. The Spirit of the Lord God has seemed to say to me that this is the subject I ought now to present to this people: "He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved, but he that believeth not shall be damned." Oh, it is a solemn text—solemn enough for a man to preach his last sermon on. It is a text, the truthfulness of which no one can doubt who believes that Jesus was honest, for they are His own words. It is a text that must reach down to your deepest consciousness, and awake all your anxieties. There is no poetry about it; there is no argument about it. It is a plain statement of the two great, momentous, infinite, eternal facts; and while I read this text it seems as though I heard two gates just shut—the gate of the lost—"He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved, but he that believeth not shall be damned." You see that the text divides all the people in this Tabernacle into two classes—believers and unbelievers. Now, you need not sit back in your seats thinking I am going to give you a dry definition as to what faith is. I have no basket of theological chips to carry to you. Faith is reliance upon the Lord Jesus Christ. It is a feeling of "I can't save myself, but Christ will do it—has done it. I put my whole weight upon His mercy, throwing away all my sins, my doubts, my fears. I accept everything that Jesus has promised to me personally, and everything that he has done for me personally." That is faith I hear some one say, "I don't understand after all what faith is." Don't you? Ten hours of mere human explanation would Bible says faith is the gift of God, and it is in answer to your prayer. He is ready, this moment, to explain it if you will ask for it. Certainly, you are not to expect to ask for that great

lifted the soul from such a depth to such a height. You see the angels before the throne. You will be as pure as the atmosphere they breathe; as free from sin as the God whom they worship. Holy is the Lord God Almighty, and holy all the redeemed who stand around him.

The believers spoken of in the text will also be saved from all toil. With some of you, life is one long scene of weariness. It is work, work, work. You rise in the morning no more rested than when you laid down at night. Blistered hands, faint heads, aching sides, weak back, weary legs, bruised feet, exhausted strength. Sunday is not long enough for you to get the wrinkles smoothed out of your disposition and the strain of life bathed out of your limbs. Manufacturers let the fires go out on Sunday in their factories; but in your minds and bodies the fires of toil never go out. Oh, thank God, there will be a terminus of it. There will be no burdens carried through that heavenly gate. There will be no rushing about of anxious and overwrought men through those streets. There will be no employer thrusting his thumb through the needlework of the overburdened sewing girl. No drudgery, but rest. Oh, you sons and daughters of toil, I congratulate you, if you are children of God, on the coming of a long, glorious, eternal holiday. Heaven must seem a different place, it appears to me, from what it does to other people. There is in this land such a rushing, and jostling, and treading upon one another, that I do not know how some souls will be quiet when they get there. There will have to be a radical change, or they would look upon the river of life as a waste of water power; and be planning some new cornice for the heavenly mansion, or get some new edition of hymns for the redeemed. There are some people so struck through with everlasting fidget, that I cannot imagine them in heaven except rushing up and down in the street, crying: "Get out of my way, or I will run over you!" But one wave of the beautiful serenity will roll over the redeemed, and they will be in the picked company of the universe at rest.

They will also be saved from trouble. What is a tear? You ask the philosopher, and he will tell you it is a drop of limpid fluid secreted by the lachrymal gland. You ask me what a tear is, and I tell you it is sorrow held in solution; it is the language of the world's woe. This is a planet of weeping we are living on. We enter upon life with a cry, and leave it with a long sigh. If I could gather up the griefs of this audience, and put them in one sentence, and then utter it, it would make everything between here and the throne of God shudder and howl. The earth is gashed deep with graves. As at the close of the war, sometimes we saw a regiment of one hundred and fifty men, the fragments of the thousand men that went out; so, as I stand before you, I cannot but realize the fact, that you are the fragments representing thousands of regiments of joyful associates that have been broken up for ever. Oh, this is a world of sorrow! But, blessed be God, there will be no sorrow in heaven. The undertaker will have to have some other business there. In the summer time, our cities have bills of mortality which are frightful—sometimes in New York a thousand deaths in a week. Sometimes it has been two thousand in London; but in that great heavenly city there will be not a single case of sickness or death; not one black dress of mourning, but plenty of white robes of joy; hand-shaking of welcome, but none of separation. Why, if one trouble should attempt to enter heaven, the shining police of the city would put it under everlasting arrest. If all the sorrows of life mailed and sworded under Apollyon should attempt to force that gate, one company from the tower would strike them back howling to the pit. Room in heaven for all the raptures that ever knocked at the gate but no room for the smallest annoyance, though slight as summer insect. Doxology but no dirge. Banqueting but no "funeral baked meats." No

stand together in the tenderest ties of affection will, unless they repent, or this Bible is a lie, pass their eternity in two different worlds; if these accept of Christ, and those refuse Him, they must inevitably part. The text says so. If you persist in your impenitence, you had better neglect everything, and spend all your time together, for you are hastening on towards the forks of the road at which you must part. So what you have to say, say now, or never say at all. A few more days and nights of companionship, and that communication must be ended. If the Bible can be understood in any place, it must be understood in this place. One moment after death has dropped upon you; the arch-angel rising on his throne, rallying all the strength of his existence, could not hinder your fall, or change your destiny, or hinder the separation.

"Oh, there will be parting, parting, parting,
At the Judgment-seat of Christ."

The old people of the Church remember when they used to sing that in olden times. I heard my father sing it—an old tune gone out of date and an old hymn. They who are cast away will go into the companionship of the worst population that have gone out from this earth. There are only two worlds—heaven and hell. The believers have all gone, or will go, to heaven and the unbelievers will go to hell. No compromise of destiny—one thing or the other, just as certain as I stand here, and you sit there. Two worlds! I don't think that in the world of the lost there will be any cell for the thief, or for the unclean one, or for the murderer. I think there will be one vast community of suffering and crime. The most of Sodom will be there; the most of Babylon will be there. The very slums of the earth will empty their population into that place. All the vice of the world, let loose there, will riot, and foam, and fight, and blaspheme. It will be the penitentiary of the universe. If you get in there, you will never get out! and, therefore, it is with so much earnestness I stand here pleading for your life, Oh, to be in such company as that for ever! Believing this, as I do, can I address you in anything but words that come from the depths of my soul? I know that the philosopher of the day has tried to reason this thing out, and rejected the idea, and the doctrine makes people actually venomous. I cannot help it. It is not a fight between men and us; it is a fight between men and God.

If there is a heaven, there is a hell. Those who under that sentence are cast away, will go into pain; I don't say mental, or bodily, or both. I am not now discussing it, but it will be unmitigated torture. There can be no other meaning to these chapters about the never-dying worm, and the endless fire; that must mean torture. Fire is torture. There will be pain—infinite pain. The English language is full of words expressive of suffering—such words as "wretchedness," "heart-break," "pang," "torment," "convulsion," "agony," "despair," "woe." I will make a ladder of these words, each word a round, and let it down into this subject to see if I can measure the depth of sorrow which those will have who reject Christ. I let down the ladder, but it does not touch the bottom. I have stood on cliffs, and I have pushed a rock off, and it has gone tumbling down, and after awhile I have heard, when it struck beneath, the echo come to my ear. At other times, I have stood on a precipice so great, that throwing over a stone, I have listened, but there came back no sound. I could not hear when it struck. So I take these words of which I have just spoken, and I throw them over this precipice, and I listen to hear when they strike the bottom. No echo! No echo! Bottomless! Bottomless! Oh, the remorse and chagrin of one who has had ten thousand opportunities of being saved, and yet feels he is lost. Oh, the weariness of one who has been ten million years in anguish, and yet feels it is only just

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, A

"The Anointing in Bethany."
I. II. Golden Text, Mark 14.

PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 1. Jesus, six days before his own death. It was the evening of Saturday, April 30, after sunset, and therefore the close of the Sabbath; the entry into Jerusalem was made next morning. The passover, hardly remind the student, a great annual festival of the "the feast of unleavened bread" with the formal paschal meal lasting seven days, came to an end. On his way to the feast, from the way of Jericho. He passed by Bethany before the Sabbath. Where Lazarus was which he had raised from the dead. Until now Bethany had been described as the home of Mary, whom Jesus loved, but the greatest and greatest of wonders other things from the historical.

2. There they made him a supper was held, as Matt. 26:17-19 tell us, in the house of the leper, whom we may suppose to have been a kinsman of Lazarus who served. Quite agreeably bustling, practical nature. This suggests, that the feast of the miracle worked up. We catch here a glimpse of household manners of the Jewish nation, with whom men mingled more freely than in antique nations. Verse 2 tel Martha did and what Lazarus did Mary do?

3. Then took Mary a poundment of spikenard. Matt. 26:10-13 tell of the anointing, naming the woman, and the accounts, supplemented by that imply that her coming with the spikenard was unexpected and that this "ointment" was really a perfume. The word indicates a particular kind of perfume; we cannot now be certainly said so. To other incidental in the wealth of the family of the costliness of this perfume added. Mark tells us that carried in an alabaster flask, the case was quite as valuable contents; for this "alabaster" flask and beautiful stone, quarried at Thebes, and of high price. At the feet of Jesus. According to the she broke the flask over his head was the part of servants on special occasions thus to anoint the guests. As hostess, and to show reverence, Mary did it here; apparently took occasion, also, to fume her Master's whole body, his feet. We are not to think such heavy oils as come into domestic use among ourselves which would make clothing unclean and unclean, but of a light perfume which would perfume the whole room almost as soon as the flask was broken; the house filled with the odor of the ment.

4. Judas Iscariot, Simon Iscariot means Kerioth, Judah town, and "Simon's son" is a distinguish him from another disciple named Judas. John 6:71 complaint on Judas; but old grumbled. (See note on vi. 71) Which should betray him. Ward was a traitor.

5. Why was not this ointment Such a question, it has been so much to astonish Mary, and we make her feel guilty. Three pence. The word "penny" here for the denarius of the Roman common sum paid for a workman.

the Lord Jesus Christ. It is a feeling of "I can't save myself, but Christ will do it"—has done it. I put my whole weight upon His mercy; throwing away all my sins, my doubts, my fears. I accept everything that Jesus has promised to me personally, and everything that he has done for me personally. That is faith I hear some one say, "I don't understand after all what faith is." Don't you? Ten hours of mere human explanation would Bible says faith is the gift of God, and it is answer to your prayer. He is ready, this moment, to explain it if you will ask for it. Certainly, you are not too proud to ask for that great boon. I pause in the midst of my sermon to give every man, woman, and child in this house an opportunity of uttering prayer for faith. Let the words be, "Lord, I believe, help Thou mine unbelief." And lest I should make a mistake in regard to my own experience, I pray that prayer for myself: "Lord, I believe, help Thou mine unbelief." Have you all prayed that prayer? You see the text puts you either on the right side or on the wrong side, and I want you all to be on the right side. Faith is sometimes an instantaneous act of the soul. This may be the very minute. Let this be the very second when you do believe. Between everlasting heaven and everlasting hell you may decide as quickly as your watch can tick. There is the promise: "Whosoever cometh unto me, I will in no wise cast out." Throw yourselves flat upon that promise and you are saved. There is one thing, however, to follow, and that is baptism. Oh, you say, "A little water sprinkled upon my face, or my whole body immersed, won't have any effect upon me. I can be a Christian without being baptized." Can you? I can't. Baptism is not water; it is a public acknowledgment of Jesus Christ, and I cannot be a Christian without publicly announcing my faith in Him. I do not say that you cannot. I cannot. Suppose that we were at war with a foreign government, and after five years of struggle it were found in regard to any man that he had not uttered any word of patriotism or loyalty, would you have any faith in his patriotism or loyalty? You would say, "I have seen regiment after regiment go past his door, and he never waved his hat. I have seen flags hoisted in his presence, and he never uttered a huzza." Now, my dear brethren, if we have come under the banner of Jesus, I believe we want to make an expression of loyalty, and when Christ reviews His troops on sacramental day, we will say, "I am in that army, and glad to be in it." Put me down as one of the troop.

"All over glorious is my Lord, He must be loved and yet adored; His worth if all the nations knew. Sure the whole earth would love Him too."

"He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved"—not from the physical consequences of sin. Future repentance of sin will not eradicate those consequences. "His bones are full of the sin of his youth, which shall lie down with him in the dust." Job. xx. II. The Psalmist David repented of his sin, and yet we know how bitter, even to the end of life, were the fruits of his transgression of the Divine laws. Oh, young man, do not think that future repentance and faith will take away the physical consequences of sin. If a man harness a team of fiery passions to his body, he must ride behind them to the spade line of the grave. His soul may escape and be pardoned in this world; but in this world his body cannot escape. My text has reference to the future world: "He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; he shall be saved from all the consequences of sin." The body, reconstructed, will be pure and healthy; the soul will be free; one inhabitant of heaven will never say to another inhabitant of heaven tauntingly: "Why, the last time I saw you, you were in a gambling saloon in Boston, or in a low place in New York. What are you doing here? There will be no reference to the past, save to extol the grace that

but in that great heavenly city there will be not a single case of sickness or death; not one black dress of mourning, but plenty of white robes of joy; handshaking of welcome, but none of separation. Why, if one trouble should attempt to enter heaven, the shining police of the city would put it under everlasting arrest. If all the sorrows of life mailed and sworded under Apollyon should attempt to force that gate, one company from the tower would strike them back howling to the pit. Room in heaven for all the raptures that ever knocked at the gate but no room for the smallest annoyance, though slight as summer insect. Doxology but no dirge. Banqueting but no funeral baked meats." No darkness at all; no grief at all; no sickness at all; no death at all. A soul waking up in that place will say: "Can it be that I am here? Will my head never ache again? Shall I never stumble over a grave again? Will I never say good-bye to loved ones again? Can it be possible that the stream is past, that the bank is gained? that the glory is begun? Show me the temple where I may worship. Show me Jesus that I may kiss His feet." When the clock of Christian suffering has run down, it will never be wound up again. "The Lamb that is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water, and God shall wipe away the tears from their eyes." Oh, I would like nothing else to do from now to the day of my death but to tell the glad tidings of that rest provided for God's people. I love a card a great deal better than I do a dirge. I don't even like minor tunes that have plenty of gladness and that are jubilant. I am a disciple of the sunshine. I like the shutters of my house open, and all the shades up. And yet it would be hypocrisy—it would be cowardice—for me to stand here this morning and tell you one-half of that text and not tell you the other half.

If there is a heaven, there is just as certainly a hell. Suppose I told you on the right side there were flowers and parks, and trees, and beautiful fountains; but I did not tell you that on the other side there were sometimes wild beasts in the jungle, and of precipices off which you might fall—would I do that which is fair? Oh, what would I do in the day of judgment if it were found out that I preached half the truth, and only half? The Bible says: "So shall it be at the end of the world. The wicked shall be severed from among the just, and they shall be cast into the furnace of fire. There shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth, and the smoke of their torment ascended up for ever and ever." This shall be the portion of all who do not believe in Christ. Whatever may have been their outward excellencies of character, and whatever may have been their worldly positions, the text declares: "He that believeth not shall be damned." Those who are cast away under this sentence will go away from the presence of the most lovely being in all this universe. The Lord Jesus Christ they will never see but once, and that on the Judgment-day—the day which will be their eternal discomfiture. That Jesus who stood pleading year after year for their love and faith will turn His back upon them, and pass out of their sight for ever. They will be cast out from the companionship of glorified kindred and friends. The gulf will be fixed—has been fixed. Alas, my dear friends, if you are on one side of it, and father or mother, husband or wife, son or daughter on the other side. There will be no bridge across that gulf. There will be no swimming across it. Your destinies will be widening—they more and more holy, you more and more sinful. Brighter joys hovering over them, thicker darkness frowning upon you. Then you will think of the time when you sat in the house of God together. You will think of the time when you walked the path of life together, when you mingled in the same joys, when you wept over the same graves, and the same invitation struck the ears of both of you at the same time. Oh, it is an overwhelming thought to me that some who now

have pushed a rock off, and it has gone tumbling down, and after awhile I have heard, when it struck beneath, the echo come to my ear. At other times, I have stood on a precipice so great, that throwing over a stone, I have listened, but there came back no sound. I could not hear when it struck. So I take these words of which I have just spoken, and I throw them over this precipice, and I listen to hear when they strike the bottom. No echo! No echo! Bottomless! Bottomless! Oh, the remorse and chagrin of one who has had ten thousand opportunities of being saved, and yet feels he is lost. Oh, the weariness of one who has been ten million years in anguish, and yet feels it is only just begun! Agony, with its face scarred with ages of suffering, lifting up both hands towards the fiery horizon, crying: "The wrath to come! to come! to come!" After millions of ages, some soul says: "Isn't it most gone? Isn't it nearly ended? I can't longer endure it. The harvest is past, the summer is ended, and I am not saved. When will it end?" And a finger of lightning will write on the sky: "For ever!" and the following thunder-peat echo among the crags of death, "For ever!" Oh, those fire-bells will never stop ringing, because the conflagration will never be done. "They shall be punished with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord, and from the glory of His power;" 2 Thess. i. 9. Put it down in your memorandum-books, so that you will see that it is not I but God that says it. Ah, my strength gives way, and my words break down. I can only, my dear hearers, call God to witness that I have this morning told what I think to be the whole truth. I want to save myself, and to save all who hear me. I can't bear the thought that one to whom I have administered the Gospel shall at last miss heaven. If I thought there was one here determined on such ruin, I would come down from this platform, and would seize hold of you and say: "Don't you do it. Jesus wants to be gracious to you. Why will you die when there are so many opportunities for salvation?"

Upon one or the other of these two worlds, I, De Witt Talmage, must soon enter. And you, as certainly. Which shall it be? I am deciding it for myself this morning. My dear brother and sister, I can't decide it for you; you will have to decide it for yourself. Which shall it be? Lord Jesus, which shall it be? Holy Spirit, which shall it be? Oh, you great throng of dying men and women, which shall it be? I take hold of the rope in God's bell tower, and I ring this alarm of warning, and this wedding-bell of love. I run my eye over all these seats, and I can say: you may be saved every one of you. "Look unto me, all ye ends of the earth, and be saved, for I am God, and there is none else."

Don't go away this morning, and say I announced destruction to any one except to the man that went without Christ. If you have not understood before, now, in this closing moment of my discourse, understand me: "Whosoever will," whatever his sin, if he has gone through the whole catalogue—"whosoever will"—I care not what his age may be, if for eighty years he has been steeped in crime—"whosoever will," let him come and take of the water of life freely." Mark this: if you are lost, it is your own fault. Pardon and heaven are offered to all. "He that believeth, and is baptized, shall be saved; and he that believeth not shall be damned."

SMALL ENCOURAGEMENT.

Doubtful Party to gentleman. Can you assist me, sir to a trifle? I'm a stranger in a strange land, 15,000 miles from home.

Gentleman. My goodness! Where is your home?

Doubtful Party. Australia.

Gentleman handing him a copper. How do you ever expect to get back there?

Doubtful Party, balancing the penny. Well, if I don't do better than this, sir, I s'pose I'll have to walk.

ment.

4. Judas Iscariot, Simon's It is generally explained Iscariot means Kerioth, Judas's town, and "Simon's son" is added to distinguish him from another disciple named Judas. John first complaint on Judas; but other grumbled. (See note on verse which should betray him. Who ward was a traitor.)

5. Why was not this ointment Such a question, it has been suggested would astonish Mary, and very make her feel guilty. Three hundred pence. The word "penny" here for the denarius of the Romans common sum paid for a work daily wage." It is not unlikely the penny of the early English of the same relative value, was used by our translators equivalent. But there was no value in old English attached to word "penny." Three hundred ings—from forty-five to fifty of our money, with a purchasing five or six times as great—would represent the sum here mentioned to the poor. While on members that Judas was neither ing for nor spending this lux perfume, one hears an echo words in much modern talk. is not this collection taken for missions instead of foreign missions asks a man who gives nothing to er cause. "The running expenses church are extravagant; better put up a new town pump, or en bed in a hospital, and ecor church expenditure." But whe own pump is put up and the h bed is endowed we find that it w the grumblers who contribute money, but the people who had their financial duty toward church.

6. Not that he cared for the but because he was a thief. money that he could possibly em he wanted to have within his Had the bag. He kept the ch bag in which the treasurer of t the company of "twelve stored. Bare what was put in. Revised Version: "Having bag, took away what was put the Why did Jesus permit Judas treasurer? He gave to Judas, each of the others, the best oppo ties for spiritual growth. J financial abilities were at one best means of grace and his mos gerous temptation. It is alwa Opportunity brings peril.

7. Then said Jesus, Let her This was addressed not only to Others, who cherished no coveto and planned no theft, had, nev less, "murmured" against Mar cause she spent money on sent Matt. 26. 8, 9; Mark 14. 4, 5, fo also, like certain folk now thought such expenditure Against the day of my burying she kept this. Or, "Suffer her t it against the day of my buryin if only a part of the ointme been used, and the rest was to served for the burial. Probably knew no more about the death of Jesus than did the re as true lovers are sure to d builded better than she knew. was no calculation in what she was Judas, not Mary, who kn value of the ointment. She onl that it was all she had to give. are many now of the same u that of the guests at Bethan asked to what purpose is that They see here and there a life given to Christ, and cannot help ing it a mistake, a waste, a loss divine answer is, "Perhaps sacrifice, judged by worldly pr is injudicious, but these have do they could."

8. For the poor always ye hav you. Not, therefore to relieve is a duty that can be any time s ed to; but therefore to relieve th should not depend upon exce gifts or emotions; they are con with you, and you should be con relieving them. The gift of a dollar flask of perfume for their would be as availing as the gift Christmas dinner to all the poe

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

NATIONAL LESSON, APRIL, 9.

Anointing in Bethany." John 12, 11. Golden Text. Mark 14.8.

PRACTICAL NOTES.

1. Jesus, six days before the feast, and therefore six days before his own death. It was probably the evening of Saturday, April 1, A.D. 30, at sunset, and therefore after the close of the Sabbath; the triumphal entry into Jerusalem was made the morning of the passover, we need not remind the student, was the annual festival of the Jews, the feast of unleavened bread, the seventh day of the feast, the formal paschal meal, and seven days, came to Bethany, the way to the feast, from Perea by Jericho. He probably reached Bethany before the Sabbath began. Lazarus was which had been at Bethany. Until now Bethany has been the home of Martha and whom Jesus loved, but this last of the greatest of wonders crowds things from the historian's notice.

here they made him a supper. The upper room was held, as Matthew tells us, in the house of Simon Peter, whom we may suppose to have been a kinsman of Lazarus. Married. Quite agreeable to her practical nature. Lazarus was one of them that sat at the table. He suggests, that the feast was in the evening of the miracle worked upon him. We catch here a glimpse of the easy old manners of the Jews of Palestine, with whom men and women lived more freely than in other nations. Verse 2 tells what Lazarus did and what Lazarus did. Did Mary do?

Then took Mary a pound of ointment of spikenard. Matthew tells of the anointing without the woman, and their act supplemented by that of John, that her coming with the spikenard was unexpected and startling. The ointment was really a distilled oil. The word indicates a very fine kind of perfume; what kind now be certainly said. Very rich.

To other incidental indications of the wealth of the family of Lazarus, the richness of this perfume may be taken.

Mark tells us that it was in an alabaster flask, so that the jar was quite as valuable as its contents; for this "alabaster" is a delicate beautiful stone, quarried near Jerusalem, and of high price. Anointed with the ointment of Jesus. According to Mark, he poured the flask over his head. It was the part of servants on special occasions, thus to anoint the heads of the guests. As hostess, and to show pecuniary liberality, Mary did it herself, and not only took occasion, also, to perfume Master's whole body, even to his feet. We are not to think of any heavy oils as come into frequent use among ourselves, and would make clothing uncomfortable and unclean, but of a light, volatile perfume which would pervade the room almost as soon as the jar was broken; the house was filled with the odor of the ointment.

Judas Iscariot, Simon's son, who generally explained that Judas means Kerioth, Judah's native, and "Simon's son" is added to distinguish him from another Simon named Judas. John fixes this point on Judas; but others also led. (See note on verse 10.) Judas should betray him. Who afterwards was a traitor.

Why was not this ointment sold? A question, it has been suggested, to astonish Mary, and very likely her feel guilty. Three hundred denarii of the Romans, "the sum paid for a workman's wage." It is not unlikely that

great metropolis, such as is annually proposed by some well-meaning organizations. Christmas dinners are well enough, but the poor get hungry three times each day, three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, and what they need is opportunity to support themselves. Me ye have not always. How soon they were to lose him none of them surmised—not even, probably, the traitor.

9 People of the Jews. See our note in the last lesson on John's use of the phrase "Jews"—partly to distinguish residents of Judea from Galileans like himself and hundreds of others who now crowded to the feast, and partly to make the story plain to readers who, Gentiles themselves, knew little about the Jews. They came not for Jesus' sake only. They came from a poor reason, then; nevertheless, it was better they came. Curiosity is not the least of God's angels, but it has been kindled many a soul to the Saviour; even those who come to scoff sometimes remain to pray.

10 Put Lazarus also to death. "We read of no such deep malignancy as this toward the other recipients of our Lord's mercies. Was it a crime to have received such a surpassing benefit? Was it mere envy and rage that one should live to bless so great a benefactor? Not altogether so; but their object was, as we have seen in the case of the blind beggar, John 9:24, at all risks to destroy the credit of our Lord's miracles. The poor beggar's testimony they might affect to despise; but Lazarus was a person of consideration, as is evident from the history, John 11:19, etc.; so that they saw no means of effecting their purpose but by destroying him whose living evidence could not be set aside."—Churton.

SLATIN PASHA RETIRES.

The Khailfa's Old Prisoner About to Leave the Egyptian Service.

Slatin Pasha, one of the most prominent figures in the history of the Egyptian Sudan for the last twenty years, has decided to resign his commission in the Anglo-Egyptian army and return to his home in Austria. With the reconquest of the Sudan he feels that his task is at an end. In September last he witnessed the capture of Omdurman, where he was for eleven years a close captive. He has taken part in the past three years' operations which led to the fall of the Khailfa, and now he intends to retire to the quiet of his native land, after his many years of adventure, peril and hardship in tropical Africa.

A man's life is seldom so filled with vicissitudes as that of Slatin. In all his career in the Sudan he was either the victim of Mahdism or its foe in the field. He had been Governor of the Darfur province scarcely eight months when the stream of Mahdism that had already overrun Kordofan drifted into his territory. He fought the Mahdi until his ammunition was gone and he had lost the most of his troops. Father Ohrwald says that in this campaign with an enemy that outnumbered his force ten to one Slatin was often in the saddle twenty-four hours at a time with little or no food. He slept on the ground beside his native troops, and lived on dhurra soaked in water. His powers of endurance were wonderful, and in action he was most heroic. One day a bullet shattered one of his fingers. He seized the hanging remnant with his other hand, ordered the man standing next to him to cut it off with his knife and then joined again in the fighting. But beyond the reach of all succor, as he was, he could not hold out when troops and ammunition failed him, and he was forced to surrender after twenty-seven hard fights.

Nearly fifteen years ago Slatin was taken into the Mahdi's presence a prisoner. The Mahdi had much respect for brave men and personally treated

Cap and Gloves.

"Oh, yes! And I forgot to tell you. You know your old flame is to be married in a few weeks."

"Is she? Which?"

"You had a good many, hadn't you? Well, guess!"

"Let me see. Madeline Pierce. Oh, you tell me, sis! I'm too tired to guess. That train has shaken me all to pieces in the last fifty miles."

"Well, then, if you're too tired to exert your mind—Edith Barton."

"Oh! And she marries—"

"Bob Bristol, of all men. Old enough to be father, isn't he?"

Cortrell had been away five years and was spending his first long holiday at home with his mother and sister. He had come back, it seemed to him, much more than five years older. There was upon him now the steady pressure of great responsibilities, for he was now a prominent official in a large business enterprise.

All that he saw—even the faces of his mother and sister—reminded him of what he had been, and he found himself, stretched at full length on the couch, wondering how he could ever have been so frivolous, and so joyously careless of consequences in everything, as he had been in the days that now seemed to him to belong to the dim distance of history.

"So women can forget sometimes, you see," said his sister, continuing to talk.

Bob's thoughts were wandering back to the past. Presently he exclaimed somewhat suddenly:

"By jingo, Clara, I believe I have something! Let me see. When do you say Edith is to be married?"

"In about five weeks, I believe."

"I wonder whether I ought to take it to her or send it?"

"Send what? Wedding present?"

"Eh? Yes, of course, I must send a wedding present. I knew Bristol quite well. He's an older man than I am, isn't he?"

That evening Charles Cortrell unpacked a big leather trunk in the privacy of his own room. He took out a tin box that looked as if it had been designed originally to hold cash. He unlocked the box and took out package after package. Last of all, right at the bottom, was some tissue paper, and neatly folded in the tissue paper were a pair of very much faded kid gloves.

Cortrell took out the tissue paper package, replaced the various bundles locked the tin box and sat down to think.

He laid the faded gloves on a little writing table before him, drew up a chair, rested his elbows on the table, and supported his head on his two hands. As the faint odor of the gloves came to his nostrils, a smile, half of amusement, half of tenderness, played over his face.

"But the question, is, how am I to do it?" he said aloud to himself after some minutes of brooding.

The smile on his face grew more and more tender. Presently he sighed, and then spoke again to himself.

"That has nothing to do with it now, old man. That was long ago. Yes, you can't keep these things now. You've got to do it."

Edith Barton certainly had been a little disconcerted when the news came to her that her sweetheart of five years before had suddenly made his appearance in the town just at the time when her engagement to Bristol had been made public.

She was not vividly conscious of any feeling for Charles Cortrell that could have been construed as disloyalty to

and the servant girl in her directed and distinctive manner, announced, "Mr. Bristol."

There was nothing really embarrassing in the situation; the embarrassment was only apparent. The event might have been different if all the persons concerned had looked at the case as it should have been looked at. But, while the girl with characteristic candor, saw only the reality, Cortrell was, for some reason, impressed chiefly by the appearance, Bristol, perhaps naturally, reflected Cortrell's view.

He at once stalked to the table, and lifting the gloves, said, with eyebrows raised, "A present? Won't you let me into your joke?"

"How are you, Bristol?" Cortrell said holding out his hand. "I hope you haven't forgotten me!"

The worst of it was that Edith was still laughing. And there were the gloves. Bristol appeared to think that the situation demanded a display of quiet dignity.

"I remember you perfectly, Mr. Cortrell," he said, bowing slightly. "May I ask again what amuses you so much?"

Edith became serious in a moment, and, as she became serious, she became angry.

"It isn't very much of a joke. Bob," she said, "If you insist on having it, Mr. Cortrell has just found an old pair of gloves of mine and has brought them to me, because it didn't occur to him to put them in the fire, isn't it funny?"

"I hardly think so," Bristol answered. "Perhaps I might appreciate the joke better if I knew where Mr. Cortrell found these gloves."

As Cortrell opened his mouth to make some answer to him, Edith put up her hand.

"This is my business," she said. "I'm afraid you will not have an opportunity of fully appreciating the joke, Mr. Bristol, until you manage to get yourself into a better humor for that sort of thing."

She very carefully folded up the gloves and laid them behind the clock on the mantelpiece, while Cortrell stared at her and Bristol stood biting his nether lip.

Then there was an awkward pause for some moments, until Cortrell said something about going.

"Why, I've hardly had ten words with you yet," Mr. Cortrell, Edith said, with a wicked glance at the other man. "Please don't go yet. Perhaps—perhaps I may find something of interest to show you, if you'll wait a little longer."

"Then perhaps I had better call at some other time," Bristol said.

It was a very awkward situation indeed. Bristol could not stay after this last observation of his, and Cortrell could not run away after Edith's pressing invitation.

Half an hour later Cortrell said:

"What did you mean by saying that you might find something interesting to show me?"

"Did I?" said Edith. "Do you hold me to it? It occurred to me suddenly. Wait here?"

"Do you recognize this?" and she suddenly produced an old, faded red velvet smoking cap, with sides pulled down and an absurd tulle hat on one side.

"By Jove!" Cortrell exclaimed. "Yes," said Edith. "You had to go home bareheaded."

"It was that night, wasn't it, after we had all been to the mill—"

"Remember the water rats?"

"And you would pull off your gloves and try to reach water lilies?"

Edith nodded. "And you wouldn't give them back to me?"

"Jack stole my cap, didn't he?"

"Yes, and I made him give it to me, —to keep in pledge for my gloves."

"When did you find that old cap, Miss Barton?"

"About a week ago," Edith said, looking a little confused. "I didn't know you were coming home then."

"Of course you were going to send it to me?"

"Of course I was."

"By the way, didn't it occur to you to burn it?"

das Iscariot, Simon's son, generally explained that means Kerioth, Judas's native and "Simon's son" is added to show him from another named Judas. John fixes this at on Judas; but others also d. (See note on verse 10.) should betray him. Who after- as a traitor.

ay was not this ointment sold, question, it has been suggested, stonish Mary, and very likely or feel guilty. Three hundred The word "penny" here stands denarius of the Romans, "the sum paid for a workman's age." It is not unlikely that any of the early English was same relative value, hence ed by our translators as an nt. But there was no certain old English attached to the enny." Three hundred shill- on forty-five to fifty dollars oney, with a purchasing power ix times as great—would fair- sent the sum here mentioned, o the poor. While one re- s that Judas was neither pay- or spending this luxurious , one hears an echo of his much modern talk. "Why his collection taken for home instead of foreign missions?" an who gives nothing to eith- . "The running expenses of our are extravagant; better by far a new town pump, or endow a hospital, and economize expenditure." But when the mp is put up and the hospital dowed we find that it was not mblers who contributed the but the people who had done nancial duty toward the

that he cared for the poor; cause he was a thief. Any that he could possibly embezzle ed to have within his reach, e bag. He kept the chest or which the treasurer of the lit- mpany of twelve was Bare what was put there; revised Version: "Having the k away what was put therein." d Jesus permit Judas to be r? He gave to Judas, as to the others, the best opportu- nity for spiritual growth. Judas's abilities were at once his ans of grace and his most dan- temptation. It is always so, nity brings peril.

en said Jesus, Let her alone. s addressed not only to Judas, who cherished no covetousness nnd no theft, had, nevertheless, "murmured" against Mary, be- he spent money on sentiment, 6, 8, 9; Mark 14, 4, 5, for they ke certain folk nowadays, such expenditure crime, the day of my burying hath t this. Or, "Suffer her to keep st the day of my burying," as a part of the ointment had ed, and the rest was to be re- for the burial. Probably Mary no more about the coming f Jesus than did the rest, but, lovers are sure to do, she better than she knew. There calculation in what she did. It das, not Mary, who knew the f the ointment. She only knew was all she had to give. There any now of the same mind as f the guests at Bethany, who o what purpose is that waste. e here and there a life wholly o Christ, and cannot help coun- mistake, a waste, a loss. The answer is, "Perhaps such a e, judged by wordly prudence, icious, but these have done what uld."

the poor always ye have with Not, therefore to relieve them ty that can be any time attend- ut therefore to relieve them one not depend upon exceptional emotions; they are constantly u, and you should be constantly g them. The gift of a fifty- ask of perfume for their relief e as availing as the gift of a as dinner to all the poor in a

He slept on the ground beside his native troops, and lived on dhurra soaked in water. His powers of endurance were wonderful, and in action he was most heroic. One day a bullet shattered one of his fingers. He seized the hanging remnant with his other hand, ordered the man standing next to him to cut it off with his knife, and then joined again in the fighting. But beyond the reach of all succor, as he was, he could not hold out when troops and ammunition failed him, and he was forced to surrender after twenty-seven hard fights.

Nearly fifteen years ago Slatin was taken into the Mahdi's presence a prisoner. The Mahdi had much respect for brave men and personally treated the fallen Governor of Darfur with kindness, but Abdullah, in whose cus- tody he was placed, threw Slatin into prison, where he was kept in chains for about a year. He suffered terribly from hunger and ill-treatment, and was frequently informed that he would soon be put to death. But finally the Khalifa relaxed his severity and told Slatin he might thank his stars that he was a prisoner when Khartoum was taken, for otherwise he would have shared the fate of Gordon.

In the nine remaining years of his captivity, Slatin was always under the Khalifa's eye, and as one of his body-guard it was his duty to render personal service, and he was treated as a servant. He was lodged in a house next to that of the Khalifa, and it was absolutely forbidden him to exchange a word with any one except by permission of his master. Like all the other white prisoners, he was compelled nominally to embrace Mohammedism and unless he had done so he would not have been permitted to live. He was watched so vigilantly that it was extremely difficult for him to escape, and, though, secret agents from Cairo were repeatedly sent to Omdurman to help him to get away, no opportunity promising success presented itself till Feb. 20, 1895, when he contrived to get out of the city in the night to the rendezvous where camels and attendants were waiting for him, and then began the forced marches down the Nile that soon placed him out of reach of the Khalifa's pursuers. He has earned his rest.

DAFFODIL LAND.

An Artist's Description of the Charms of the Scilly Islands.

A letter written by an artist who is painting there gives an enthusiastic description of the Scilly Islands, which have, so far, been comparatively unknown to tourists. Even the English have been slow in realizing the charm of the islands so near their own shores, but it seems that, this spring, many artists have gone to "daffodil land," and the winter exhibitions will probably be flooded with pictures of the islands. Daffodils have always grown in great profusion in the Scilly Islands; February and March are the height of their blossoming time, and, to quote the artist's letter:

"The whole land is a blazing sea of brilliant yellow daffodils, surging up upon gray rocks and falling back in foambursts of white narcissus. Even the tulip fields in Holland don't give such gorgeous effects of color. You should stand on one of the little hills here and look across the sunlit fields if you want to see the loveliest things in the world; yet, sometimes I think the flower-drifted land is more beautiful under moonlight than in the daylight; and, daytime or nighttime, the air is scented as though it blew straight from Araby the blest."

BETTER THAN MEDICINE.

Sympathetic Friend—Your health appears to have improved greatly of late.

Convalescent—Ye-es. I've been off among strangers who didn't eternally talk to me about it.

do it?" he said aloud to himself after some minutes of brooding.

The smile on his face grew more and more tender. Presently he sighed, and then spoke again to himself.

"That has nothing to do with it now, old man. That was long ago. Yes, you can't keep these things now. You've got to do it."

Edith Barton certainly had been a little disconcerted when the news came to her that her sweetheart of five years before had suddenly made his appearance in the town just at the time when her engagement to Bristol had been made public.

She was not vividly conscious of any feeling for Charles Cortrell that could have been construed as disloyalty to her fiancé, but she knew only too well how recklessly tongues will wag in a small town, where each man's—or woman's—business is the business of all, and, considering many things, Cortrell's sudden appearance just then, after a continuous absence of five years might very plausibly be made to bear a significance that would disturb the smooth surface of her engagement. There had been rumors that Mrs. and Miss Cortrell would, some time or other, make their home with Charlie, but no one had expected to see him back in his former home.

Edith sat before the fire two days after Cortrell's arrival, and was meditating over these things, when Cortrell himself was announced. She was looking for a visit, not from him, but from Bob Bristol. Nevertheless she found little or no difficulty in meeting him with conventional ease.

At first, that is. Her old friend—or sweetheart—lost but little time in coming to the particular business of his call, and it certainly startled her a little when he said:

"I am very glad I found you alone." "Glad?" she said. "Oh, yes! It is nice to be able to have a little chat. Tell me about what you have been doing up there."

"I can tell you about that at some other time," said Cortrell. "Just at present I have to discharge a duty. Oh, yes. It wouldn't be right. At least I wouldn't like it if I were in Bristol's place."

"Like what?" said the girl. "This!" And he took a tissue paper packet from his pocket.

Edith opened the packet, wondering. When she saw the old gloves lying there with the marks of wear of many years ago upon them, but also marked with the fold of many other—later—years of careful keeping, a whole procession of memories passed before her mind. She was silent for some moments.

"What ought I to do with them?" she asked. "I don't know. Tell me."

Not the least doubt of it, the whole affair was excessively silly. It was thoroughly in keeping with the rest that now this young woman, on the eve of marriage with another man—a marriage into which no one had forced her—should be looking with pitiful appeal in her eyes and with tears, at a man who had flirted with her five years before. Still, silly as it was, it was so.

Cortrell, on his part, looked extremely uncomfortable. He may have been wishing that he had sent the old gloves by post, or by messenger; but then again he may not have been altogether sorry to see that appealing look and those swimming eyes.

"I—I don't know," he stammered. "Perhaps I ought not to have brought them. But I don't see how I could have kept them, could I?"

"You might have burnt them, mightn't you?" Edith said, with a rather mischievous smile.

"So I might," Cortrell answered quickly. "I give you my word, Miss Barton—I beg you to believe me—I never thought of that."

The manifest sincerity with which this was said, and the ingenious blush that accompanied the explanation were irresistible. Edith burst into a hearty laugh, which Cortrell was not long in taking up. But at that moment the street door was opened, and then the door of the room where these two stood laughing over an old pair of gloves,

we had all been to the min—

"Remember the water rats?" "And you would pull off your gloves and try to reach water lilies."

Edith nodded. "And you wouldn't give them back to me."

"Jack stole my cap, didn't he?"

"Yes, and I made him give it to me, —to keep in pledge for my gloves."

"When did you find that old cap, Miss Barton?"

"About a week ago," Edith said, looking a little confused. "I didn't know you were coming home then."

"Of course you were going to send it to me?"

"Of course I was."

"By the way, didn't it occur to you to burn it?"

They both burst out laughing once more.

As for the story that Bristol and Cortrell had high words after that, and that mutual friends with difficulty prevented them from fighting a duel, their never was anything in it. Bristol was a sensible man at bottom, even though irascible at times. He made some sort of an apology to Edith Barton for his exhibition of temper.

But the Bristol-Barton wedding was postponed in a quiet way. It never came off. The Cortrell-Barton wedding came off instead, though not until a year after the incident of the cap and gloves.

MOST TERRIBLE SNAKE.

If You Kill Its Mate the Hamadryad Will Follow to the Death.

There is only one beast that will track you down to avenge the death of its mate, no matter how far you go, and that is a snake.

Moreover, it is the most terrible of all snakes, and the largest of the poisonous variety. Its name is the hamadryad. A bite from this reptile will kill the strongest man in two minutes, and, of course, there is no remedy. No one bitten by a hamadryad has ever survived. It chiefly belongs to the Far East.

There are generally two hamadryads if there is one, and if you kill one of them the other will be on your track before long in all probability. Short of taking ship across the sea, there is no way of escaping unless you watch for the snake and shoot it. It will follow you for miles for the chance of a stealthy stroke, and you may climb trees or mountains or ford rivers, but there is no way of evading the hamadryad. It is a sort of nightmare hunt to be chased by one, and when the chase begins either one or the other will have to die within a day or so. The mate of the slain snake never makes a mistake, but always kills the slayer of its companion, and him alone. This reptile grows to length of 15 feet sometimes, and is fairly common in Malay and New Guinea. One scratch from its fangs is certain and instant death.

THE LEAST-WORKED OFFICER ABOARD SHIP.

Two Bluejackets were once overheard arguing as to who had the least work to do on board a man-of-war. It's the parson, said one.

"Ow d'ye make that out?" queried the other.

"Cos 'e's got no work to do, and all day to do it in."

You ain't quite got it, Bill, retorted his friend, while an inspired grin illumined his features. It ain't the parson—it's the Cap'n o' Marines.

"Ow's that?"

Wal, as you say, the parson's got no work to do, and all day to do it in; but the Cap'n o' Marines 'as nothin' to do and all day to do it in, and 'as a Lewt'nant o' Marines to 'elp 'im to do it!

LEMON BATHS.

Lemon baths are popular in the West Indies. Three or four lemons are cut up and left to soak in water half an hour. The bath is very refreshing.

Ready-to-wear Clothing.

In this department you will find our stock very complete. The patterns selected are good.

They are well-made and good fitters.

Men's Suits from \$3 to \$10
Boy's Suits from \$2 to \$7

We can show you a nice range of Bicycle Suits and Hose.

In Sweaters we must please you as we have them in a vast number of patterns at all prices.

We will be pleased to show you any of the above lines at any time. You may not require them now but you will know where to find them.

J. L. BOYES,

Clothing, Hats and Caps.

Live Hogs -----Wanted

We are prepared to pay the market price for good live hogs. Call at Our office on market square and get quotations.

DEY & KNIGHT.

CARLETON WOODS.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Roblin, Ont.

JOHN POLLARD,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Express Office, Napanee.
Strictly Private and Confidential.

R. J. WRIGHT,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Bridge Street, opposite West Ward School, Napanee.

RARE TREAT.

In addition to Rev. Harold Bedford Jones' "Tour Through England," in the Town Hall, Friday evening, April 7th, the following ever popular talent will take part Instrumental solo,

Miss Lillian Hall
Vocal solo, - Miss Herring,
Septette, Spanish Serenade,
(in Academic Costume),
Mesdames Burritt, J. Herring,
O. Herring, Herrington,
Messrs. W. S. Smith, Bustin,
J. E. Herring. Remember,
Town Hall, Friday Evening
Admission, 25c.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1899.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50c per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

Wheat Wanted.

J. R. DAFOE is paying 70c for good samples of Spring Wheat, and highest market price for all kinds of grain delivered at big mill, Napanee.

Won the Medal.

At a shooting contest in Belleville on Good Friday "Billie" Ponton won the Reinhardt medal. There were seventeen competitors, Ponton scored eleven points.

Mayor by Acclamation.

At the nomination meeting held in the town hall on Thursday evening last, Mr. T. D. Prun was elected Mayor by acclamation.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. 17-ly

Lost.

Lost on Wednesday between two miles above Shannonyville and Napanee a ladies gold watch; finder will please leave at L.R. Moore's, Shannonyville, or at the Express office, Napanee, will be suitably rewarded.

K. O. T. M. Concert.

A grand entertainment will be given in the town Hall, on Friday, April 21st, under the auspices of the Knights of the Macca-bees. This promises to be one of the finest concerts of the season. Particulars later.

Send no Money.

Any reader of this paper can secure their choice of a Sterling Silver Bracelet, a good Watch or a Solid Gold Ring with a genuine Diamond Setting, by distributing Flower Seed Coupons among their friends and acquaintances. Send your name and address with two 3c Canadian stamps to the American Seed Co., 335 Broadway, N.Y., and you will receive a package of choice seeds, \$1.00 worth of Coupons, and full particulars.

Eye Strain and Wrinkles.

Strange how a woman will go on straining her eyes, producing premature wrinkles and wasting nerve and energy, under the supposition that glasses detract from her personal appearance. In reality glasses positively improve the looks of those with defective eyes. We put beauty in glasses, as well as behind them. Benefit from the experience of others. At the first symptoms of eye strain consult H. E. Smith, the Optician at Smith's Jewellery Store, Napanee.

Don't Miss It. Kirmess

Under the management of Prof. Sheets, Opera House, Friday Evening, 21st April and Matinee Saturday afternoon. Particulars later.

The ladies in charge of the above promise a rare treat.

A Desirable Change.

GENTLEMEN WHO ARE BALD—A great many think it is impossible to replace their former growth; these thoughts would be at once expelled from their minds should they see and investigate the Art Hair Covering manufactured by Prof. Dorenwend, whose skill in this line is world-renowned. Over 36,000 wear his Art Productions. They are feather-weight securely adjusted, durable, and a great protection to the head against cold catarrh, and other ailments, and give a much younger appearance. He is at Paisley House, Napanee, on Wednesday April 19th. Don't miss seeing his goods.

Napanee Bicycle Club.

A number of bicycle enthusiasts met in the Paisley House on Monday evening and

WE GUARANTEE

to save you FROM

20 to 25 per cent. ON PAINT

—at—

THE MEDICAL HALL,

Detlor & Wallace.

Napanee Wood Yard.

Corner Mill and Robinson street, hard, soft, cut, or in cordwood, Trenton dry edgings and blocks. Reasonable rates. A call solicited. Wood delivered free to all parts of the town. S. J. HOWARD. 11

Now is the Time.

To buy a good timer. Watches are dirt cheap just now. Call and inspect out splendid assortment. The cheapest in town. Polite attention whether you buy or not. F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

Ladies, Bear in Mind.

We draw special attention to the visit of Prof. Dorenwend the Paisley House, Napanee, Wednesday April 19th, with a large collection of styles in Hair Goods, such as Ladies' and Gents' Wigs, Toupees, Bangs, Long Switches, etc. His Hair Coverings are worn everywhere, and the satisfaction obtained by those who adopt them, are health, comfort and younger appearance. DON'T MISS this chance. Why look careworn through the loss of Hair when Prof. Dorenwend's Art Goods can improve your looks? He will demonstrate this to every caller free of charge.

Auction Sale.

There will be sold by public auction on the farm and premises of Marshal Schermehorn, south half of lot number 22, in the 4th concession of Richmond, one mile south of Selby, on Monday, 10th April 1899, at 1 o'clock p.m., 7 milch cows, 5 springs calves, 3 horses, 1 brood sow with twelve pigs two weeks old, 100 hens, 1 lumber wagon, three inch tire, 1 platform spring wagon, 1 set light bob-sleighs with box, 1 long sleigh with box, 1 Mann seeder, new, 1 Cossitt reaper, new, 1 Patterson mower, 1 horse rake, 1 roller, 1 Wilkison plow, 1 Ontario plow, 1 gang plow, 1 cultivator, 1 Harrow, 45 tooth, 1 corn cultivator, new, 1 fanning mill, 2 sets double harness, 2 milk cans, a quantity of oats and other grain, and a large quantity of other articles which would be too numerous to mention. Terms of sale: Under \$10.00 cash, over \$10.00 seven month's credit on approved joint notes with interest at 6 per cent
H. W. HUFF, MARSHAL B. SCHERMEHORN, Auctioneer. Proprietor.

Base Ball.

A good sized gathering assembled at the Campbell House on Monday night last and proceeded to organize a base ball club for the coming season. After everybody had become settled Mr. Alex. Lafferty was elected chairman of the meeting and the election of officers and the naming of the club was proceeded with. The following are the officers: President, F. L. Hooper; Capt. Wm. Coates; Manager, Alex. Lafferty; Secretary, Jas. Caniff; Treasurer, S. T. McCoy. The club will be known as "The Crescents" of Napanee. A committee was selected to make arrangements for getting grounds to practice on and also try and secure the park for matches. If everything progresses favorably they will try and get an entrance in the eastern league. Napanee at one time supported a good team and there is no reason why they should not get in the swim again as there is good material in town for a strong team. All they need is the support of the citizens and it is hoped they will get it. As a complete outfit is needed, the club has decided to ask the public for a little financial help, so when any of the members call on you purchase a ticket from them and help the good move along.

Church of S. Mary Magdalene.

The new vested choir appeared for the first time on Easter Day in S. Mary Magdalene's church. There are in the choir fourteen boys and nine men, with an auxiliary choir of twelve female voices. The programme as announced last week was carried out in full, and was well received by the large congregations which

Delays Are Dangerous.

If you are straining your eyes, draining your entire supply of nerve, Our record book contains names of dreds whom we have fitted, who can to the benefits they have received from glasses and to our ability of adapting to their requirements. Sight test F CHINNECK'S Jewelry St

Children Cry for CASTORI

Police Court.

At the Police Court on Wed George Colwell and Fong Sing, a man, were before the magistrate with disturbing the peace. Fong Sing also charged with assaulting Colwell. A number of boys have the habit of annoying the chieftan on Wednesday last they annoyed much that Fong Sing attempted to Colwell. The chinaman was dismissed Colwell was fined \$4 and costs 3 days in jail for raising a disturbance the scrap the chinaman had his broken and Colwell his face scratched

Honor Roll.

S. S. NO. 1 SOUTH FREDERICKSBURG
Easter Exams. Class V Total mark—Ethel Reed 1070, Lawrence Wright 871, (absent for part.)
IV. Sr. Total 1050—Maggie Sand Annie Haight 713, Wilfred Haight Class IV. Jr. Total 850—Bert St 693, Ernest Sanders 644, Arthur R Willie Tibbutt 262, (absent for Mildred Cooper 463, Class III. T—Alma Sanders 503, Delbert Higgin Gilmour Sanders 448, Jessie Higgin Harold Haight 322, (absent for part Cooper 289, (absent for part) Irv 209 (absent for part) Class I Malcolm McKeever, Mabel Sills, C Hines James Hines. Class II J. Phippen, Ida McKeever, Russell I. Pt. II.—Frank Tibbutt, Ira Reed
EMMA ROBERTSON, t

SELBY.

Class V. Total 1100—German 960, Class IV. Total 935—Gertie 823, George Vallean 811, Zetta Limb Harry Dean 659, Willie Bailleance 52 Anderson (absent for all) Class I Total 900—Myrtle Schermehorn 74 Bradshaw 671 Olive Rodinson 626 Clancy 459, Lillie Wood 445. C Total 360—Almir Bradshaw 304, Bailleance 277, Myra Vallean 255 Peters 223, James Haines 161. C Total 220—Mabel Denison 205, C Vallean 200, Lottie Robinson 168. James Robinson 178. Pt. I. In merit—Myrtle Coolidge, Harry Crossley Bradshaw, Melville McC MINNIE ALLEN, tea

PARISH OF ADOLPHUSTOWN

Easter Monday vestry meeting Paul's church, Sandhurst. The meeting assembled and the Rector took the 10 30 o'clock. The following office appointed and elected: Edward F and George Ham, churchwardens, clergyman and people respectively. men, Thos. I. Gurren and Henry S. J. Lay delegates to the synod. Fitchett and I. R. Sills. The complimentary resolutions were Moved by John Fitchett, Seconded P. Claringbold, that the very cordial of this meeting are hereby presented Misses Neilson, daughters of the late Neilson, Esq., for the valuable and some altar and reredos, which now the chance of our church, and also gift of books to our S. S. library.

Moved by Edward Phippen second Thos. Gurren, that the thanks of this ing are given to H. P. Claringbold trouble he has taken to confer an with the subscribers to the vault a he is requested to continue his effort St. Alban's, U. E. L. Church members assembled and the rector i chair at 3 o'clock. Luke Trumpo rector. The following officers appointed or elected: Thomas C clergyman's churchwarden, S. M water, people's churchwarden; Sir Marsh Mallory, Alfred Taverner, Taverner, Harry (Chalmers) Lay D

pri 7th, the following ever
opular talent will take part
nstrumental solo,

Miss Lillian Hall
ocal solo, • Miss Herring,
eptette, Spanish Serenade,
(in Academic Costume),
Iesdames Burritt, J. Her-
ng, O. Herring, Herrington.
lessrs. W. S. Smith, Bustin,
E. Herring. Remember,
own Hall, Friday Evening
dmission, 25c.

Close's Mills grind every day. I have
it in a large pair of scales to weigh loads
and out. JAS. A. CLOSE.

It is stated in Brockville that Dr. V. H.
ore has been announced as the Conserva-
tive candidate and has begun canvassing.

Picton market tolls have been leased to
r. D. R. Ellsworth, the price this year
ill be \$229.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Close's Mills grind every day. I have
it in a large pair of scales to weigh loads
and out. JAS. A. CLOSE.

The annual examination of candidates
d probationers of the Bay of Quinte Con-
rence will take place in the Methodist
urch Stirling, commencing on Tuesday
pri 18 at 10 a. m.

The Ogdensburgh N. Y., News is author-
y for the statement that the R. & O.
avigation Company has purchased the steamer
Aclemena, which did excursion
usiness on the St. Lawrence last summer.

Mr. Marshall Schermerhorn, of Rich-
ond has sold his 100 acres farm to Thos.
lanion for the sum of \$4,000. He will
old a sale of his farm stock and imple-
ments on Monday. April 10th at 1 p. m.

The Ontario Government has decided
that the \$50 000 appropriated for refore-
ry will be used in the townships of Palm-
erton, Barrie, Clarendon, and Abinger in
he counties of Addington and Frontenac.

Pimples on the Face.—can be cured in 3
ays by the use of Dr. Agnew's Ointment.
However impossible this may seem, a few appli-
cations will convince. Many are cured who
have been disfigured for years. Try it to-day.
old by W. S. Dettlor.

Dont Tell Anybody. If no one tells
ou about it, you would hardly know there
as cod-liver oil in Scott's Emulsion, the
aste is so nicely covered. Children like it
and parents don't object.

Hulett has a quantity of picture mould-
ing and frames, slightly damaged by smoke
nd water, that he is selling very cheap.
Come at once to secure bargains. Every-
thing must be sold within a few days.

The chairman and board of investiga-
ing governors of the Royal Canadian
umane Association have unanimously
warded a medal to Nellie Goodwin, of
North Marysburg, Prince Edward county,
or presence of mind and conspicuous
ourage in saving Pearl Walmsley from
rowning on January 18, 1899

Apt Quotations. Proverbs, axioms
nd wise sayings have been uttered
y Confucius and other wise men from
ime immemorial, but few people realize
ow many there are of them. C. I. Hood
& Co., of Sarsaparilla fame, have over two
ousand and they have originated the
ngenious plan of serving them up in delect-
ible shape in thousands of newspapers.
With each one neatly turning a point as to
he merit of their well known medicine.
The extensive use of these proverbs is
riginal and creditable to C. I. Hood & Co.

G. W. THEXTON,
DESIGNER AND BUILDER
of High Speed Yachts, Steam and
Sail. Launches, Rowing and Sail-
ing Skiffs, Canoes, Shooting and
Fishing Boats.
SHOP.—West of Reinder Dock.

er growth; these thoughts would be at
once expelled from their minds should
they see and investigate the Art Hair
Covering manufactured by Prof Doren-
wend, whose skill in this line is world-
renowned. Over 36,000 wear his Art Pro-
ductions. They are feather-weight sec-
urely adjusted, durable, and a great pro-
tection to the head against cold catarrh,
and other ailments, and give a much
younger appearance. He is at Paisley
House, Napanee, on Wednesday April 19th.
Don't miss seeing his goods.

Napanee Bicycle Club.
A number of bicycle enthusiasts met in
the Paisley House on Monday evening and
formed the Napanee Bicycle Club. The
following officers were elected: president,
W. H. Boyle; secretary, F. W. Scott;
Treasurer, E. J. Pollard; Capt., F. Lee;
Lieut., Ed. Huff; Bugler, F. O'Neill;
Standard Bearer, P. Huffman. Messrs.
Boyle, Scott, Lafferty, Normile and Huff
were appointed a committee to meet com-
mittee from Belleville, Trenton, Picton and
Deseronto with reference to forming a
Quinte League to hold road races and
meets during the coming summer. A full
attendance of wheelmen is requested to
meet at the Paisley House on Monday
evening next to hear the report of the com-
mittee and arrange for a good summer's
sport.

Good, Very Good,
Was the address delivered to a full house
in the town hall, on Monday evening last,
by Prof. Fletcher, of the Dominion Experi-
mental Farm, on the care of house plants.
All lovers of flowers who had the gratifica-
tion of being present, must have been
pleased. There was one thing we liked
about the professor, he called English
flowers by English names, ignoring entirely
the affectation of the American in so
changing the pronunciations as to render
the names almost unrecognisable. The
professor dwelt largely upon the processes
and conditions desirable to produce good
flowering plants, and then gave a list of
useful flowers suitable for culture in the
house. The address was enlivened by
singing and music, in which Misses Scott,
Herring, Bennett and Neilson, Mrs. F. E.
Vanluven and Master Harry Bristol took
part. Mr. French made an excellent chair-
man.

Political Cartoons.
The Montreal Daily Star is publishing
a set of cartoons entitled "The Bytown
Coons" that are attracting world-wide
attention. They are unquestionably the
most artistic production of the kind that
have ever appeared in any paper in Canada.
Although for the most part they are skits
on the Ministers, the members of the Cab-
inet have laughed over them to their heart's
content as being full of humour as no
cartoons of the present day have. Sir
Richard Cartwright and Sir Henri Joly
have been particularly amused by these
striking caricatures and have looked for-
ward with keenest interest to every new
issue. The demand for the Star with
these cartoons has been beyond the pub-
lishers' ability to supply and by special
request the entire set of cartoons are being
published on fine paper under special cov-
ers to meet the demand. The publishers
are letting the public have them complete
for ten cents, as far as the supply will go.
The sum of ten cents in stamps or silver
sent to the publishers of the Montreal Star
will, we understand, secure a complete set
of the Bytown Coons as they are now pub-
lished. The Bytown Coons, have already
had a circulation of upwards of a million.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Prof. T. W. Wilmot, organist of Christ
Church, was married in Christ Church,
Belleville to Miss Ella May Elliot, daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. A. Elliot, of Belleville, on
Tuesday, by Rev. C. H. J. Hutton.

**Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Min-
utes.**—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart
gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or
Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and
speedily effects a cure. It is a powerful remedy
for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smother-
ing Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms
of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces.
Sold by W. S. Dettlor.

they need is the support of the citizens and
it is hoped they will get it. As a complete
outfit is needed, the club has decided to ask
the public for a little financial help, so
when any of the members call on you pur-
chase a ticket from them and help the good
move along.

Church of S. Mary Magdalene.
The new vested choir appeared for the
first time on Easter Day in S. Mary Mag-
dalene's church. There are in the choir
fifteen boys and nine men, with an
auxiliary choir of twelve female voices.
The programme as announced last week
was carried out in full, and was well
received by the large congregations which
assembled both morning and evening. At
Evensong the service was fully choral. By
the kindness of Mr. F. W. Hart a grand
upright piano was placed in the chancel
and the effect was almost equivalent to an
orchestral accompaniment. The following
is the list of chorists (Deani)—Masters
Hart, Bartlett, Shorey, Herring, Minchin-
ton, Leonard and B. Caniff, (Cantons)
Pruyn, Holmes, Bristol, Dredge, Loynes,
Gault and F. Caniff, (Tenore) Messrs. J.
E. Herring, French, Clarke and Justin.
(Bass) Messrs. O. L. Herring, Hart, Park-
inson, Roger and Hill. The Easter ser-
vices will be reproduced on Sunday next,
when the sermons at both services will be
delivered by the Rev. Professor Bedford
Jones, of Trinity College, Toronto. Cele-
bration at 8 a. m., Matins and Litany
11 a. m., Evensong (Choral) 7 p. m. The
annual Easter vestry meeting was held
(pro forma) on Monday evening, adjourned
till Monday, April 10th, at 7 30 p. m. The
offerings in Easter Day amounted to
nearly \$90.

THE PONTON CASE.

The Crown's motion to change the venue
in the next trial of W. H. Ponton from
Napanee to some more desirable place in
the view of the law officers, came before
Mr. Justice Robertson, at Osgood Hall, on
Saturday. The case was again adjourned
for one week owing to the defense not being
ready.

The Kingston Times says:—Ponton has
handed over the Toronto side of his case to
Beatty, Blackstock & Co. Among those
who made affidavit that the trial should be
postponed because of the state of feeling in
Napanee was Hector Charlesworth, of the
Mail & Empire staff, who had "been
threatened because he did not color his
reports in favor of Ponton." Mr. Charles-
worth gave an incorrect reason. It was
not because he did not give reports favor-
able to either Ponton or Mackie, but be-
cause he so highly colored his report in
favor of the prosecution. Of all the papers
represented at the trial, the Mail & Em-
pire's account was the most unfair towards
the prisoners. This is not to be wondered
at, for during the preliminary hearing in
August, the Mail representative was a boon
companion of the imported sleuth Wilkes.
Henry Holden and George E. Pare, the
two confessed robbers, consented through
High Constable Sills to any change the
Crown might think it.

While the \$50,000 suit of W. H. Ponton,
of Napanee, against the Dominion Bank
has been heard and dismissed, there is still
pending at Osgood Hall a motion to stay
the trial of the action. C. J. Holman for
Ponton appealed from an order of Armour,
C. J., in Chambers' reversing an order of
the local master in Belleville, which post-
poned the action against the bank until the
criminal action had been disposed of. The
appeal was dismissed on Tuesday.

A. S. Kimmerly has just received a full
car of Timothy Seed. Plenty of Bran and
Shorts always in stock, Western Corn 50c.
per bushel, all kinds garden and field seed
in stock, 7 lbs. Sulphur 25c., Paine's Celery
Compound 85c. per bottle, 20 lbs. Prunes
\$1. Our Flour beats all others. Try our
25c Tea.

Our Electric Toothache Drop
an instant cure for toothache an
neuralgia. It will not injure the teeth
in any way, and when rubbed on the
gums or applied on saturated cotton to
the cavity, it will be found invaluable
for the relief of this affliction.
Dettlor & Wallace.
THE MEDICAL HALL.

some altar and rerod, which now a
the chancel of our church, and also fi
gift of books to our S. S. library.

Moved by Edward Fhippen second
Thos. Gurren, that the thanks of this
ing are given to H. P. Claringbold fi
trouble he has taken to confer and
with the subscribers to the vault and
he is requested to continue his efforts.
St. Alban's, U. E. L. Church.
members assembled and the rector loc
chair at 3 o'clock. Luke Trumpou
retary. The following officers
appointed or elected: Thomas Cha
clergyman's churchwarden, S. M.
water, people's churchwarden; Side
Marsh Mallory, Alfred Taverner,
Taverner, Harry Chalmers; Lay Del
to the synod, I. F. Chalmers; Anc
Fred Murray and I. F. Chalmers.

It was shown in the churchwa
statement that the ladies had rais
their efforts over \$110 during the
which had been expended on furna
provements.

The following complimentary reso
was passed:

Moved by D. W. Allison, and sec
by S. M. Outwater, that the thanks o
meeting are hereby tendered to V
Chalmers for his valuable and suc
efforts during the year as churchw
to improve the finances of the church
that we wish him prosperity in the
West.

Ladies of the congregation were pr
at the vestry meeting, and took part i
proceedings for the first time.
presence was welcomed.

At a meeting of the Kingston Police
missioners on Tuesday, Major Bailli
appointed Chief-of-Police, of Kin
The appointment gives general satisf

The vested choir of S. Mary Magda
Church spent an enjoyable evening
basement of the church on Tuesday
ing last. Games and refreshments
indulged in and all enjoyed themse
mensely until about 10 o'clock when
returned to their respective homes. I
the evening a flashlight photograph
choir was taken.

Hats

We are sole agents for
Wilkison and Carter,
no better Hats are m

Shirts

We are showing a
handsome line of Col
Good, and also the CE
BRATED KING SH

Suitings and Overcoatings.

We are showing the f
range of Spring Suit
and Overcoatings we
had, Imported dir
by us from London
Glasgow.

**D. J. Hoga
& SON.**

Are Dangerous.

are straining your eyes you are
your entire supply of nerve energy.
ord book contains names of hun-
hom we have fitted, who can testify
enefits they have received from our
and to our ability of adapting them
requirements. Sight tested free.
F CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

Children Cry for ASTORIA.

Court.

he Police Court on Wednesday,
Colwell and Fong Sing, laundry-
ere before the magistrate charged
sturbing the peace. Fong Sing was
harged with assaulting George

A number of boys have been in
it of annoying the chinamen and
nesday last they annoyed them so
at Fong Sing attempted to obstinate

The chinaman was dismissed and
was fined \$4 and costs or thirty
jail for raising a disturbance. In
ap the chinaman had his finger
and Colwell his face scratched.

Roll.

r. NO. 1 SOUTH FREDERICKSBURG.

r Exams. Class V Total marks 1800
Reed 1070, Lawrence Wright 1022,
right 671, (absent for part.) Class
Total 1050—Maggie Sanders 836,
Haight 713, Wilfred Haight 673.
v. Jr. Total 850—Bert Sandwith
est Sanders 644, Arthur Reed 570,
Tibbitt 262, (absent for part)
Cooper 463. Class III. Total 651
Sanders 503, Delbert Higgins 452,
Sanders 418, Jessie Higgins 392,
Haight 322, (absent for part) Birdie
289, (absent for part) Irvin Reed
sent for part.) Class II. Sr.
McKeever, Mabel Sills, Clement
James Hines. Class II. Jr.—Jennie
Ida McKeever, Russell Cooper.
—Frank Tibbitt, Ira Reed.

EMMA ROBERTSON, teacher.

SELBY.

V. Total 1100—German Vallean
ss IV. Total 935—Gertie Dafee
rge Vallean 811, Zetta Limbert 757,
ean 659, Willie Bailleance 528, J. B.
n (absent for all) Class IV. Jr.
0—Myrtle Schermehorn 747, Cora
w 671, Olive Rodinson 626, Jessie
459, Lillie Wood 445. Class III.
30—Almir Bradshaw 304, Myrtle
277, Myra Vallean 253, Nile
223, James Haines 161. Class II.
20—Mabel Denison 205, Oakland
200, Lottie Robinson 168. Pt.—
Robinson 178. Pt. I. In order of
Myrtle Coolidge, Harry Rikley,
Bradshaw, Melville McCormick
MINNIE ALLEN, teacher.

ISH OF ADOLPHUSTOWN.

Monday vestry meetings. St.
urch, Sandhurst. The members
d and the Rector took the chair at
lock. The following officers were
d and elected: Edward Phippen
rge Ham, churchwardens, by the
an and people respectively. Sides-
os. I. Gurren and Henry Sperring,
y delegates to the synod—John
and I. R. Sills. The following
entary resolutions were passed.
by John Fitchett, Seconded by H.
gbold, that the very cordial thanks
ecting are hereby presented to the
eilson, daughters of the late Robt.
Esq., for the valuable and hand-
ar and reredos, which now adorn
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iban's, U. E. L. Church—The
s assembled and the rector took the
3 o'clock. Luke Trumpour, sec-
The following officers were
d or elected: Thomas Chalmers,
an's churchwarden, S. M. Out-
ople's churchwarden; Sidesmen,
Mallory, Alfred Taverner, John
r. Harry Chalmers; Lay Delegates

EASTERTIDE

Brought with it to the Big Store many
magnificent bargains in goods for Easter and
spring time wear. The fact that these goods are
going at the low standard of prices initiated with
the great Lahey & McKenty Bankrupt Stock Sale
has created much interest among the buying
public, and wise shoppers are not slow in taking
advantage of this golden opportunity to purchase
their present and spring time needs. The attrac-
tion of unusual cheapness lies in the following
items, but, cheap as they are, we would not call
your attention to them if it were not that they are
all seasonable, serviceable, first-class goods of merit and desirable:—

1000 yards of Dress Goods, 44 inches wide, in colored Serges, Plaids, Fancy Shot
Effects, Cheviots, etc., regular 50c. goods, all to go on sale Saturday morning at eight
o'clock, at, per yard 24c. New Silk Finish Henriettas in all the popular shades,
45 inches wide, regular 75c. line, our price, per yard, 48c.

54 inch Dress Cloths, in the new blues, Sedan, Kitchner, Dewey, etc., at per
yard 75c., \$1.00 and \$1.50.

We have a particularly fine assortment of Black Dress Goods, in all the new
weaves, from two of the best makers in the world—the Great Gold Medal and
Priestly & Sons, of Bradford, England. The manufacturers of these goods guarantee
that they are made from the finest wool, and dyed by special process, which gives the
fabrics more durability, softer finish, and better wear. Our Seabelle Serges in black
and Navy are the best on earth, per yard, 50c and 75c.

Ladies' Blouses—another large shipment to complete our big stock has
arrived. Everybody pronounces ours the nicest styles and prettiest patterns in town.
You can buy 'em at from 49c to \$1.50c

Great Spring-Time Clothing Sale

Easter ushered Spring into our midst. Start the season with a new Suit and
Overcoat. Necessity and opportunity now go hand in hand. To have a new Suit and
Overcoat for the season is the necessity. Our sale of fine Ready-to-Wear Spring Suits
and Overcoats, and Clothing to order at about half price, furnishes the opportunity.
Profit by the coincidence. With the passing of Easter, home decoration demands
the attention. You tested our readiness last week in goods for Easter wear. We are
just as ready this week with upholstery-goods. Our carpet department contains a large
stock of choice new goods, at prices decidedly interesting to home-decorators. New
Rugs, Chenile and Lace Curtains, Table Covers, Art Blinds and Curtain Poles, etc.

Remember the Dress Goods Sale

Saturday will be a great day at the Big Store.

LAHEY & CO.

OBITUARY.

CARRIE JOY.

Miss Carrie Joy, daughter of Mr. Wild-
er Joy, passed away at her home, New-
burgh Road on Thursday, aged 40 years.

Magnificent Results
at Small Cost.

Church of England Notes.

PARISH OF ADOLPHUSTOWN—Service Sun-
day 9th. St. Paul's, Sandhurst, at 10 30;
St. Alban's, Adolphustown at 3

LAHEY & CO.

OBITUARY. CARRIE JOY.

Miss Carrie Joy, daughter of Mr. Wilder Joy, passed away at her home, Newburgh Road on Thursday, aged 40 years, 2 months and 12 days. The deceased was a very estimable lady and much respected by all who knew her. The funeral takes place to-day, Friday, at 3 o'clock p.m. to Eastern Cemetery.

HENRY C. PERRY.

Last Friday morning Mrs. W. R. Gordanier received sad news of the death of her brother Henry C. Perry, at Peoria, Kansas. Deceased was a son of the late Daniel W. Perry one of the early pioneers of Fredericksburgh township and left here when a young man to seek his fortune. He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss.

JOHN HANLAN.

One by one the old landmark's are passing away. On Saturday last another one, in the person of Mr. John Hanlan, of Adolphustown, passed away, amid sorrowing relatives and friends to that great beyond from which no traveller returns, at the ripe old age of 73 years, 1 month and 7 days. Deceased was born in Ireland, in the county of Louth, and came to this country about 50 years ago, settling in Adolphustown where he has resided continually until his death. Before coming to this county he was united in marriage to Miss Catherine Mellow. Their union was blessed with nine children, seven sons and two daughters. The sons are: James, ex-councillor of Adolphustown; John, who has resided in the west for the past fifteen years; Michael, who is in the livery business in Winnipeg; Joseph, implement agent in Washington Territory; Patrick, a farmer at St. Lawrence, New York State; Peter, who resides on the homestead and Thomas, who died about twelve years ago. The two daughters are: Mrs. Alfred Doctor, of St. Lawrence, New York, and Mary Ann, unmarried. His first wife died about twenty-five years ago and he again took unto himself a wife in the person of Miss O'Drain, of Amherst Island. Deceased had been ailing all winter the result of a rupture, and on account of his advanced age was unable to undergo an operation. He was attended by Drs. Vrooman and Leonard, of Napanee and Dr. Northmore, of Bath. The funeral which took place on Tuesday last to the R. C. Church, was largely attended showing the esteem and respect in which deceased was held by his many friends and relatives. Rev. Father Hogan conducted the services. Deceased was a staunch Reformer and took an active part in politics up to within a short time of his death. The bereaved family have the sympathy of the whole community in their bereavement. The following gentleman acted as pall bearers: J. B. Allison, of Adolphustown; James McCarthy, Marshall Davis, and James McCrouden, of Fredericksburgh.

Mr. W. Boulter, of Picton, left on Tuesday, March 28th, for England. He took with him two car loads of horses (36) for London. He also takes with him a car load of canned goods, also destined for London.

The next "At Home," under the auspices of S. Mary Magdalene's guild, will be given by Mrs. J. E. Herring and Mrs. O. L. Herring, to take place at Mrs. J. E. Herring's, on Wednesday afternoon next, the 12th instant, from 4 to 6 o'clock. All gladly welcome.

Vim
Dr. Ward's
Blood & Nerve
Pills.
FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

Magnificent Results at Small Cost.

Diamond Dyes Guarantee Success.

Diamond Dyes are without exception the grandest home agents for money saving. Many a woman with one or two ten-cent packages of these dyes has dyed her old dress a beautiful and fashionable color, so as to save the expense of a new one. Old clothing can be made over for the little ones, and by dyeing it with Diamond Dyes no one would recognize that the dresses and suits were not new. Diamond Dyes are a guarantee of perfect work and satisfaction when the simple directions are followed.

Insist upon getting Diamond Dyes every time you buy, as inferior and adulterated dyes are sold by some dealers.

The report that a case of smallpox was discovered in Kingston last week and which caused quite a scare turned out to be a severe case of chickenpox. The following story is the result of the scare: "The report of small-pox in the city yesterday had its effect. A delivery man of Dutch descent was sent with a small box to a residence, and on receiving an answer to knock at the door, said: 'Madam I have a small pox for you.' The door was immediately closed as the lady was heard to exclaim: 'Get away from here I want nothing to do with small-pox.—Whig.

The 1899 Seed Store

All kinds of field and garden seeds. Also the Belleville Canning Co.'s seeds.

For sale at the old stand.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
South Side Dundas street,
NAPANEE.

Church of England Notes.

PARISH OF ADOLPHUSTOWN—Service Sunday 9th. St. Paul's, Sandhurst, at 10 30; St. Alban's, Adolphustown at 3.

PARISH OF CAMDEN—Services Sunday next. St. Anthony, Yarker, morning prayer, holy communion 10:30; St. John, Newburgh, 3 o'clock; St. Luke, Camden East, 7 o'clock; St. Jude, Napanee Mills, 7 o'clock.

ODESSA

Mrs. N. Hicks, Wilton Road, has traded her farm for a residence on Factory Street North.

William Clark, our enterprising barber, will reside on Centre street in the future.

Sidney Silver has purchased the village property, on Main St., next to Watts & Jones' carriage factory. The price paid being six-hundred dollars.

Thomas Graham, Quabia road, wears a broad smile. It is twin girls. James Aylesworth, reported in last week's issue ill at the Dominion House, is convalescent.

Fred Hicks and wife, will go to St. Catherine's in a few days, where they will reside.

Mr. S. D. Clark is reported much better. Hopes are entertained of his recovery.

On Sunday last the remains of Mrs. Donnelly, an old resident of this place was borne to their last resting place. She had been suffering for some time with consumption.

Our enterprising cheese maker, William Dougherty, commenced work in the new butter factory on Monday.

Buying a pig in a poke has never been considered good business. Buying a bicycle that you know nothing about is something dangerous. When you buy a bicycle from us you get one made at home all throughout, not just put together but made. Every part turned from solid steel, and backed by a guarantee that is worth something. **BOYLE & SON.** Agents for Cleavelands, Perfects, Dominions and Chainless.

1899. 1899.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

We are showing a special line of Fancy Worsted Suitings fresh from the European markets, which we are offering at a very low figure, the values never having been equalled in Napanee. Also a full range of Allaway Scotch Tweed, in fashionable "Herring Bone" Stripes for both Suits and light spring Overcoats.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated Sarsfield Irish Serges.

Remember, no old stock to select from. Everything new and up-to-date.

First-class workmanship and very latest styles guaranteed. A call solicited.

J. A. CATHRO, THE TAILOR

of our church, and also for the to our S. S. library. y Edward Phippen seconded by ren, that the thanks of this meet- en to H. P. Claringbold for the has taken to confer and settle abscribers to the vault and that ed to continue his efforts. an's, U. E. L. Church—The ssembled and the rector took the o'clock. Luke Trampour, sec- The following officers were or elected: Thomas Chalmer, 's churchwarden, S. M. Out- ple's churchwarden; Sidesmen, ally, Alfred Taverner, John Harry Chalmers; Lay Delegates od, I. F. Chalmers; Auditors, ay and I. F. Chalmers. shown in the churchwarden's that the ladies had raised by ts over \$110 during the year, been expended on furnace im- s. wing complimentary resolution l; by D. W. Allison, and seconded utwater, that the thanks of this e hereby tendered to Walter for his valuable and successful ring the year as churchwarden the finances of the church, and sh him prosperity in the North

of the congregation were present ry meeting, and took part in the s for the first time. Their s was welcomed.

eting of the Kingston Police Com- on Tuesday, Major Baillie was Chief-of-Police, of Kingston. nment gives general satisfaction.

ted choir of S. Mary Magdalene's ent an enjoyable evening in the of the church on Tuesday even- Games and refreshments were a and all enjoyed themselves im- until about 10 o'clock when they o their respective homes. During g a flashlight photograph of the taken.

Hats

are sole agents for the ilkison and Carter, and better Hats are made.

Hirts

are showing a very ndsome line of Colored od, and also the CELE- RATED KING-SHIRT.

Suits and Overcoatings.

are showing the finest nge of Spring Suitings d Overcoatings we ever d, Imported direct us from London and asgow.

J. Hogan & SON.